



Ashra

- Project and Achievements -

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Pioneering Air-light Imaging Detector *Ashra*
All-sky Survey High Resolution Air-shower detector

High Resolution “Simultaneous” Monitor for Cherenkov, fluorescence, and star lights

Standard AS detectors

The diagram illustrates the four types of detectors used in standard Air-light Imaging Detectors (AS). It shows an air shower particle hitting the atmosphere, which then triggers a fluorescence detector (represented by a hexagonal grid). Below, a Cerenkov detector (a spherical mesh) and a ground array detector (represented by three green shapes) are shown.

Concept of Ashra Main station

The conceptual drawing shows the Ashra Main station as a large, modular cylindrical structure. It has several circular windows and a central entrance. The surrounding landscape includes hills and a body of water under a dark sky.

Main Station = “compound eye” with a few arcmin resolution covering 5 sr (80% of full sky) with 12 “eye segments”



Brief History

- FY2002 Started the Collaboration and R&D
- FY2003~ Main part of Ashra-1 funded \$5M for 3 years
 - FY2003 Developments
 - FY2004 Test Observation @ Haleakala
 - FY2005 Construction @ Mauna Loa
(Land usage permitted in July)
- FY2006 Under construction
Started Pilot Observation for opt. transients and VHE γ .



Objectives

Cosmic Ray Astronomy
Optical / TeV γ Transients
TeV γ sky map
Earth / Mountain Tau Neutrino



Cosmic Ray Renaissance

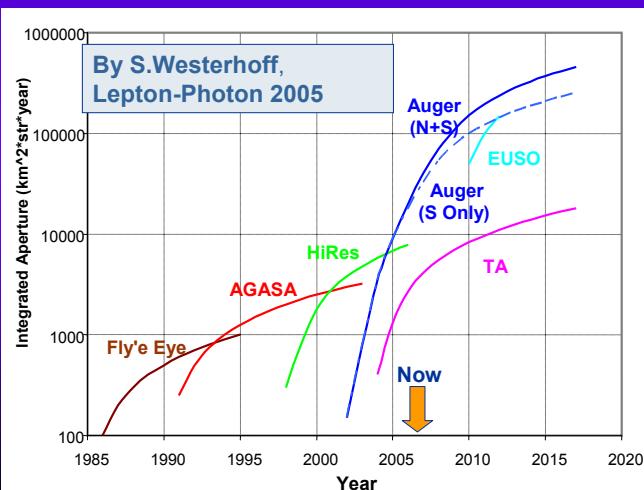
- **Discovery of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray?**
 - AGASA discovery vs HiRes denial => Auger resolution
- **New Step of Gamma Ray Astronomy**
 - Fascinating Gamma Ray Bursts
 - H.E.S.S. IACT Activity (Morphology, Survey, ...)
- **Approach to High Energy Neutrino Detection**
 - IceCube in the South Pole

Ashra Unique Point:
What is our choice?
⇒ What is the expected fruit?



Cosmic Ray Renaissance

- **Discovery of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray?**
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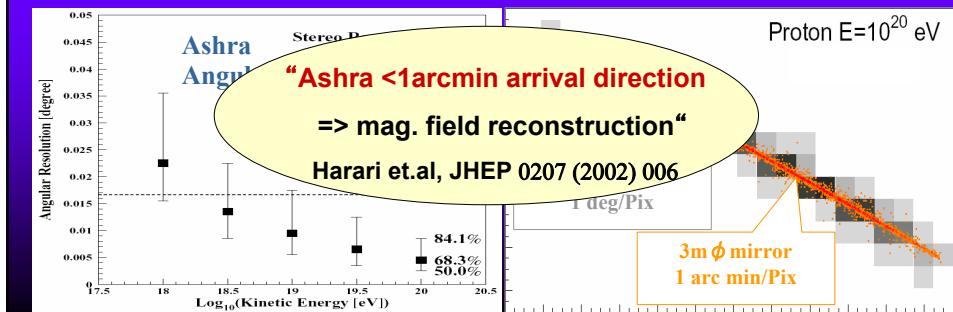


Cosmic Ray Renaissance

- **Discovery of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray?**

– AGASA discovery vs HiRes denial => Auger resolution

Ashra Unique Point:
Precise Determination of Arrival Direction ~ 1 arcmin
=> Cosmic ray source ID
=> Cosmic ray astronomy



Cosmic Ray Renaissance

- **Discovery of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray?**

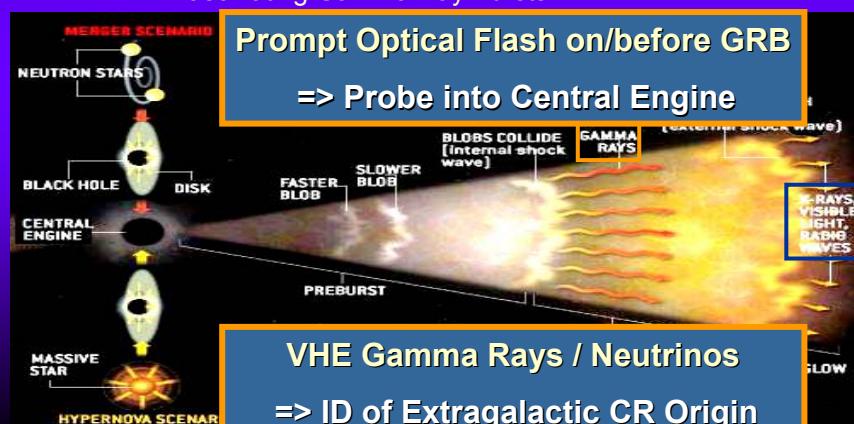
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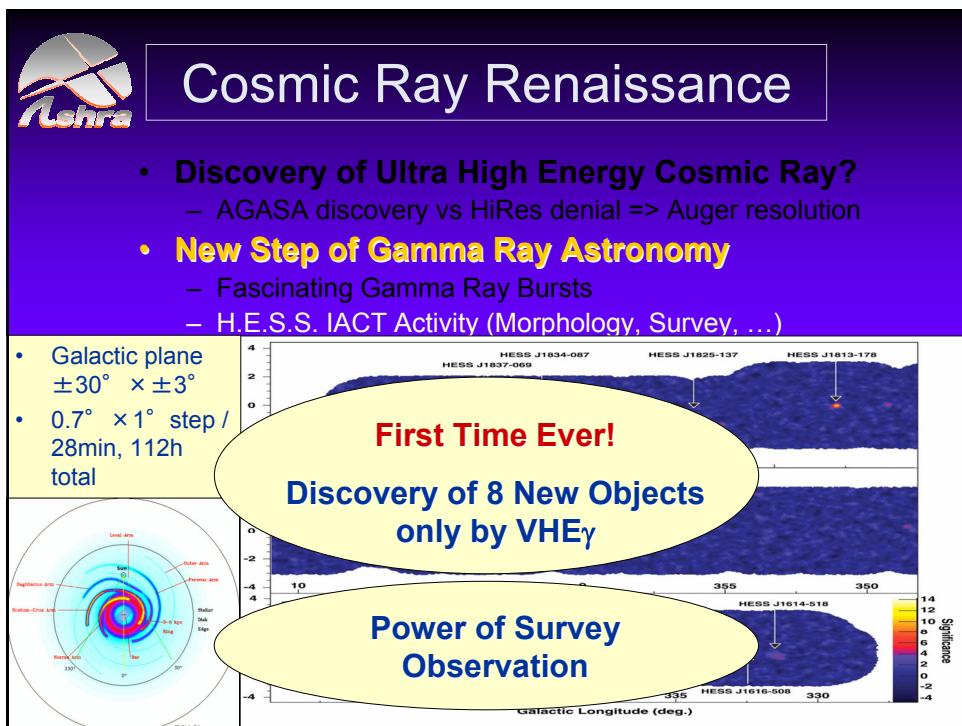
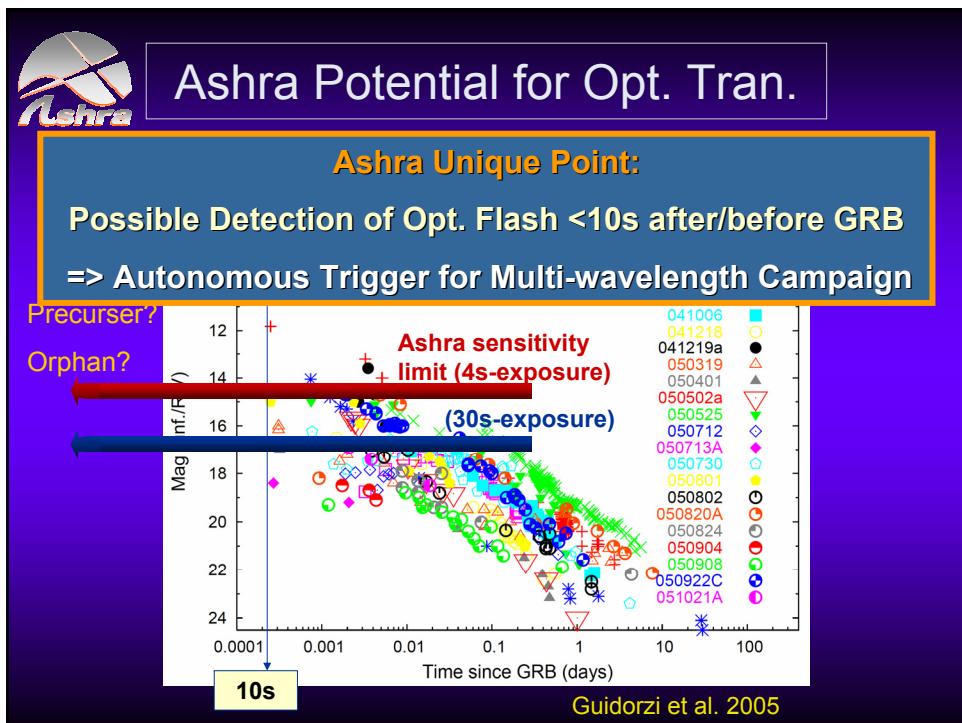
- **New Step of Gamma Ray Astronomy**

– Fascinating Gamma Ray Bursts

Prompt Optical Flash on/before GRB

=> Probe into Central Engine







Cosmic Ray Renaissance

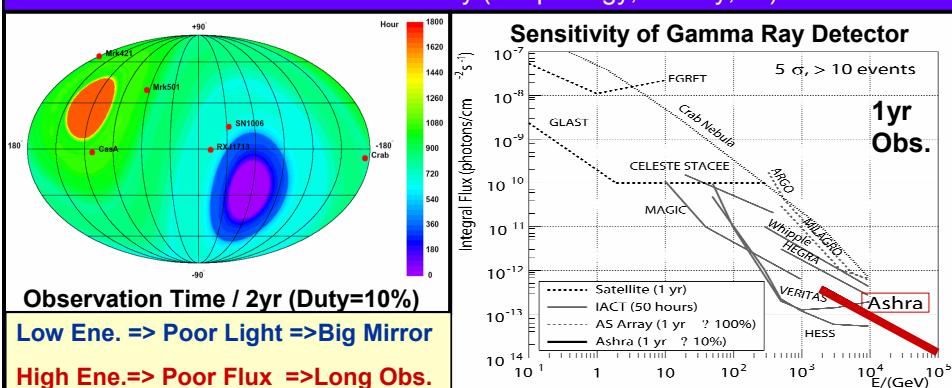
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Ashra Unique Point:
All-sky Simultaneous Observation
⇒ Optical & VHE γ Transients (GRB, SGR, SN, ...)
⇒ VHE γ Sky Map



Cosmic Ray Renaissance

- **Discovery of Ultra High Energy Cosmic Ray?**
 - AGASA discovery vs HiRes denial => Auger resolution
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Cosmic Ray Renaissance

Ashra Unique Point:

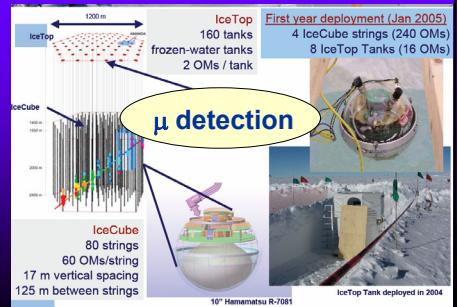
PeV-EeV Tau Shower

⇒ Acceptance >100km³-weq. sr

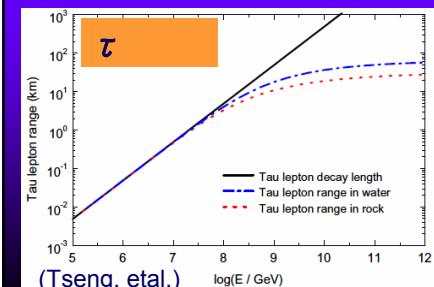
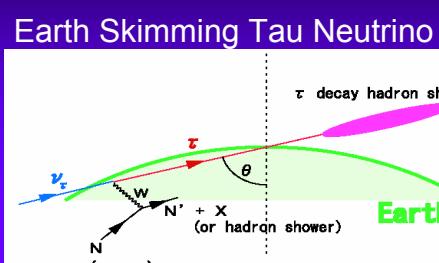
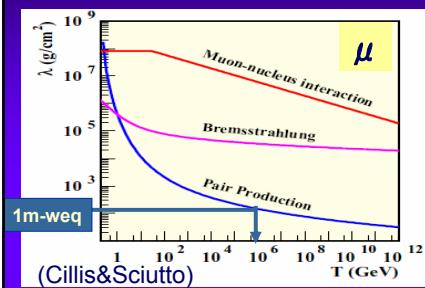
⇒ First Tau Neutrino Detection

• Approach to High Energy Neutrino Detection

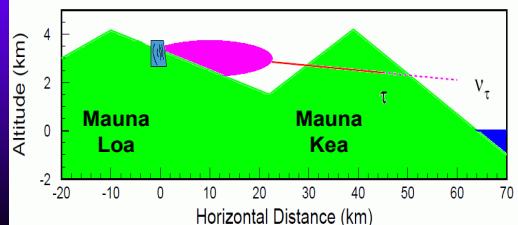
- IceCube in the South Pole

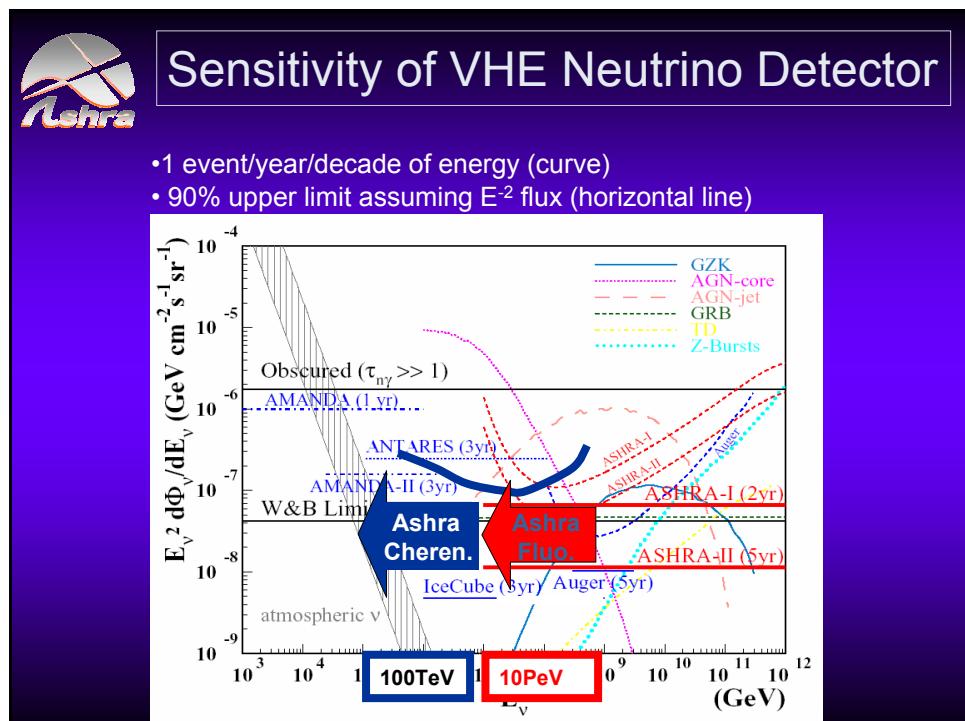
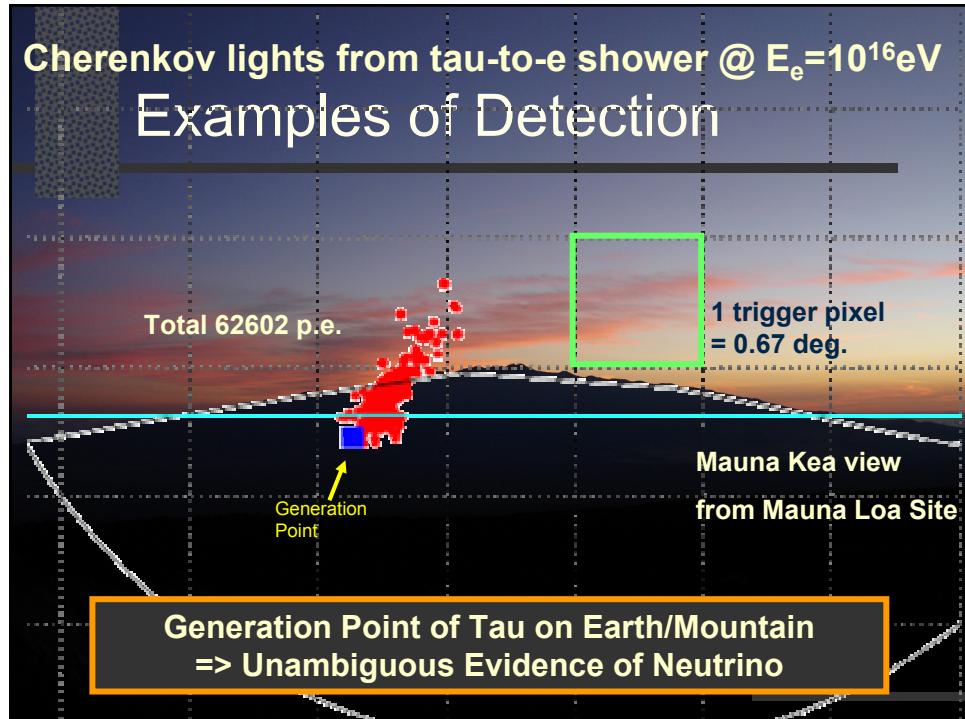


Tau Neutrino Detection using Earth and Mountain



Tau AS Cherenkov from Mountain







Tau Effective aperture ($A\Omega$)_{eff} required for 1 event/yr, assuming a 10% duty cycle.

Steady ν source

Energy & Aperture (km ² sr)	AGN	GRB	GZK
10 ¹⁵ -10 ¹⁶ eV	4.5	1000	
10 ¹⁶ -10 ¹⁷ eV	2.0	1400	910
10 ¹⁷ -10 ¹⁸ eV	50	19000	120
10 ¹⁸ -10 ¹⁹ eV			290

(Tsen, et al., 2003)

Enough Sensitivity with Ashra



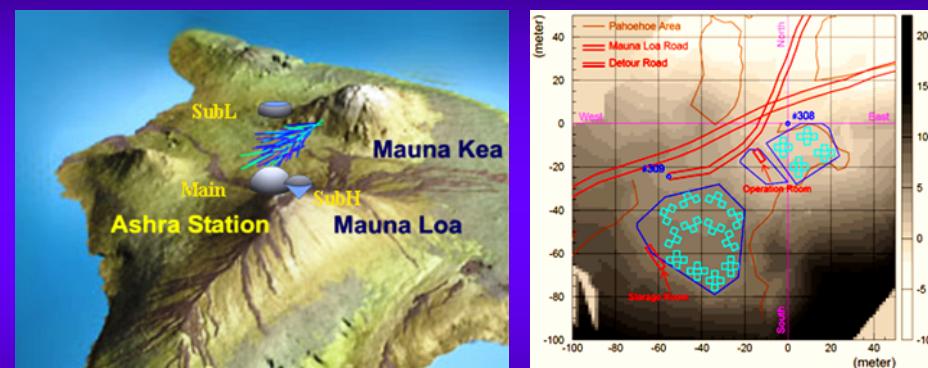
Developments

To reach the objectives, we need

- 1) Optical System
with Super Wide Angle & High Resolution
- 2) Trigger & Readout System
for Simultaneous Observation of Cherenkov, Fluorescence, and Optical Flash lights



Phase-1 Layout



- Main station (12 pc) under construction on Mauna Loa at 3300m asl.
- 2 subs. = high ele.(4pc@80m) + low ele. (8pc@32km)
- Demonstration of hybrid stereo obs. for both Cerenkov and fluorescence



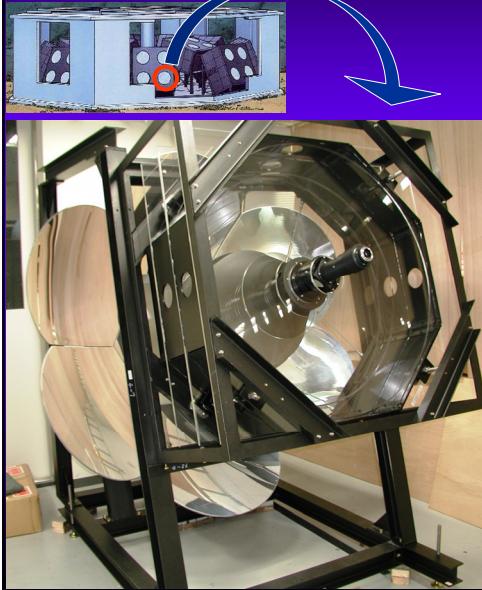
Phase-2 Layout



- 3 sets of (Main+Sub) stations will be installed on the 30km triangular points
- VHE γ , ν , EHECR: statistically competitive in the world
- Optical flash: local BGs can be eliminated with parallax method



Light Collector



- **Optics:**
 - **Modified Baker-Nunn**
- **Components:**
 - **Correcting lens** (1.0~1.2m ϕ) with 3 acrylic cut plates
 - **Spherical mirror** (2.2m ϕ) with 7 curved glass plates on adjustable tables.
 - **Photoelectric lens IT** (0.5m ϕ) on focal sphere suspended with Stewart platform mechanism
 - **Mount structure** with steel channels for easy assembly

=> arcmin. resolution over 42deg FOV
=> Affordably cost-effective



Resolution after all adjustments

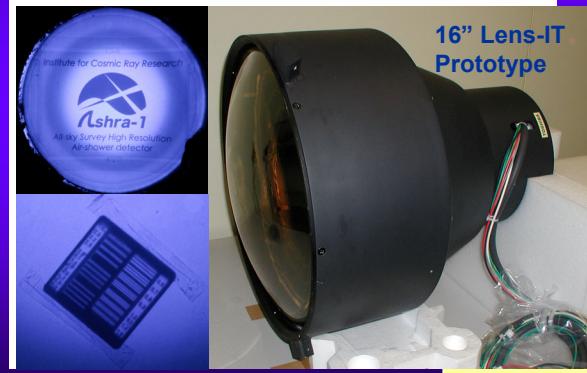


Assembly and install	Assembly and install	CCD image on focal sphere
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Shelter • Mount • Correcting lens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mirror • Stewart platform • Adjusting all 	<p>RMS = 0.26mm</p> <p>1.3 arcmin</p> <p>Saturn</p> <p>(Incident 15deg)</p> <p>• Total resolution: 1.3 arcmin</p> <p>• Satisfies our requirement</p>

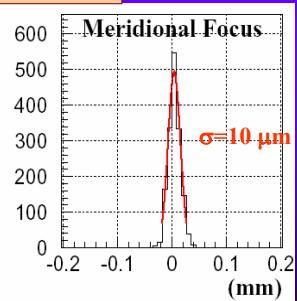


Photoelectric Lens Image Tube

- Final image focusing by electrostatic lens (x20)
- Good sphericity of cathode surface is required.
- Brightness amplification (100 ph/pe)



Point Spread

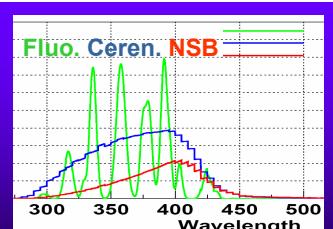
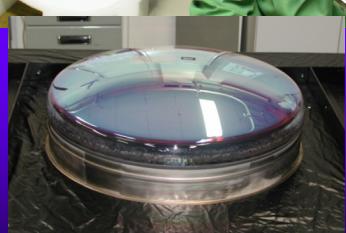
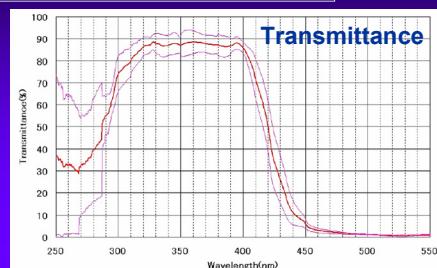


Key technology for the uniqueness of the Ashra optics

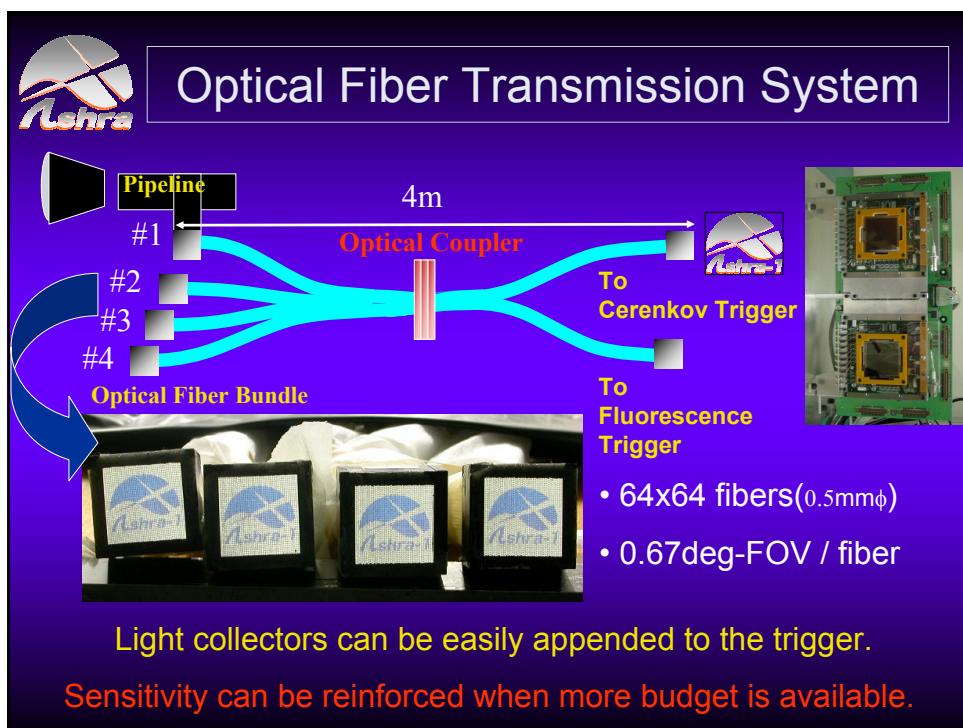
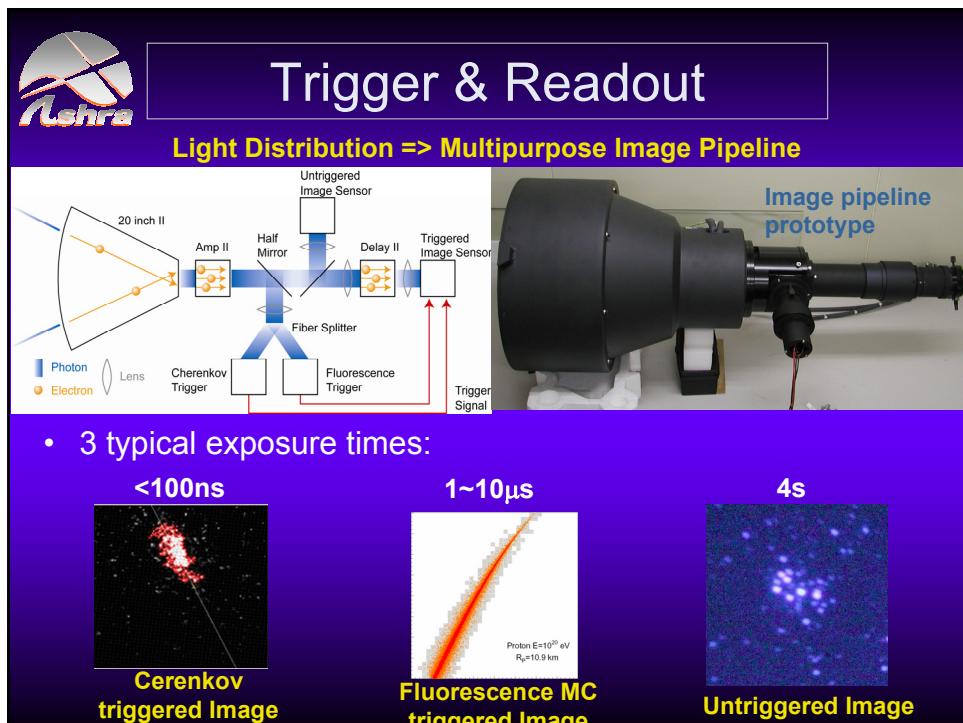


20" Lens-IT & Filter

20" ϕ Prod.ver.

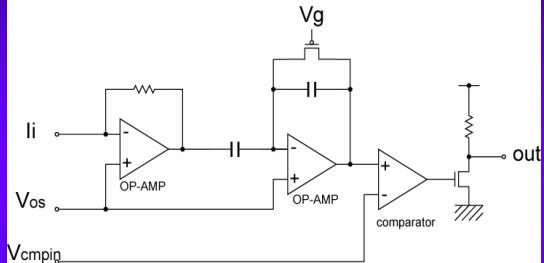


- Input window is coated with multi(40-)layer thin film filter to cut $\lambda > 450\text{nm}$
- Keep good S/N of fluorescence and Cerenkov lights against NSB



 Trigger Sensor LSI

Pixel Circuit Diagram

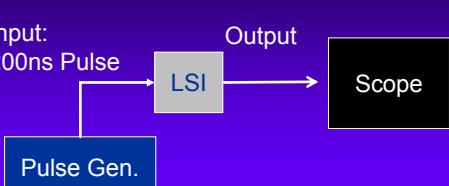


The diagram illustrates the internal circuit of a pixel. It starts with an input current I_i entering an operational amplifier (OP-AMP). The output of this stage is connected to the non-inverting input of a second OP-AMP. This second stage includes a feedback network consisting of two resistors and a capacitor. The output of the second OP-AMP is connected to the non-inverting input of a third OP-AMP, which acts as a comparator. The inverting input of the comparator is connected to a voltage reference V_{cplig} . The output of the comparator is a digital trigger signal labeled out .

- Pixel includes I/V transformer, filter, and comparator in the size of $500\mu\text{m} \times 500\mu\text{m}$
- 16×16 pixel array / LSI chip $\Rightarrow 64 \times 64$ trigger generated with 4×4 LSI chips
- LSI size: $9.8\text{mm} \times 9.8\text{mm}$

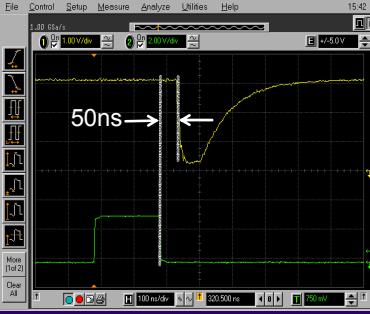
 Timing Test of Trigger LSI

Timing Test Setup



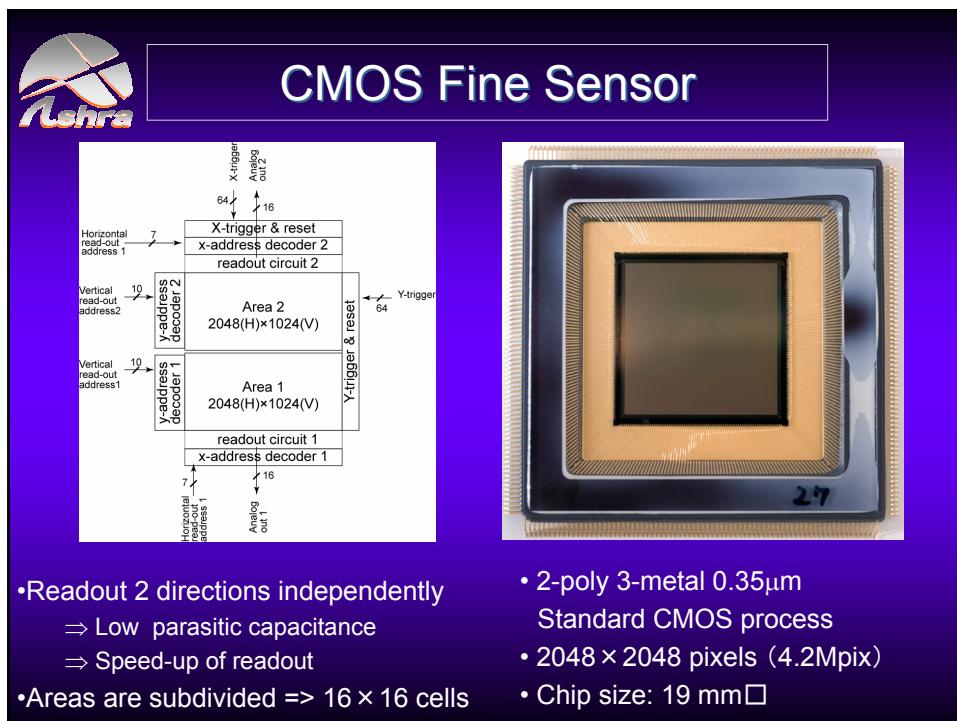
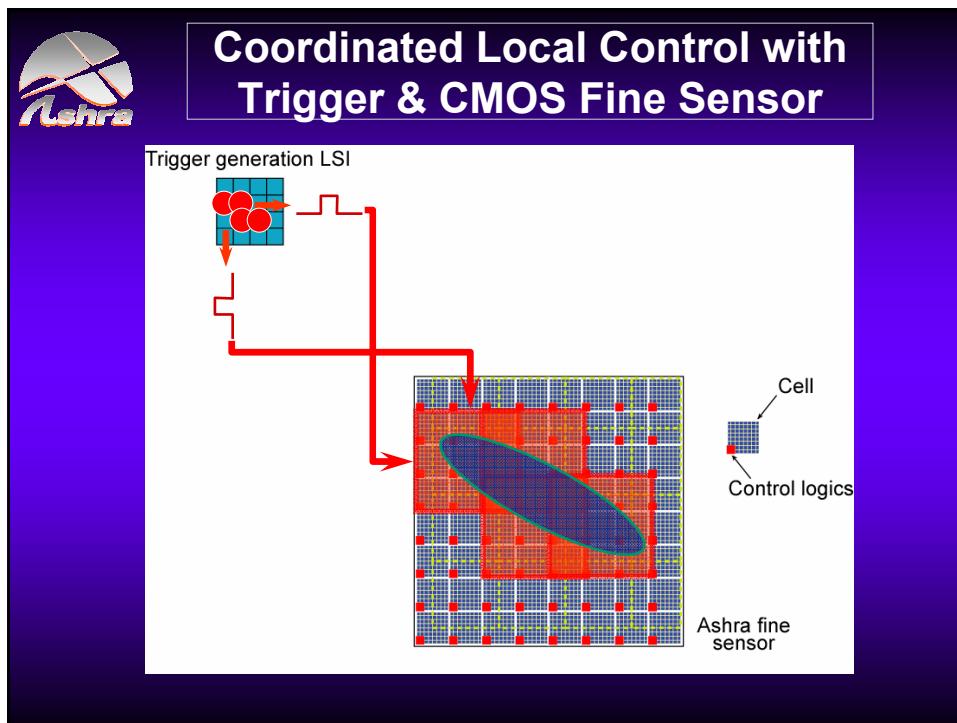
The setup consists of a Pulse Generator (Pulse Gen.) connected to the Input of a Logic Supply (LSI). The Output of the LSI is connected to the Input of an oscilloscope (Scope).

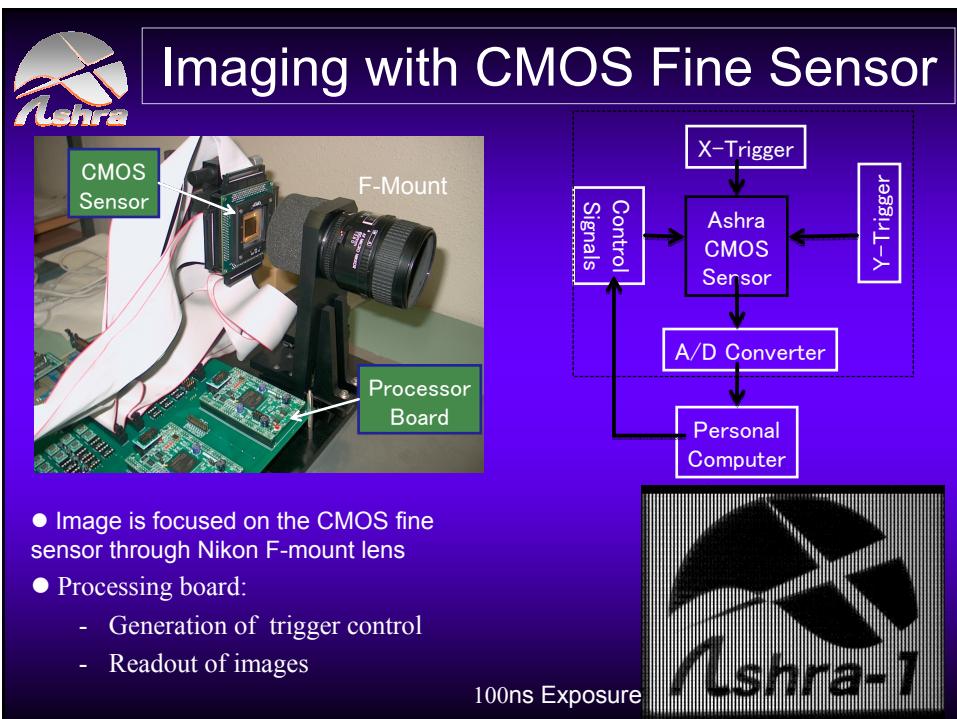
Scope Trace

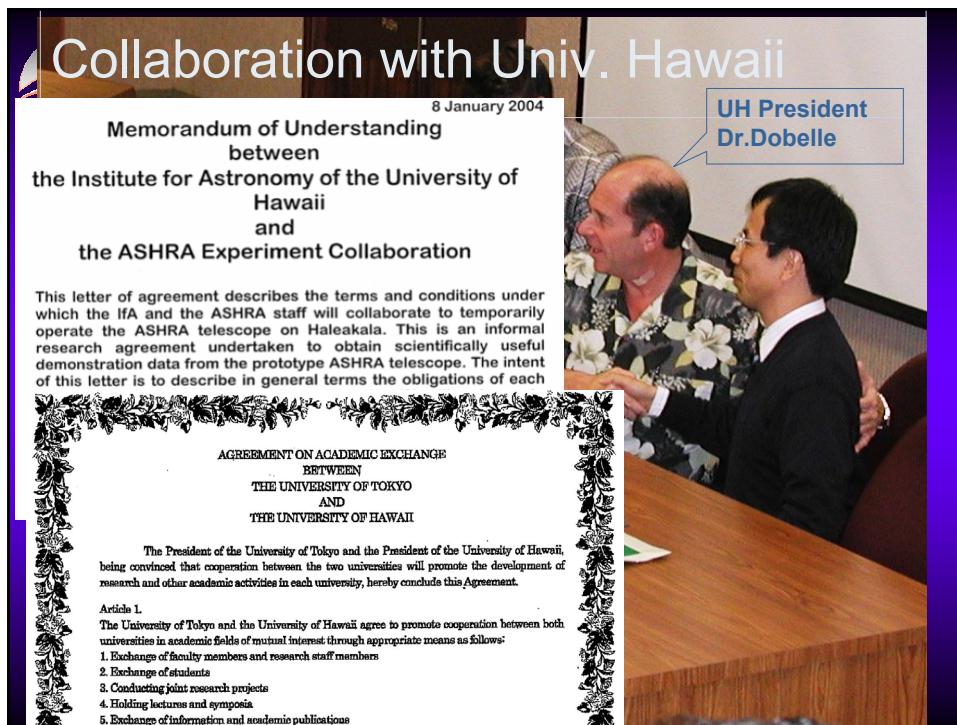


The oscilloscope displays two traces. The top trace shows a single pulse labeled "Input: 200ns Pulse". The bottom trace shows a delayed pulse labeled "Output". A horizontal arrow between the two pulses is labeled "50ns", indicating the propagation delay through the LSI.

- Delay in LSI = 50ns
< Delay II afterglow sustains for $\sim 100\text{ns}$







**Test Observation Site:
Haleakala**

Concrete Pad owned by Univ.Hawaii was used for test observation



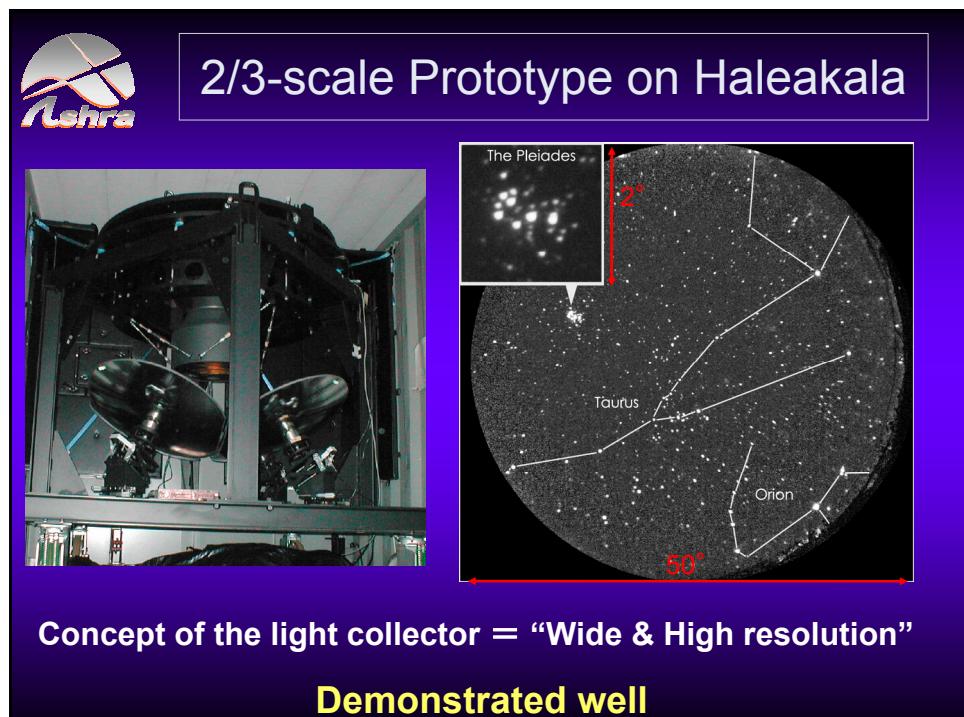
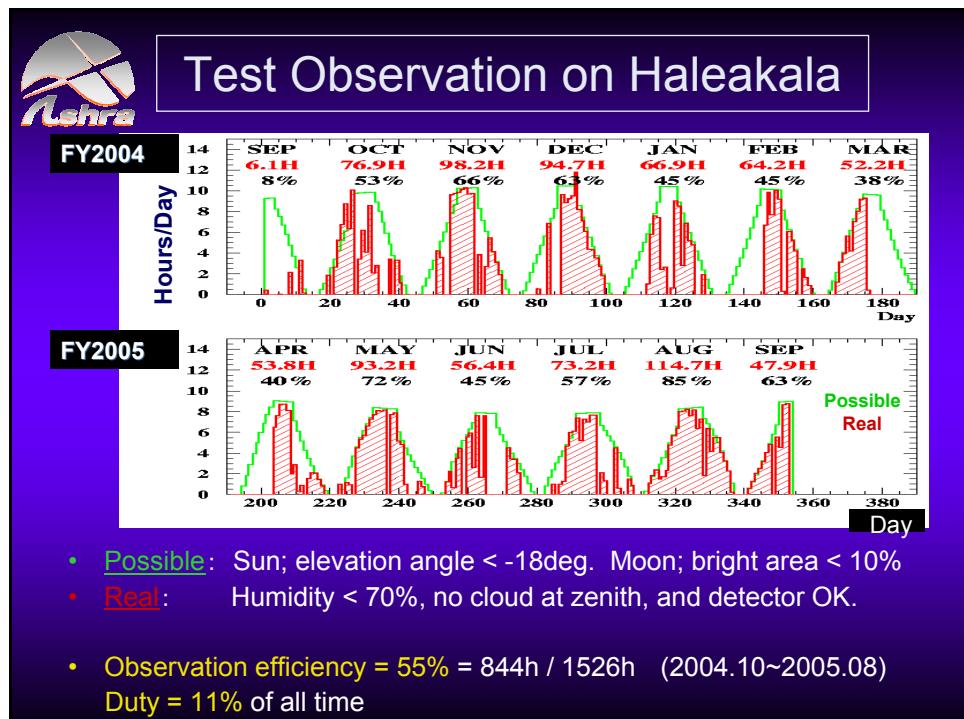
Altazimuth

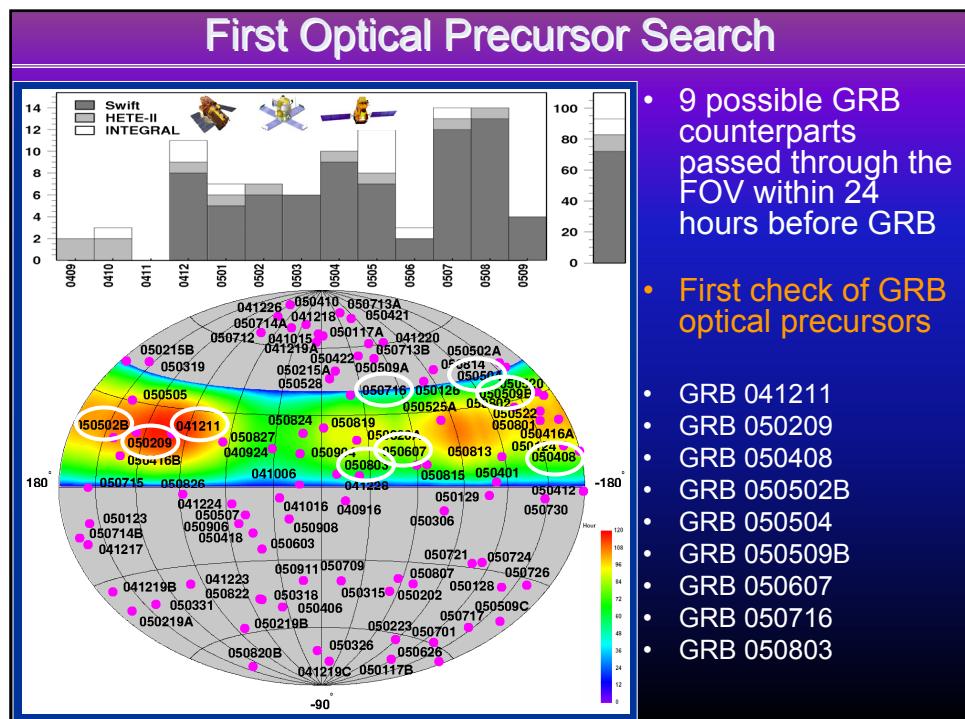
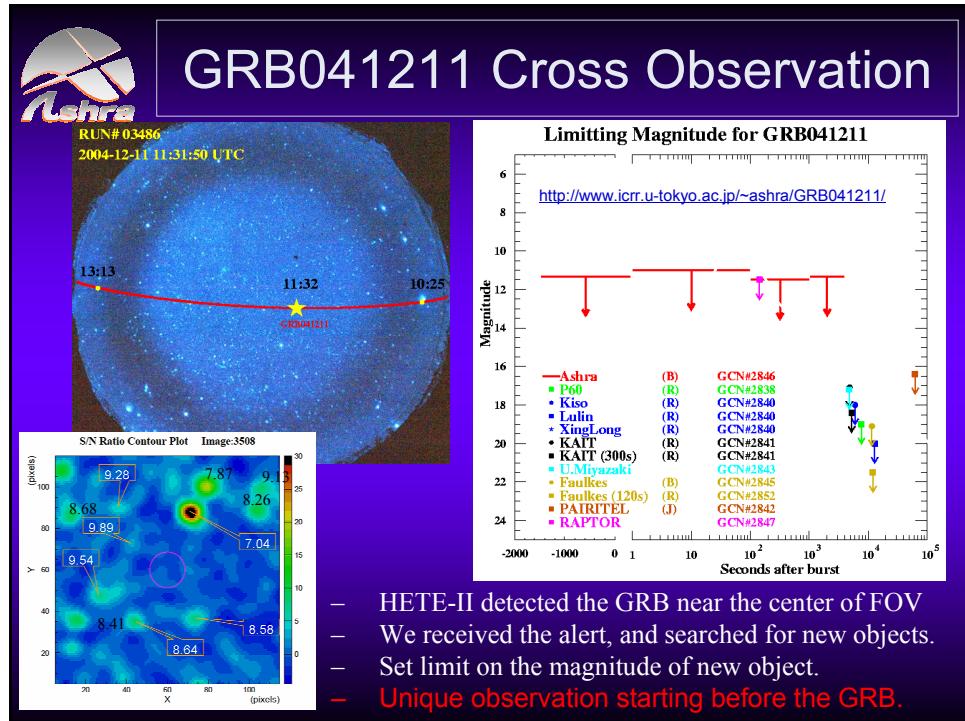
1/1-scale Prototype

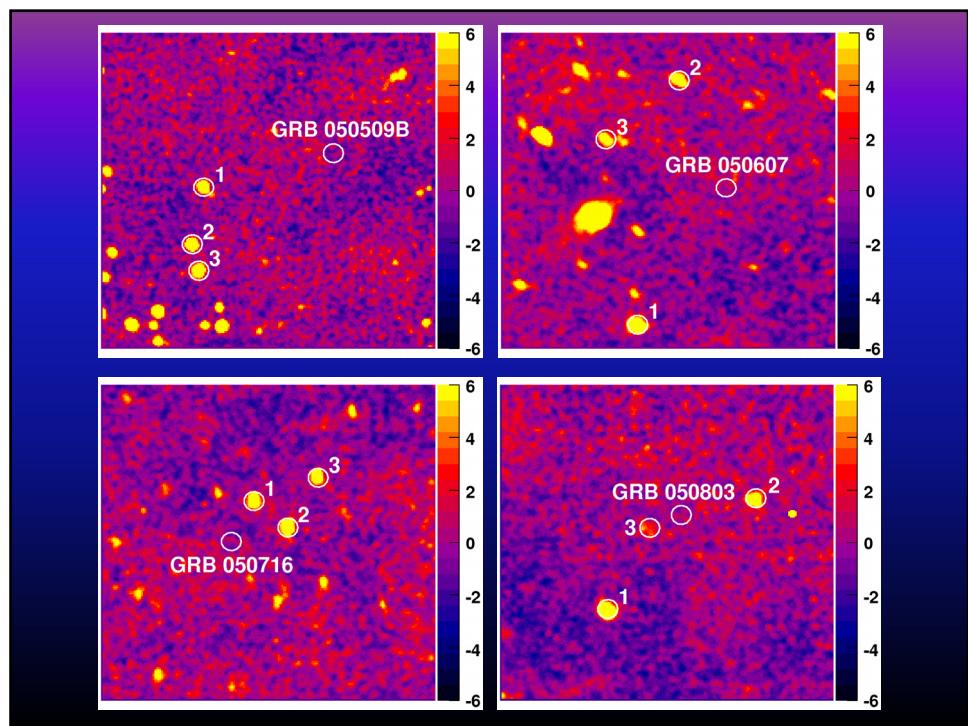
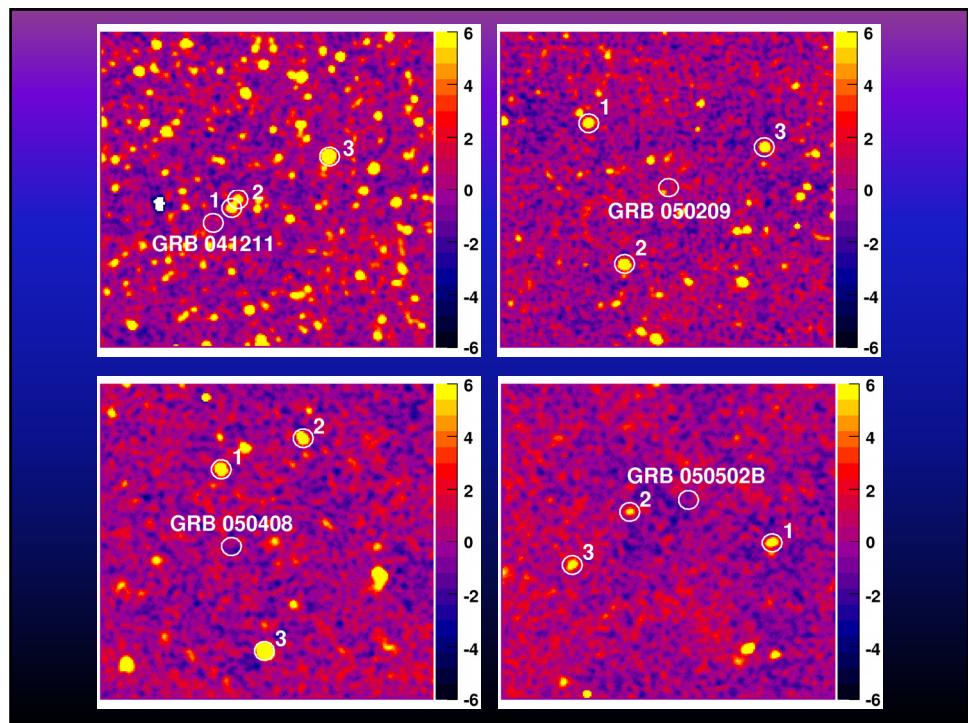
Electronics

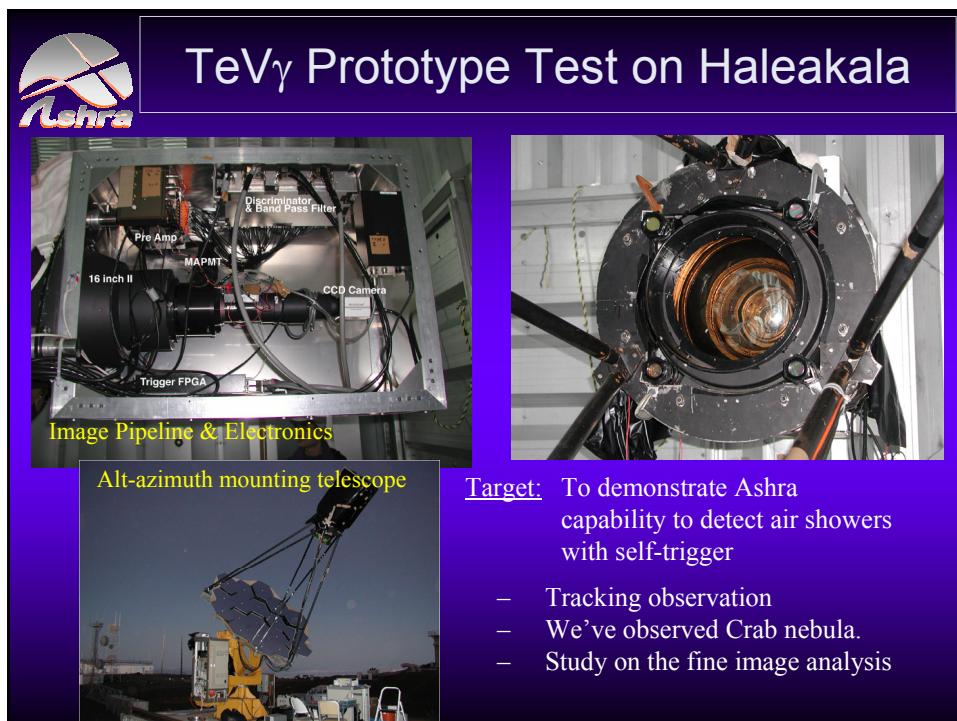
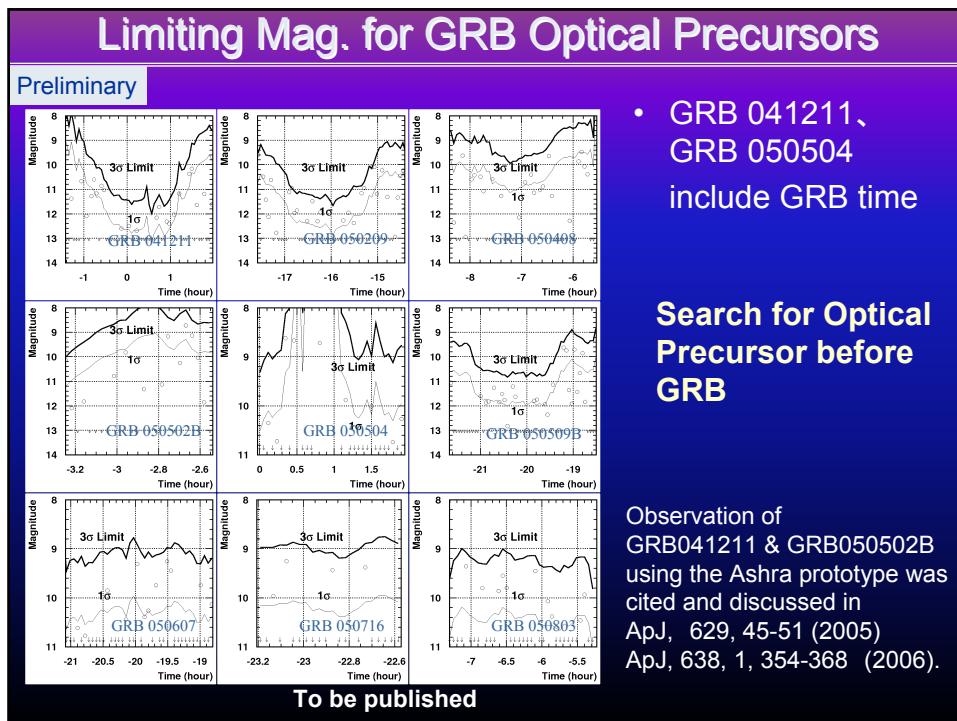
2/3-scale Prototype

- 2003.08: Clean-up
- 2003.12: Installation of Altazimuth Telescope
- 2004.03: Installation of Garage Body
- 2004.06: Garage ready
- 2004.08: Installation of Containers
- 2004.08: Installation of prototype optical system





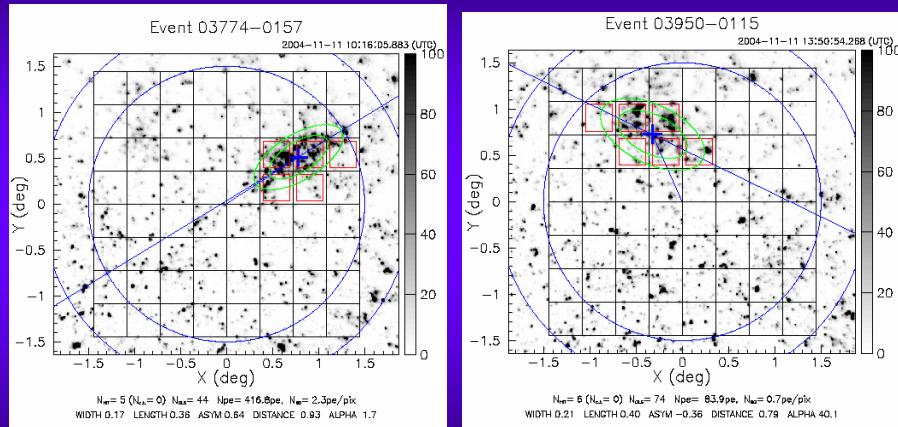






Examples of Cerenkov AS Images

in tracking Crab nebula

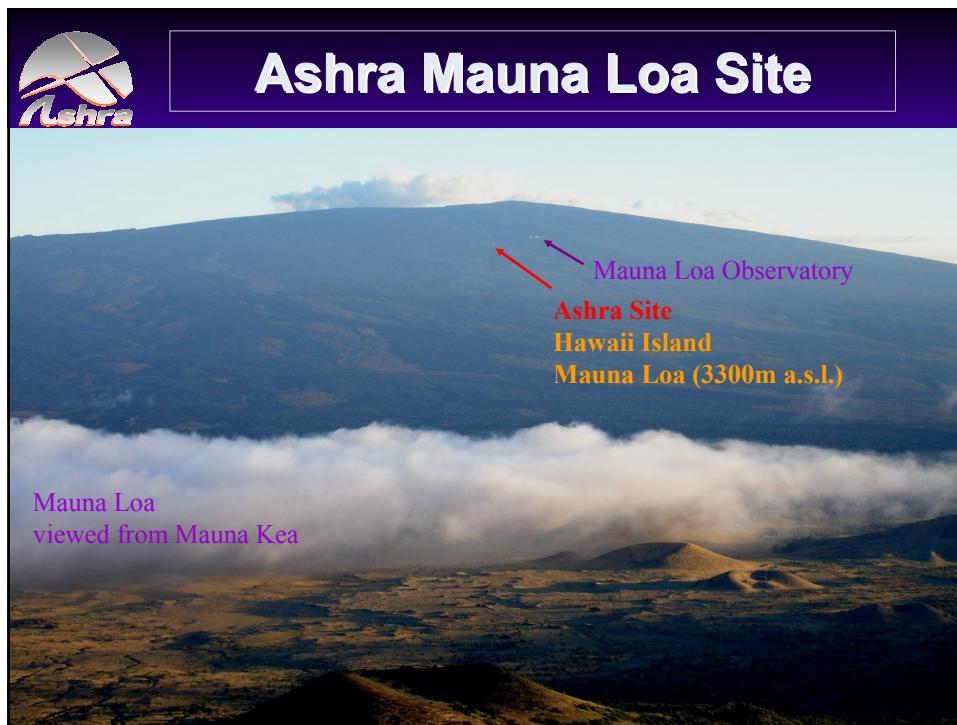


Self-triggered air Cerenkov images using IT and CCD.

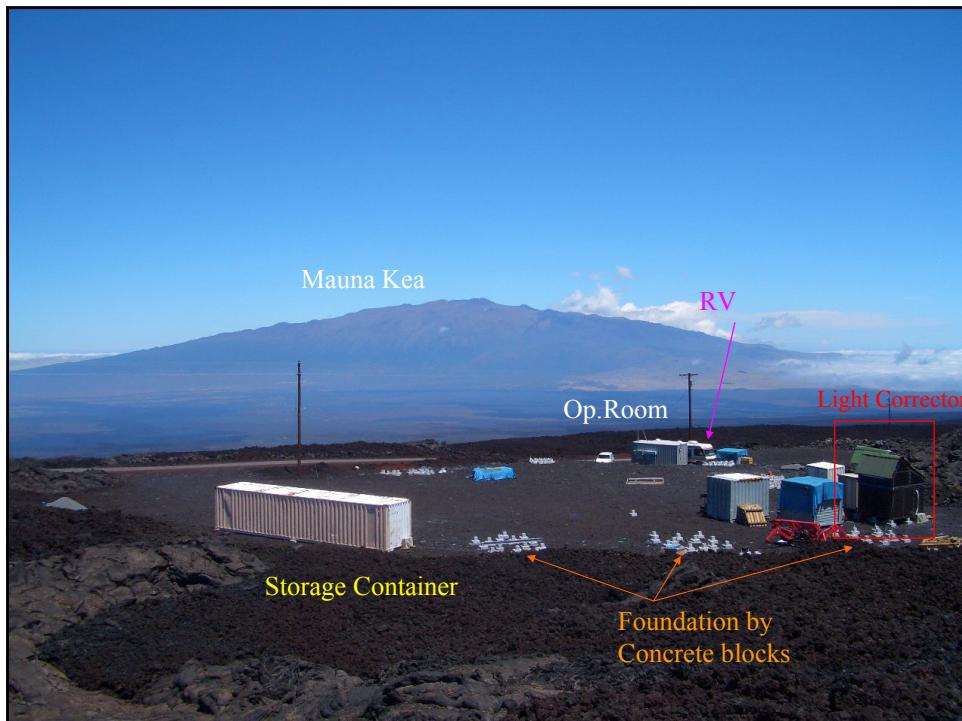


Construction @ Mauna Loa Site





2005.07.27 Started up Grading Work

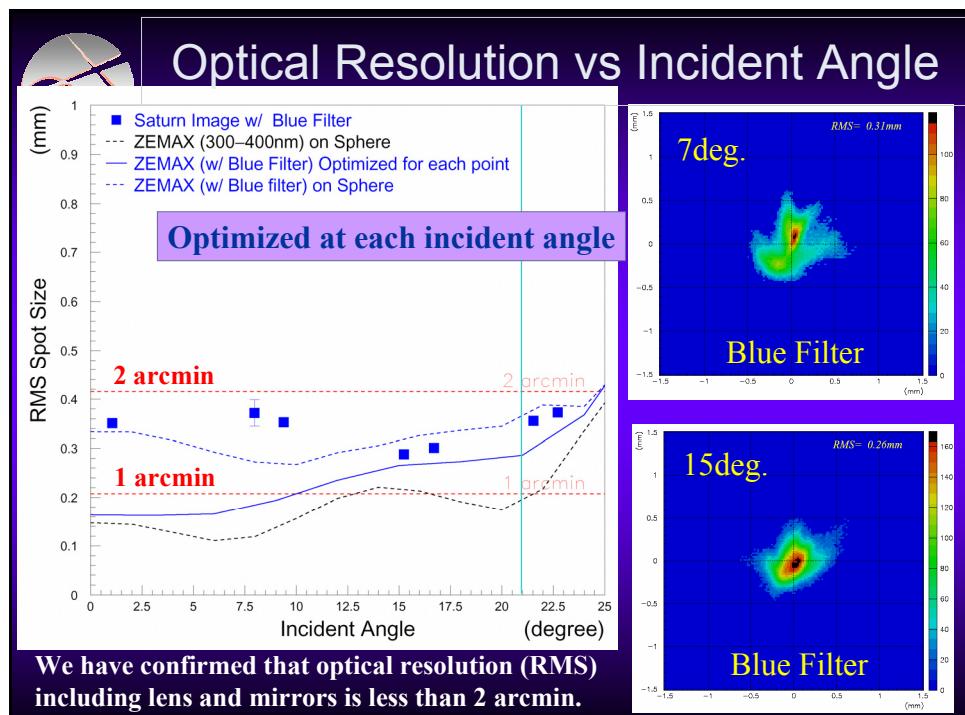




Construction of Detector and Shelter

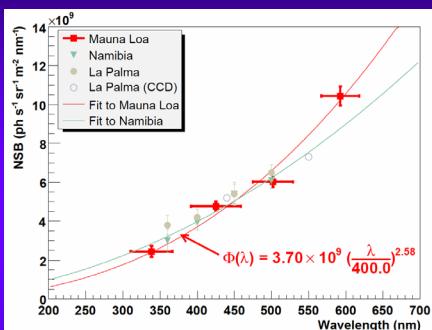


- Improvements of structure and construction method
⇒ construction in shorter period of time
- Construction of the nearest detectors
⇒ the most difficult case
- Trigger house installation ⇒ for trigger of the same FOV detectors





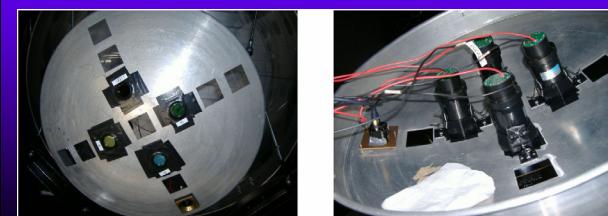
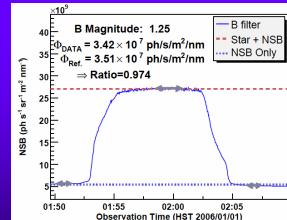
Night Sky BG on Mauna Loa



Night Sky BG Flux Spectrum

Fairly consistent with NSB measurements on Namibia and La Palma by the H.E.S.S. group (Preuß, et al., NIM A481 (2002) 229).

Understanding of total light collection efficiency is checked well with stars crossing PMT FOVs within 5% accuracy.

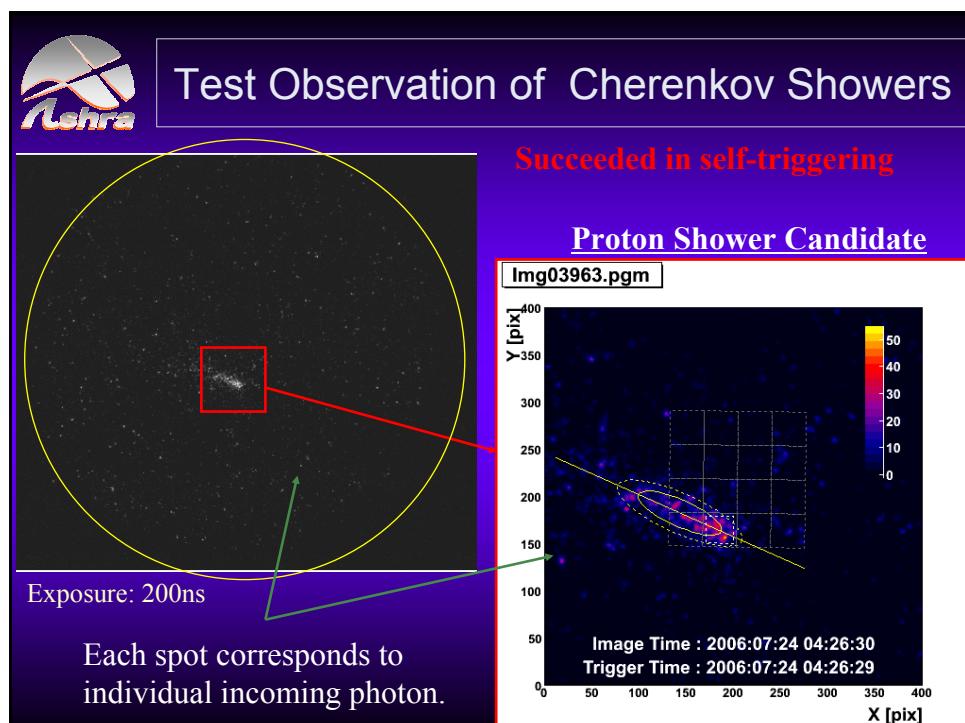
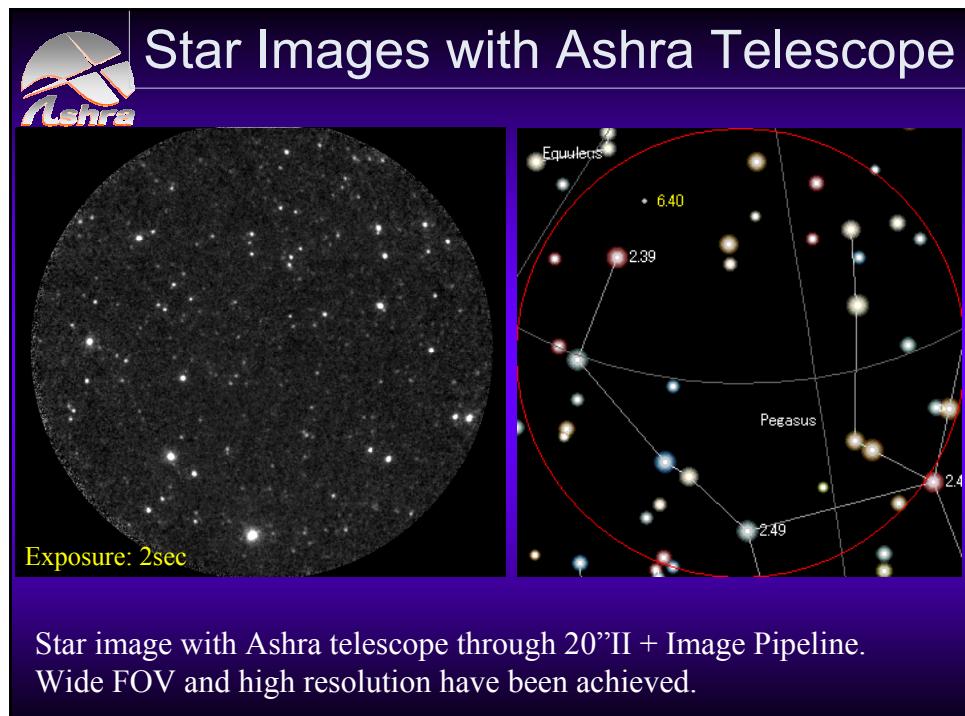


<= How to fix R, G, B, U optical filters on PMTs and CCD on the focal sphere.



Installation of Photoelectric Imaging System







Conclusion

- Advanced developments completed
 - Super Wide FOV Optical System (Low Cost)
 - Photoelectric Image Pipeline
 - Local Exposure&Readout CMOS Sensor
 - Trigger Hybrid Pixel Device
- Pioneering observations completed
 - Images with 50deg & arcmin Resolution
 - Autonomous Sensing of Air-shower Images
 - Optical Flash Searches on/before GRB
- Statistical observation on progress
 - Established Infra. and Construction Process
 - Crucial Operation Resources (money & manpower)



FY2004 Succeeded in 50deg FOV and arcmin resolution. Op. flash searches.



FY2004 Succeeded in Cherenkov AS images taken with II+CCD



FY2005~ Under construction @ Mauna Loa



Near Future Plan

- FY2005 Started construction at site on Mouna Loa
- FY2006 Optical assembly & adjustment
=> Start Optical transient monitor
- FY2007 Cerenkov Trigger & Readout assembly
=> Start VHE γ monitor
=> Start VHEv Search (Mountain)
- FY2008 Fluorescence Trigger & Readout assembly
=> Start VHEv Search (Earth)