

大気ニュートリノフラックスの精密計算

201年12月8日、本田守広

@ICRR共同利用研究成果発表研究会

この一年の進展、

- 新しい一次宇宙線観データの理解
- 新しい実験サイトでの
大気ニュートリノフラックスの計算
- 新しい大気モデルの取り込み
-

査定金額：旅費3万円
年度内全額執行予定



アカゲラ

Gaisser Formula for illustration (by T.K.Gaisser at Takayama, 1998)

$$\Phi_{\nu} = \Phi_{primary} \otimes R_{cut} \otimes Y_{\nu}$$

$$\Phi_{\mu} = \Phi_{primary} \otimes R_{cut} \otimes Y_{\mu}$$

Where

$\Phi_{primary}$: Cosmic Ray Flux

$R_{cut} = R_{cut}(R_{cr}, latt., long., \theta, \varphi)$: Geomagnetic field

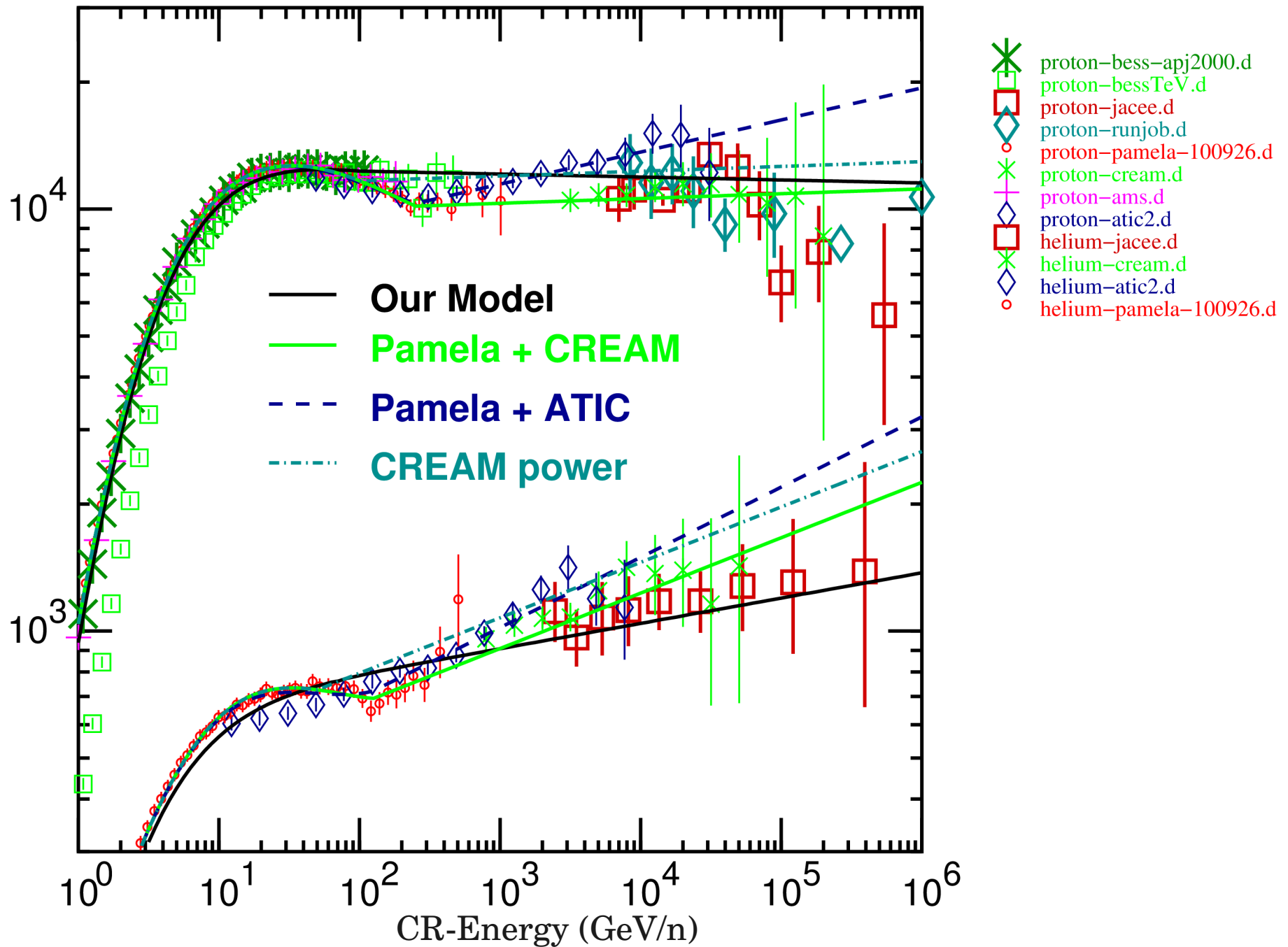
$Y_{\nu} = Yield_{\nu}(h, \theta)$: Hadronic Interaction Model,
Air Profile, and meson-muon decay

$Y_{\mu} = Yield_{\mu}(h, \theta)$: Hadronic Interaction Model,
Air Profile, and meson decay

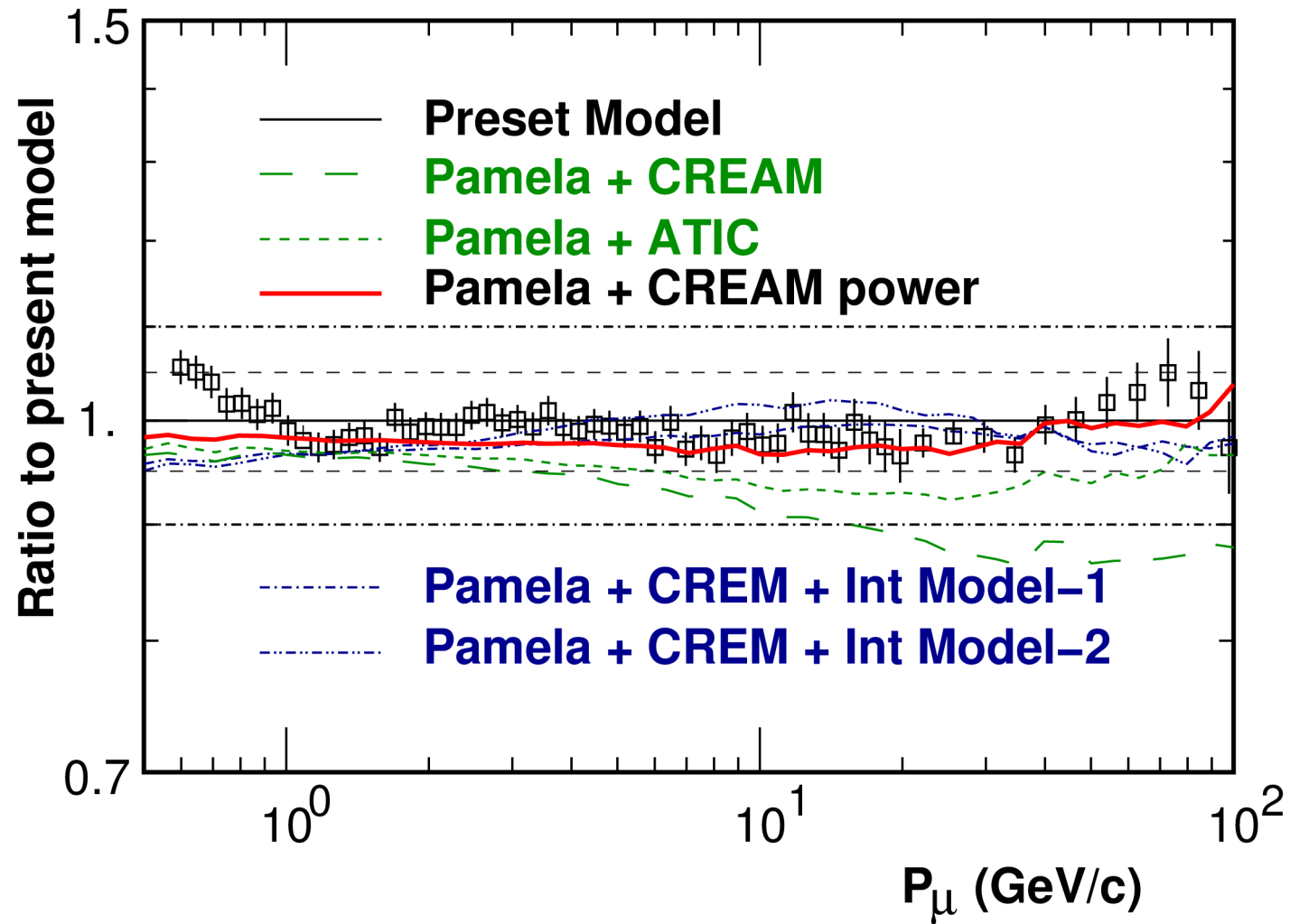
This formula illustrates 1D-calculation well

On the new cosmic ray observations

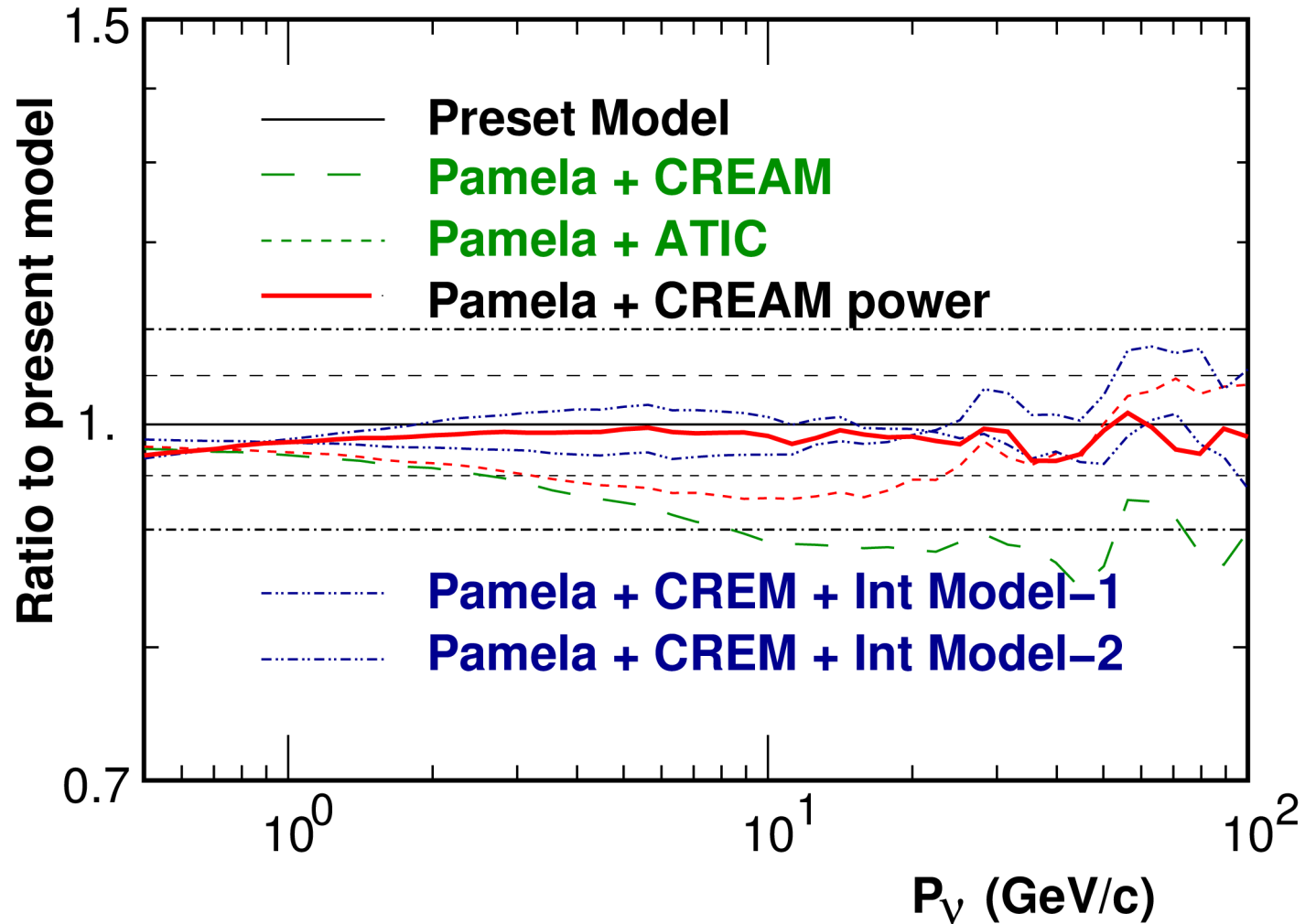
$$\Phi \times (E/n)^{2.70} (m^2 s \cdot sr)^{-1} (GeV/n)^{1.70}$$



Tuning of Int. Model by atmospheric muons



Resulting Neutrino Flux (all ν sum)



Muon Tuning works Well, however,

However, result of AMS-II is coming soon., I hope.

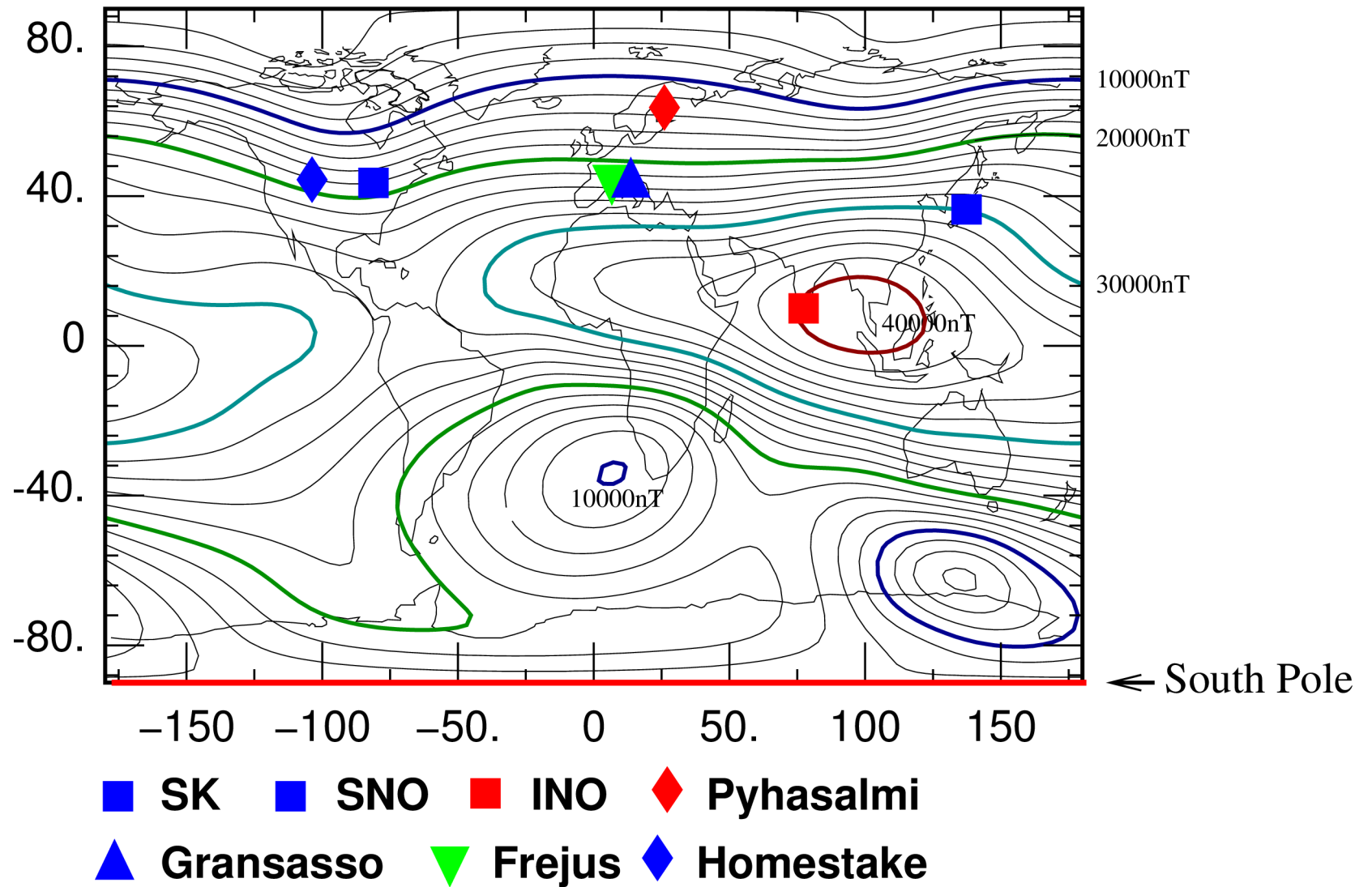


After 123 seconds,
1,000 tons of fuel
is spent.

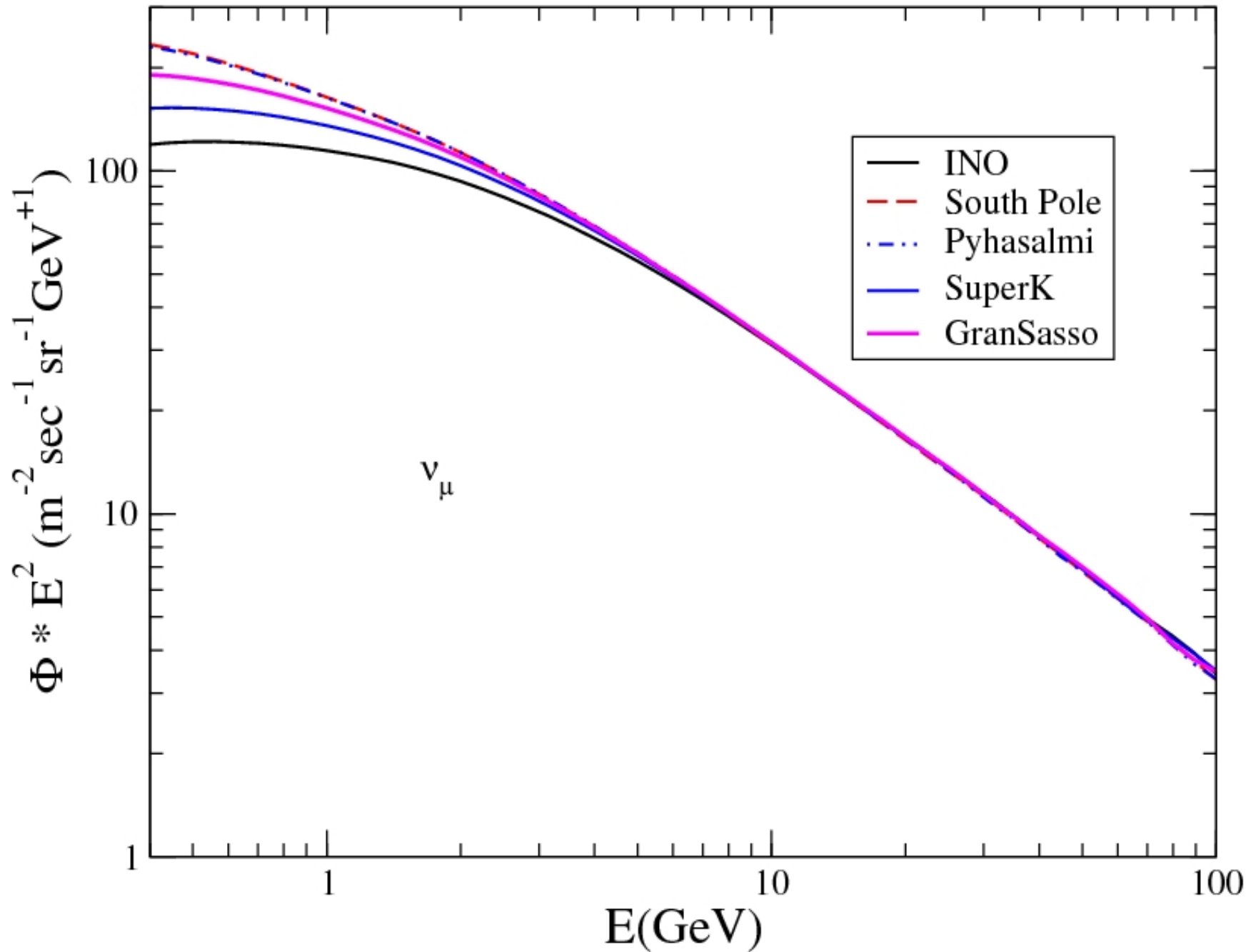
Photographed from a STA
(Shuttle Training Aircraft)

Credit: NASA

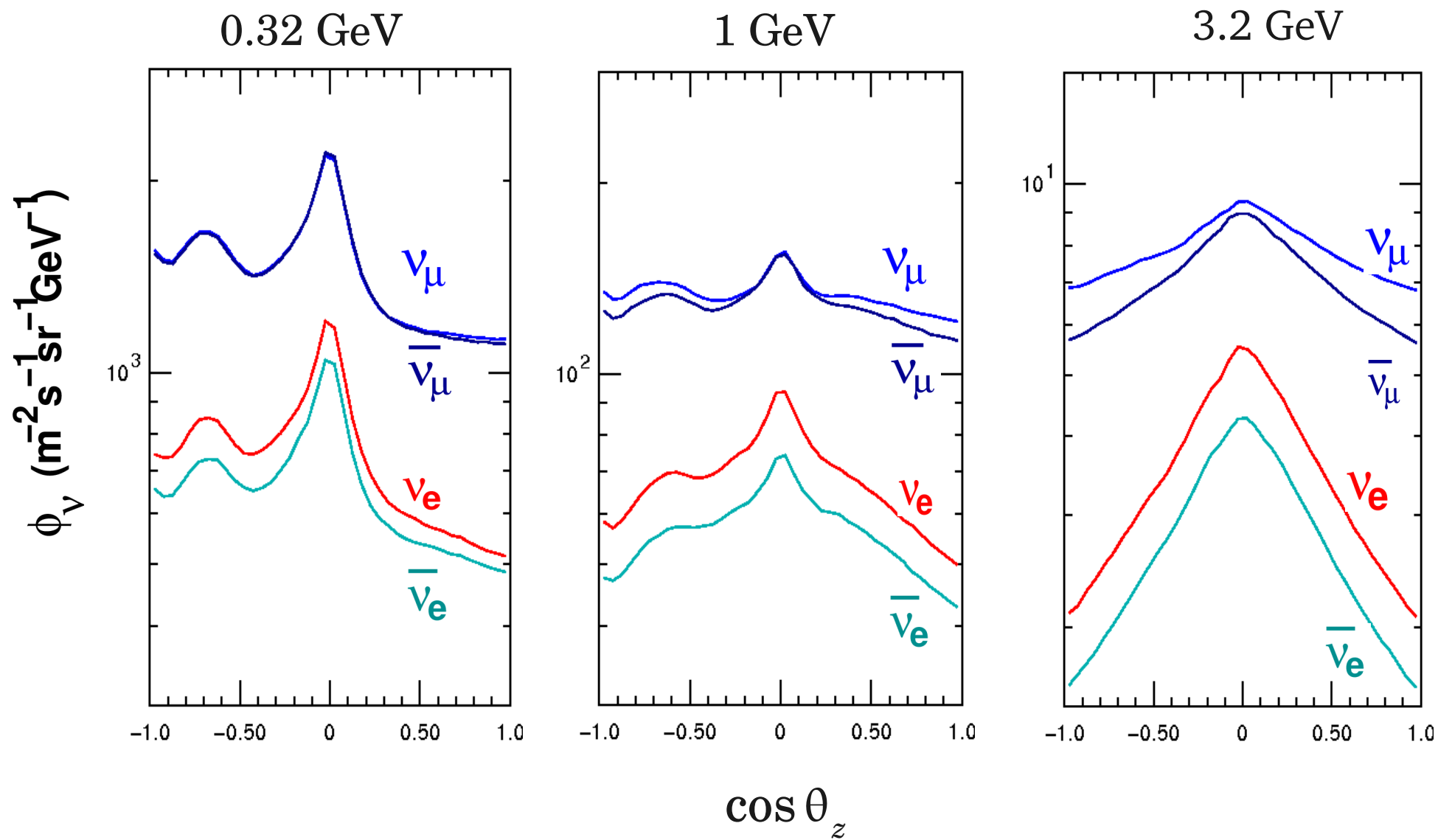
Presently going calculation (with M.S. Athar)



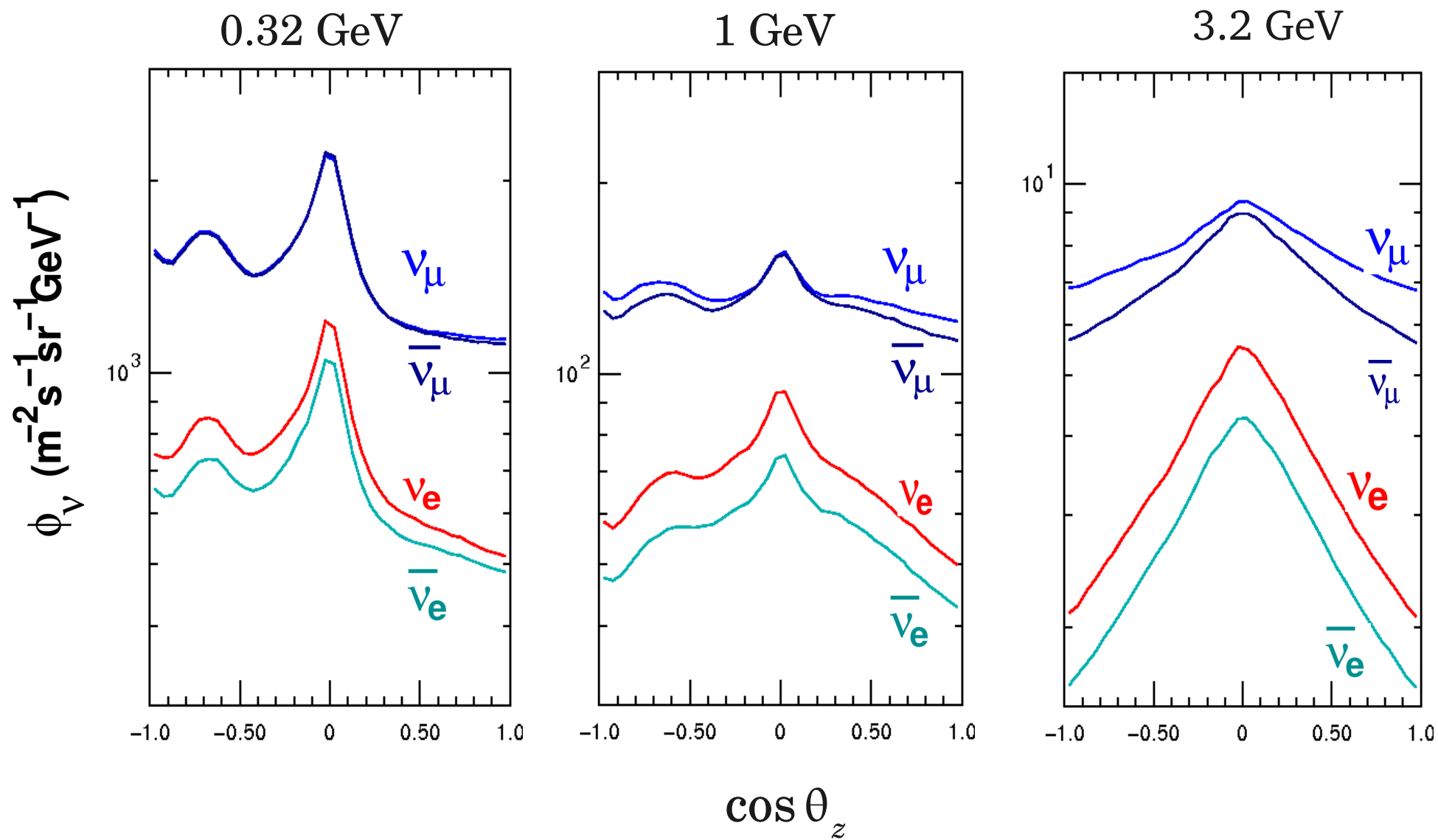
Sum of averaged neutrino flux over all directions



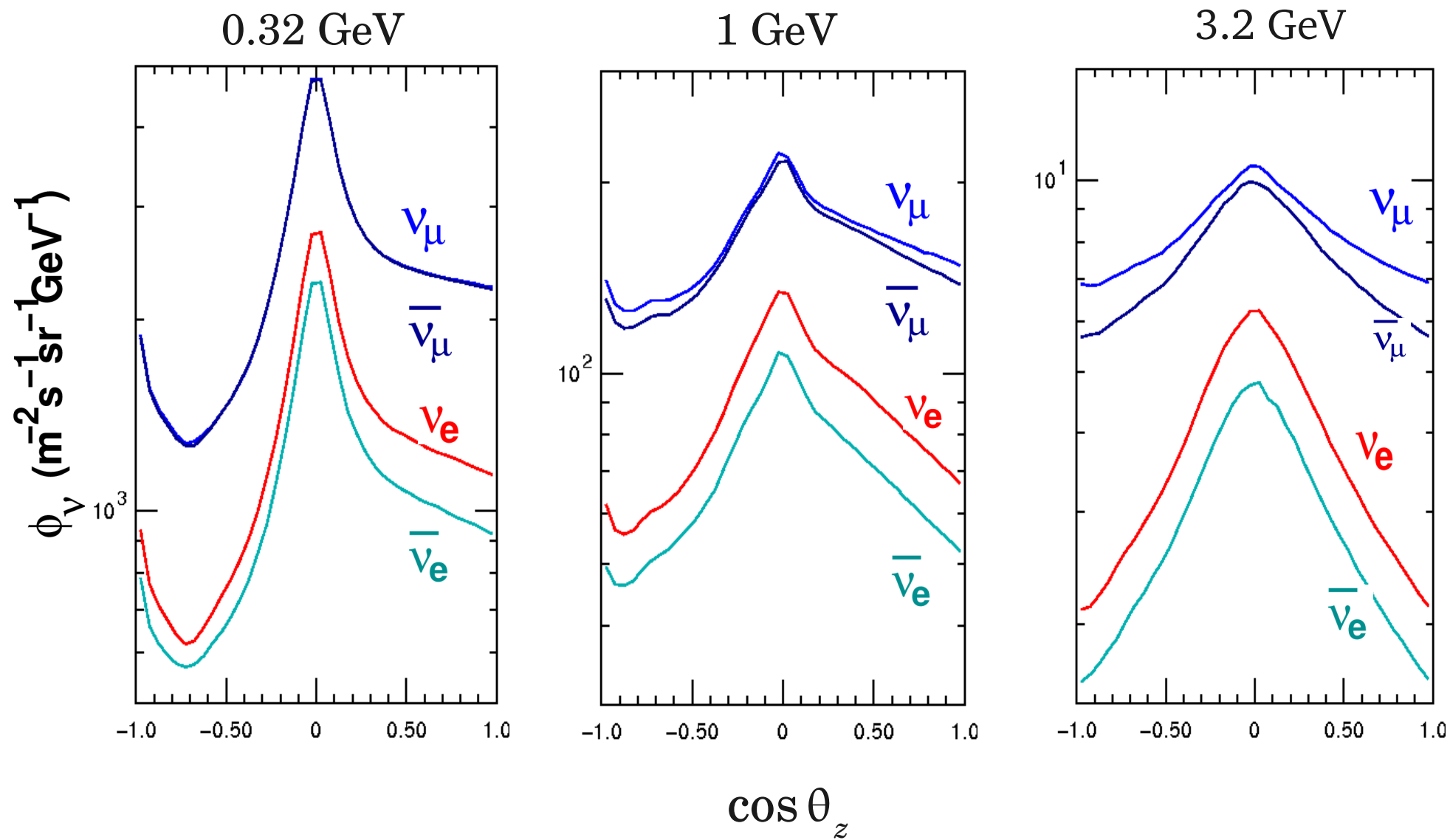
Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at SK



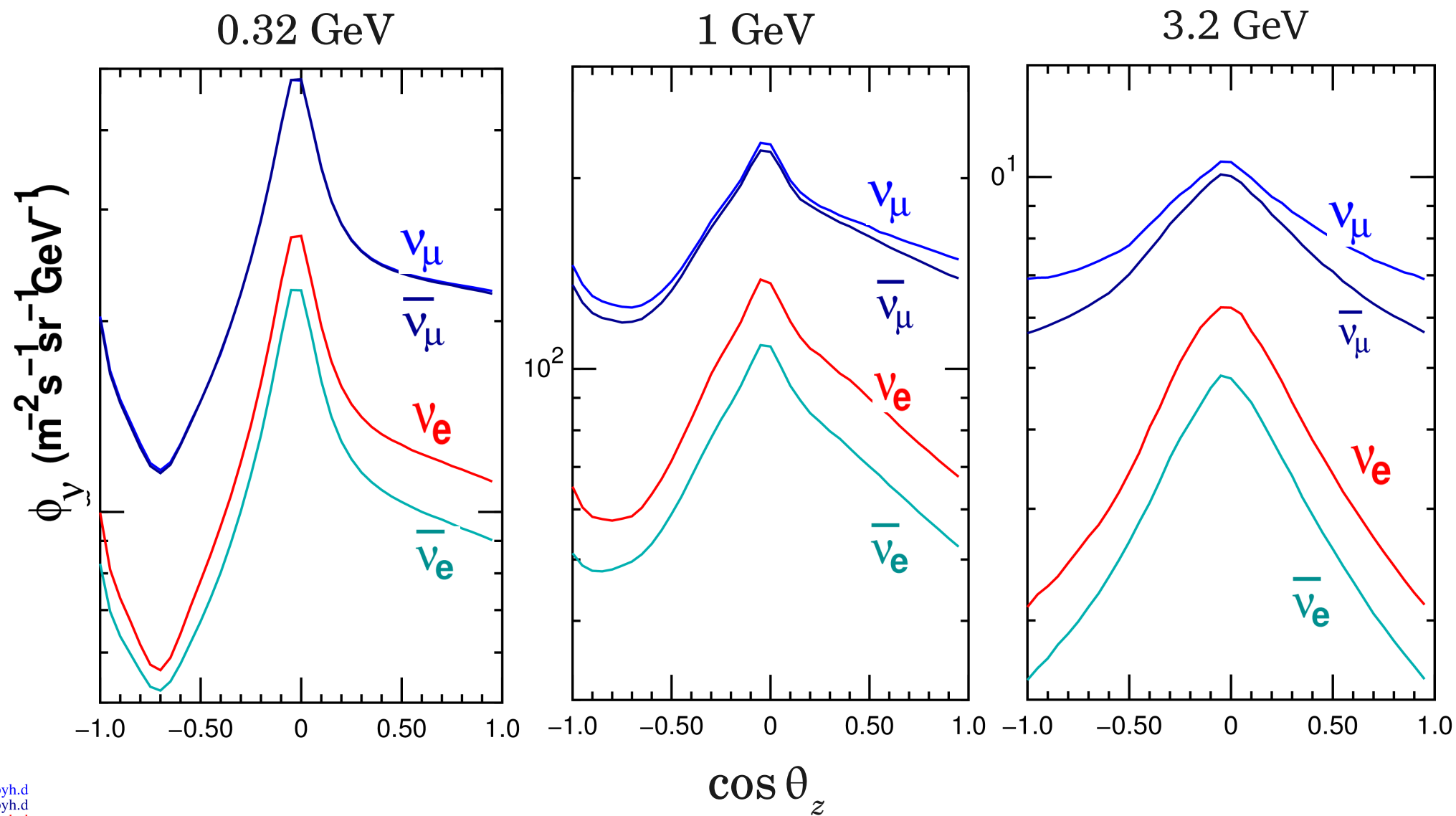
Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at SK



Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at SNO



Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at Pyhsalimi

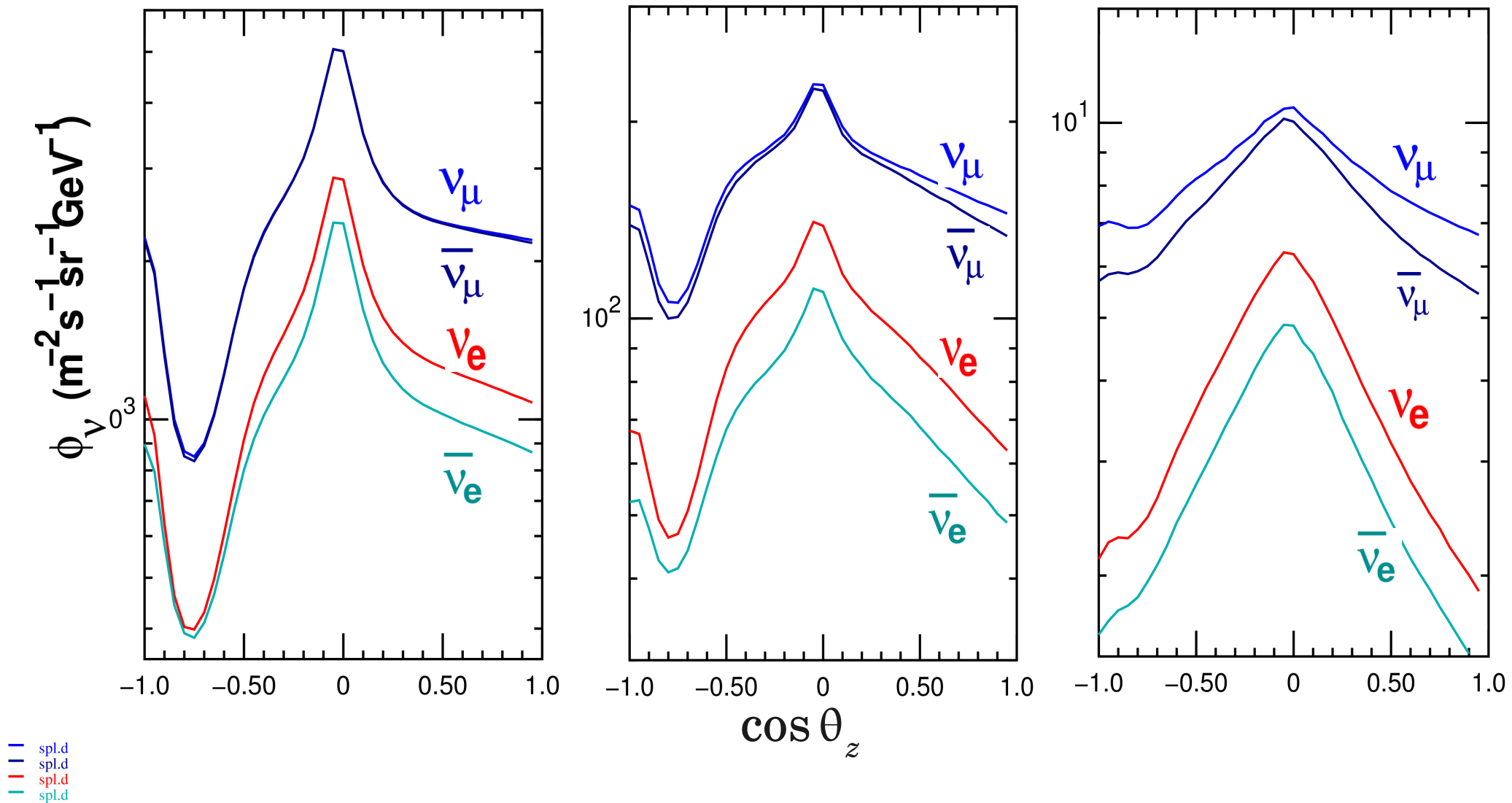


Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at South Pole

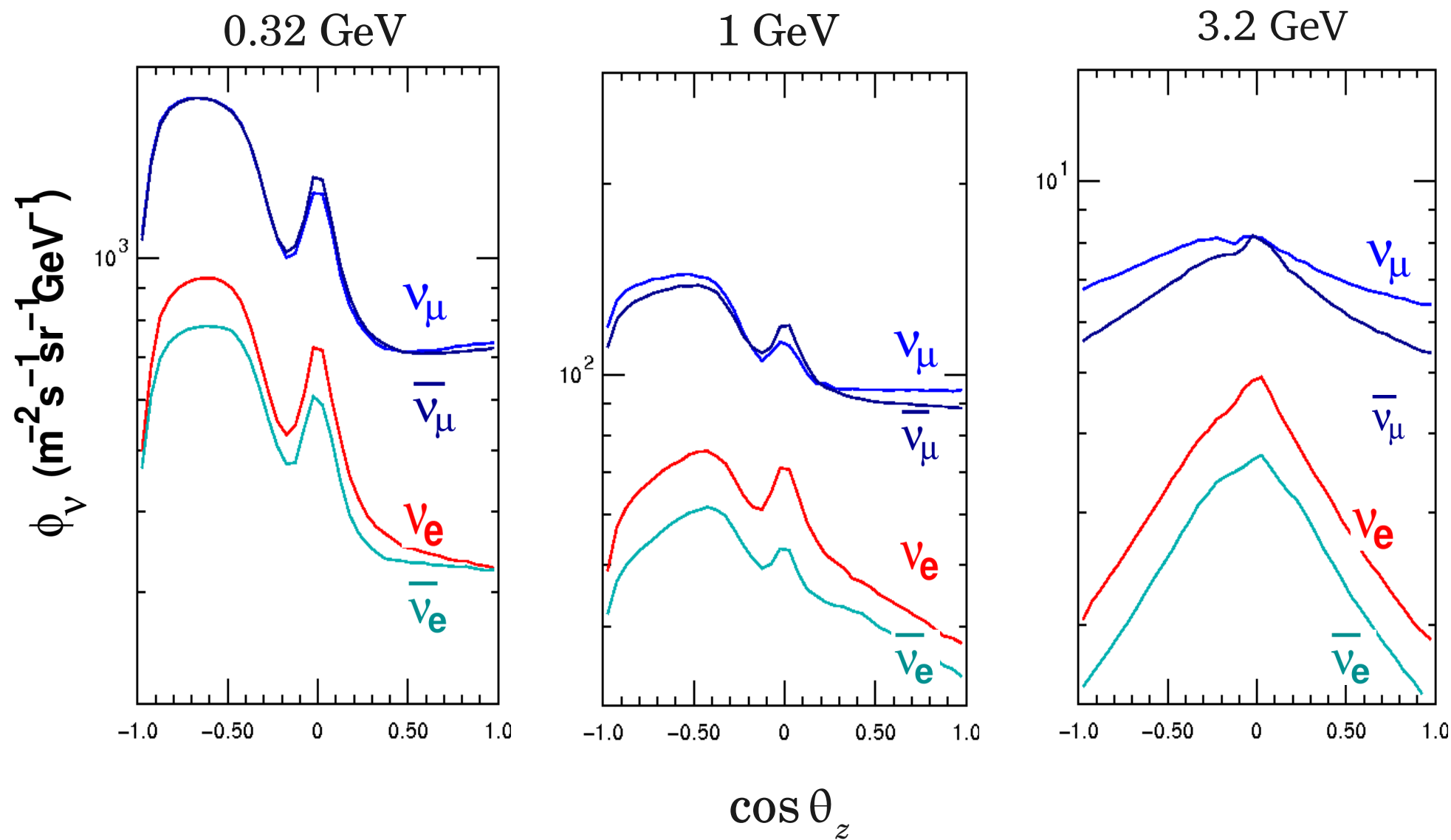
0.32 GeV

1 GeV

3.2 GeV



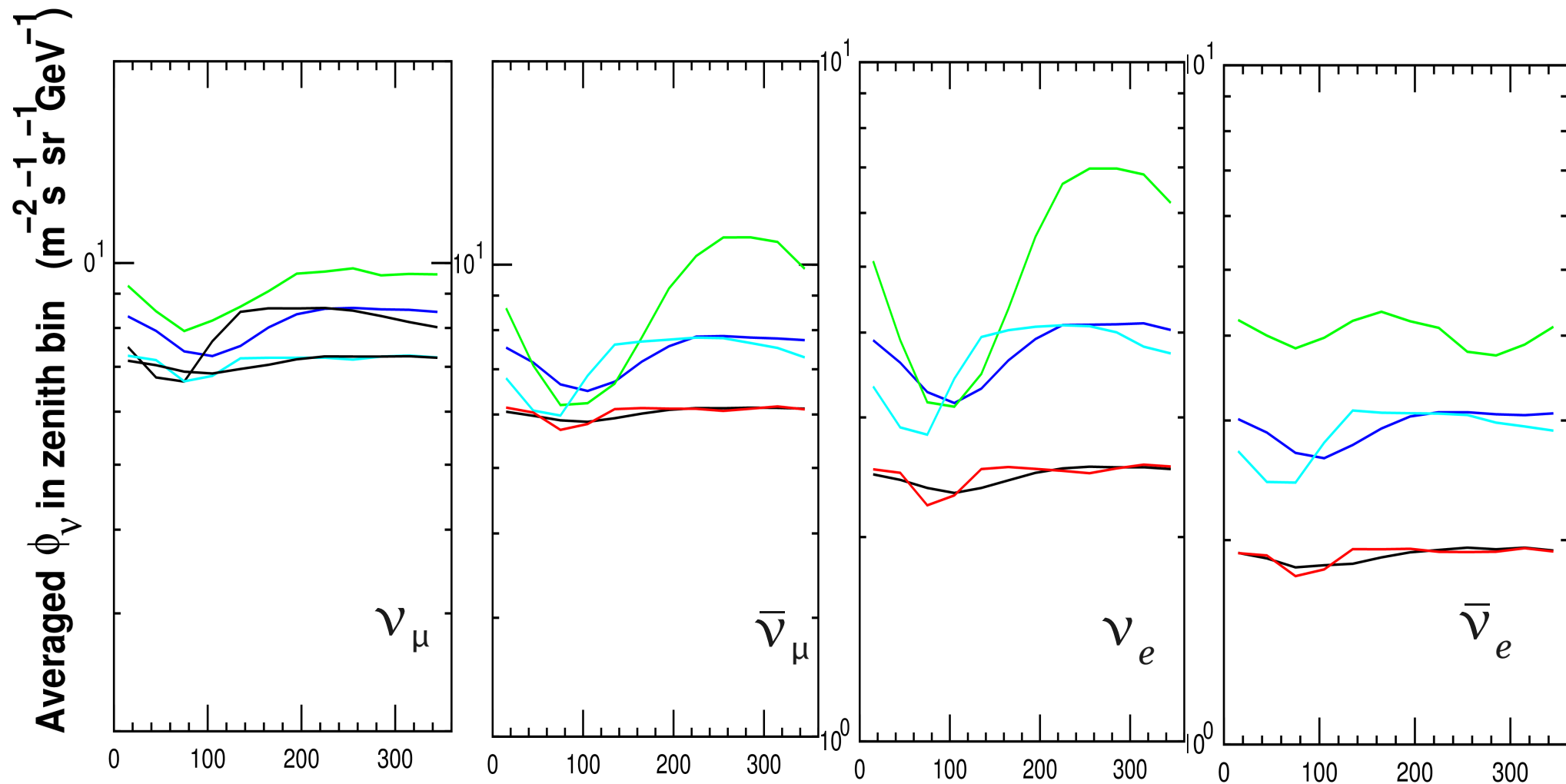
Zenith angle dependence of neutrino fluxes averaged over
all azimuth angles at INO



Azimuth angle dependence at SK

3.2 GeV

- $1.0 > \cos \theta > 0.6$
- $0.6 > \cos \theta > 0.2$
- $0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.2$
- $-0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.6$
- $-0.6 > \cos \theta > -1.0$

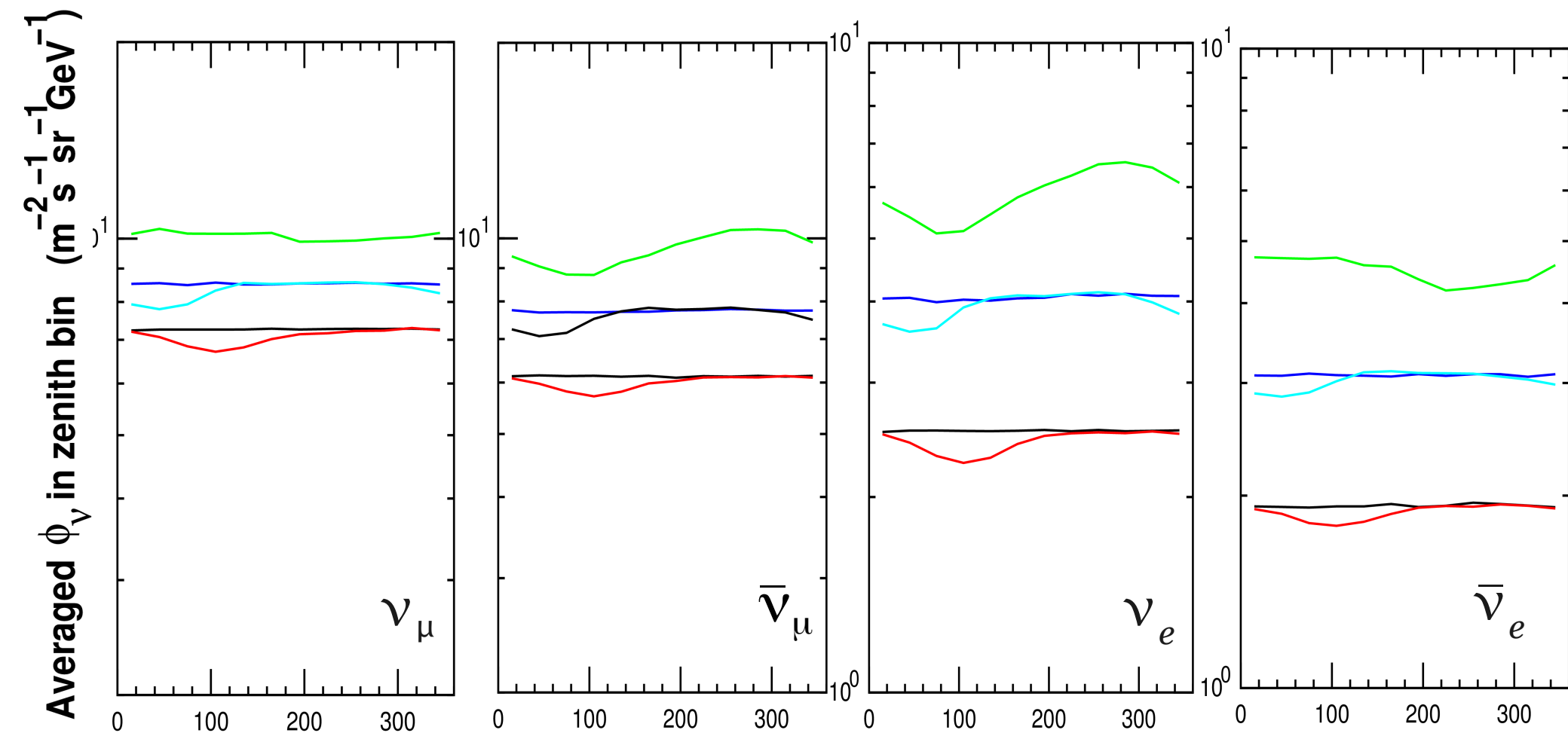


Counter clockwise azimuth angles measured from South

Azimuth angle dependence at Pylhasalmi

3.2 GeV

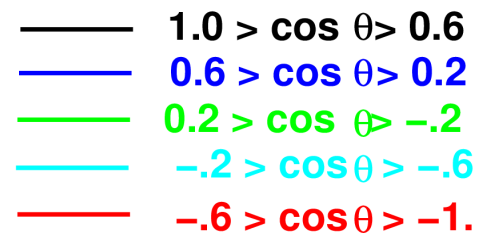
- $1.0 > \cos \theta > 0.6$
- $0.6 > \cos \theta > 0.2$
- $0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.2$
- $-0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.6$
- $-0.6 > \cos \theta > -1.0$



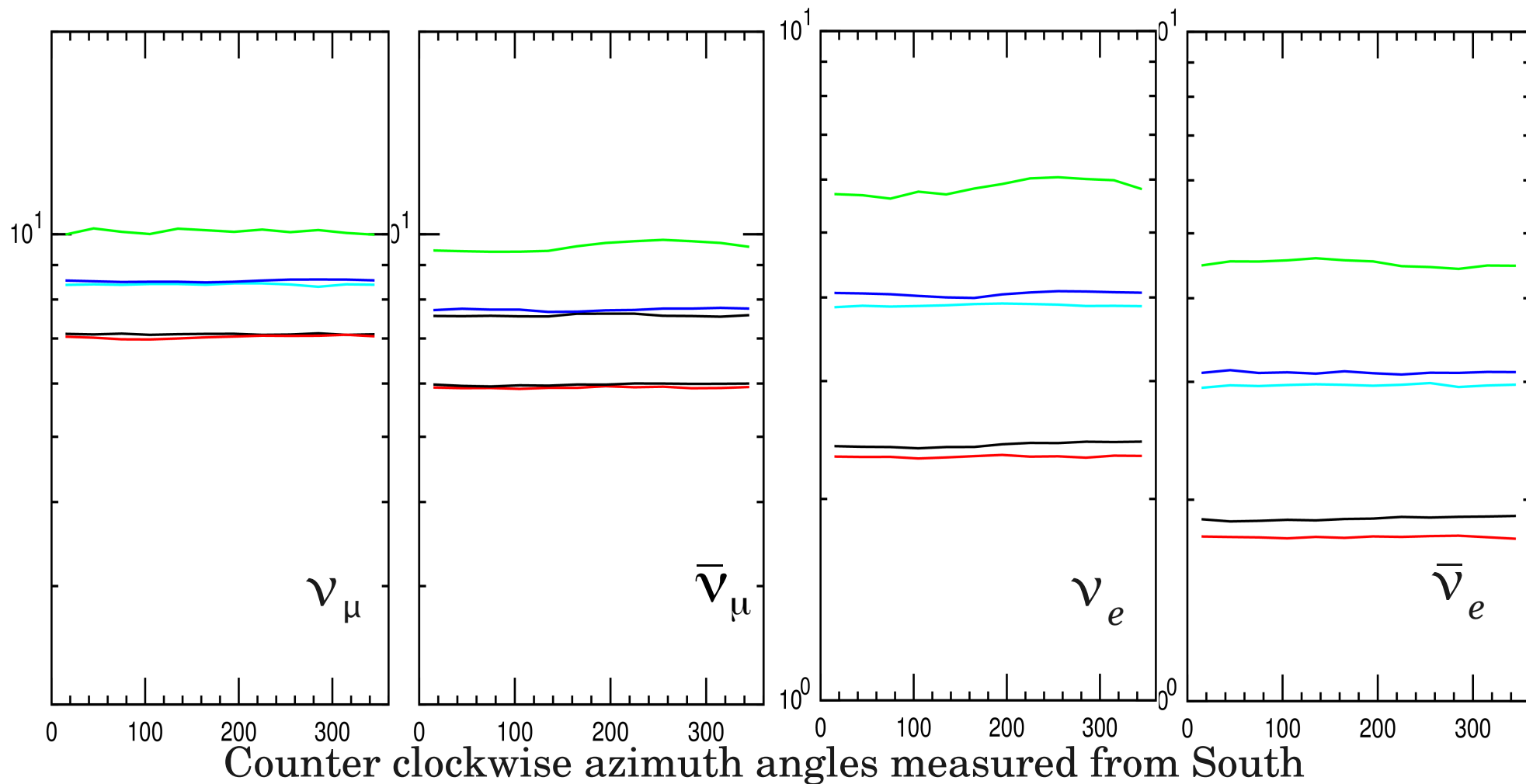
Counter clockwise azimuth angles measured from South

Azimuth angle dependence at SouthPole

3.2 GeV



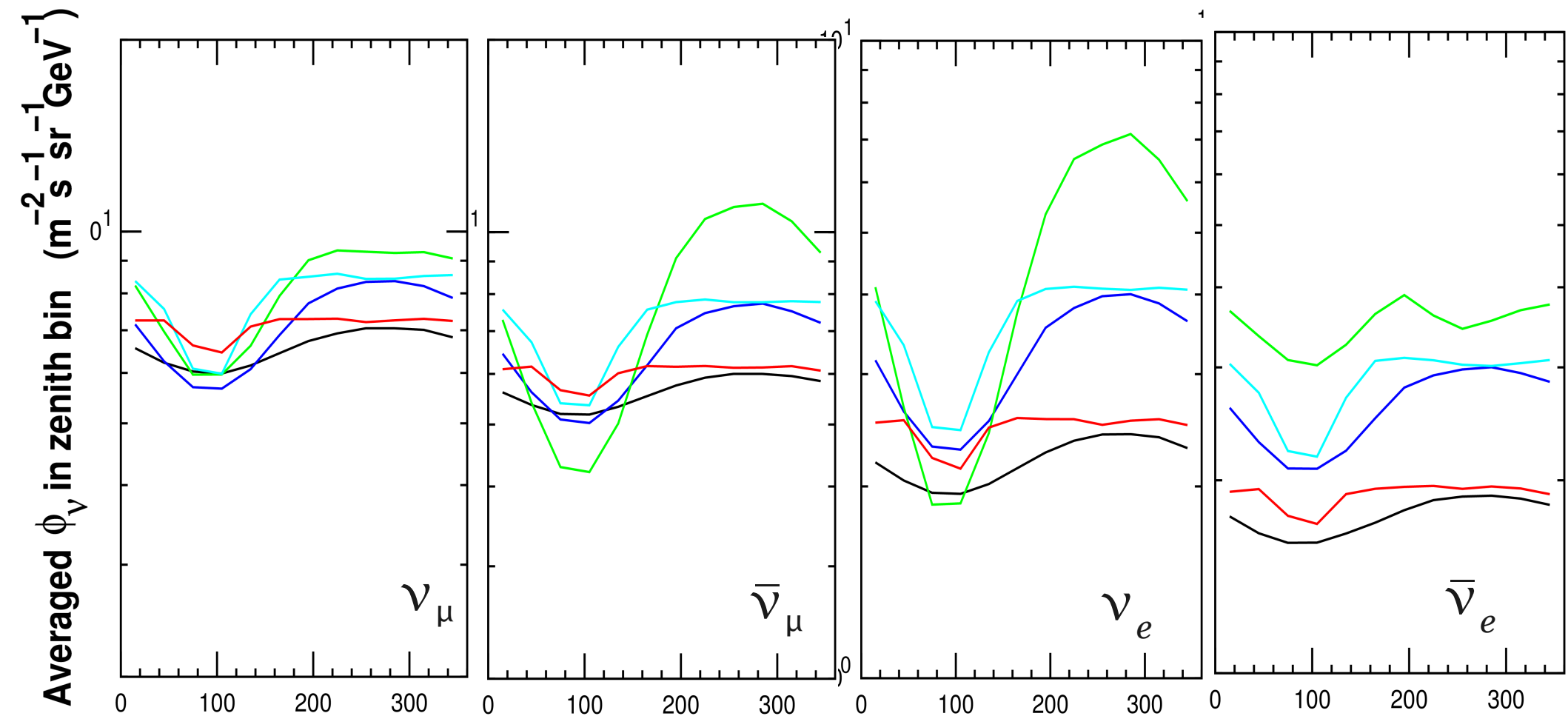
Averaged ϕ_ν in zenith bin (m s sr GeV^{-1})



Azimuth angle dependence at INO

3.2 GeV

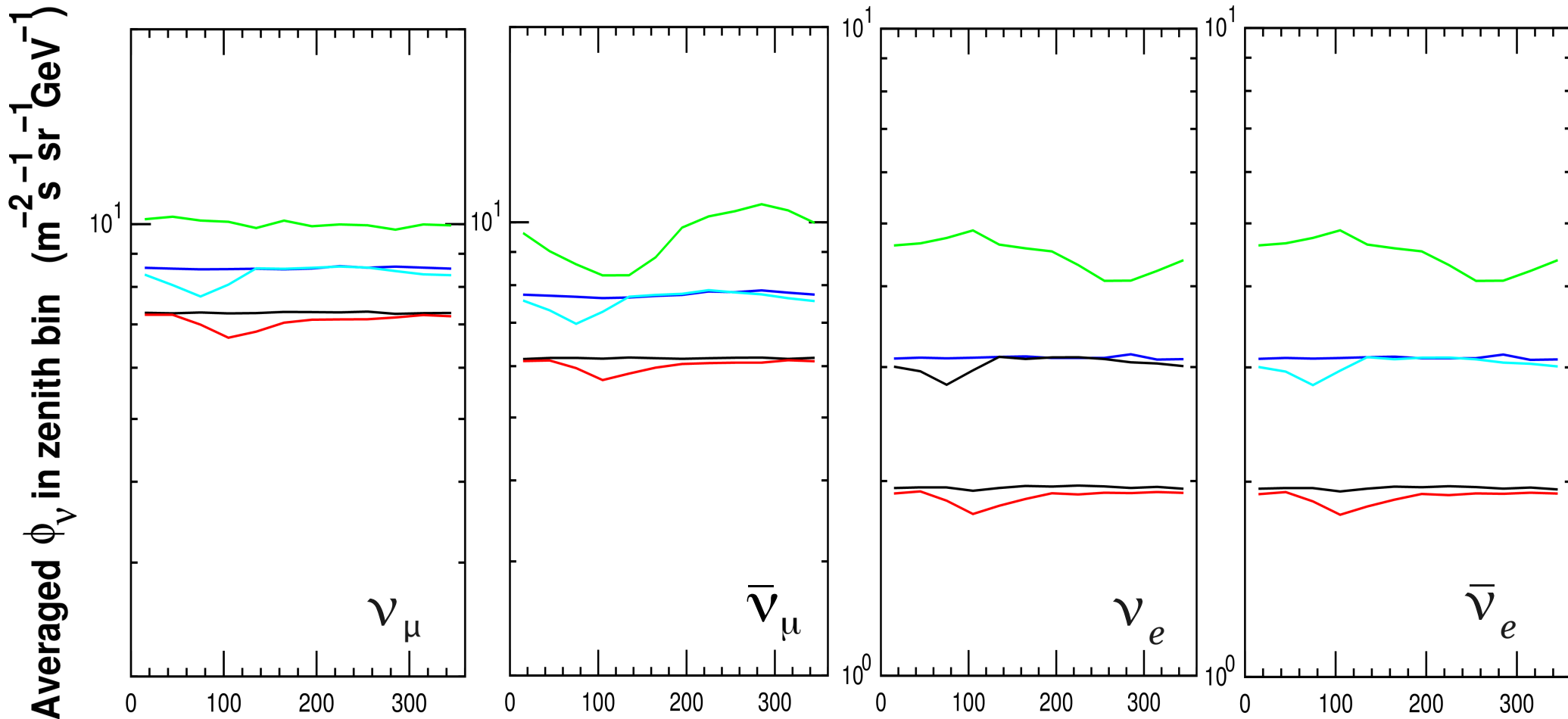
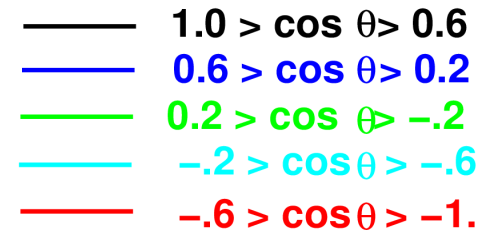
- $1.0 > \cos \theta > 0.6$
- $0.6 > \cos \theta > 0.2$
- $0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.2$
- $-0.2 > \cos \theta > -0.6$
- $-0.6 > \cos \theta > -1.0$



Counter clockwise azimuth angles measured from South

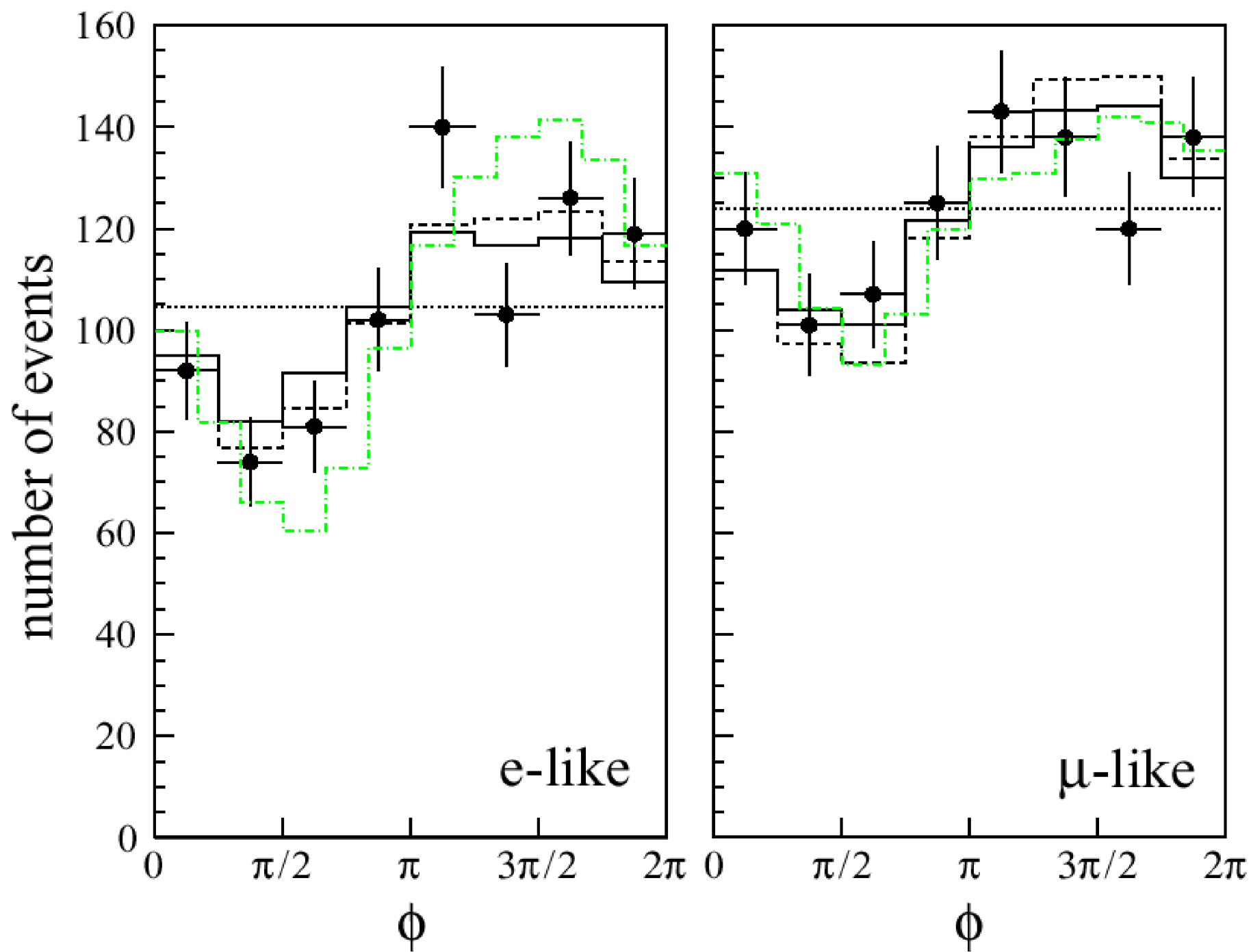
Azimuth angle dependence at SNO

3.2 GeV



Counter clockwise azimuth angles measured from South

Observed azimuth angle dependence at Kamiokande



Muon bending

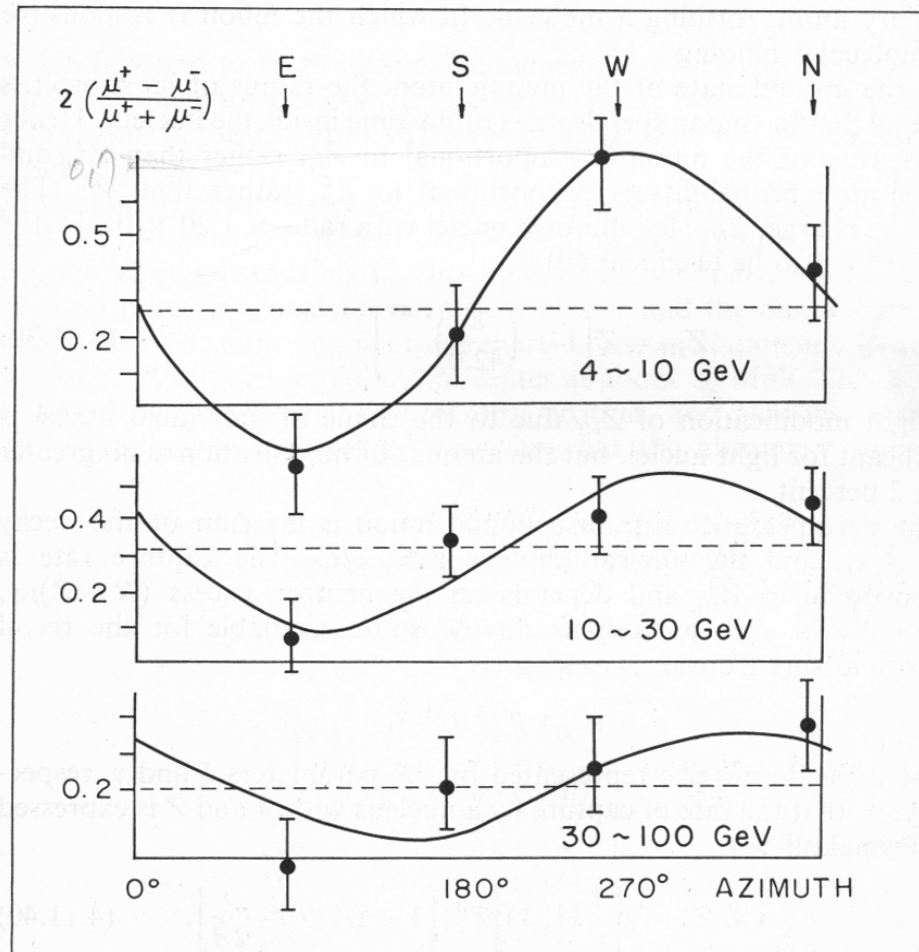
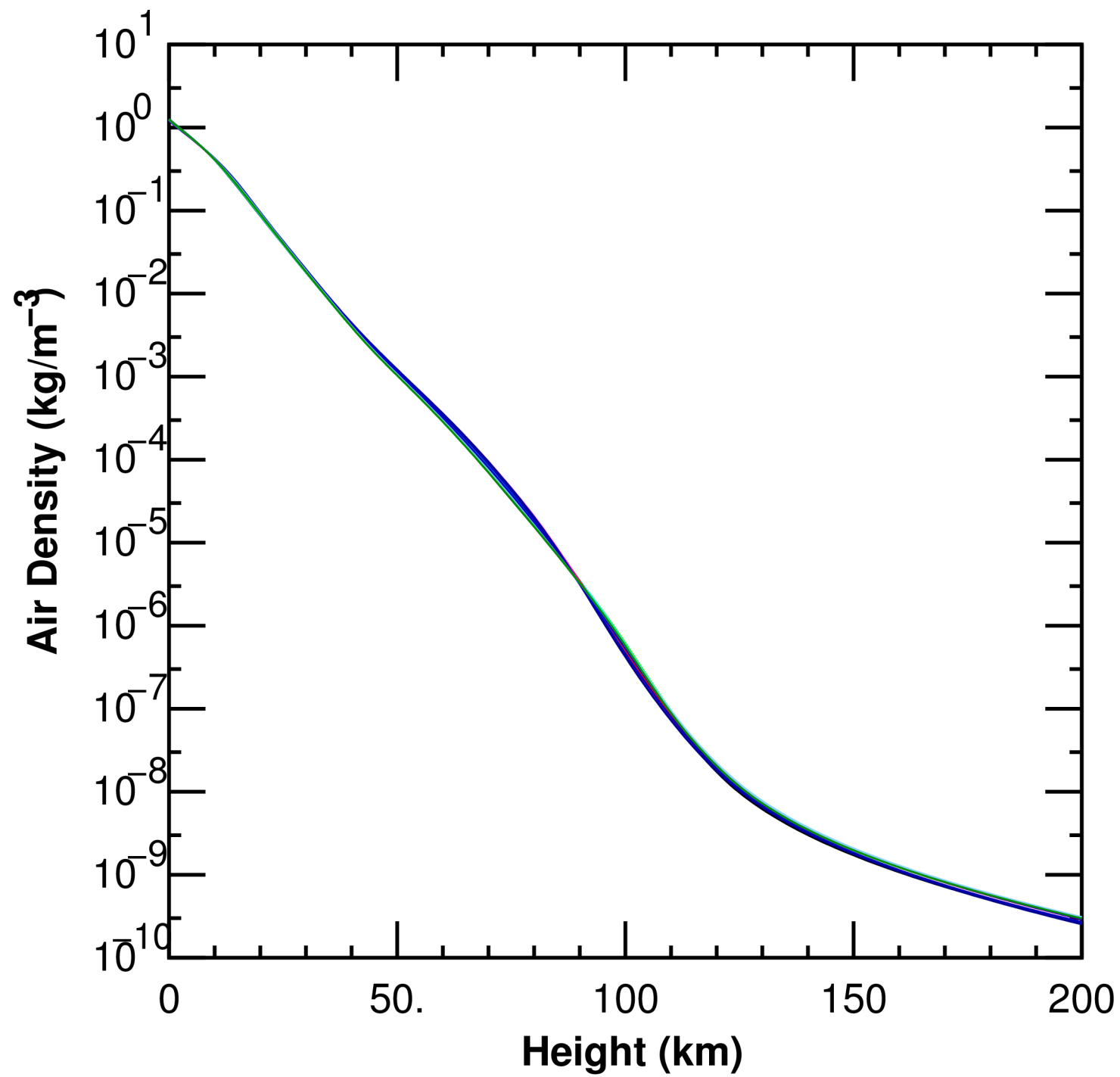
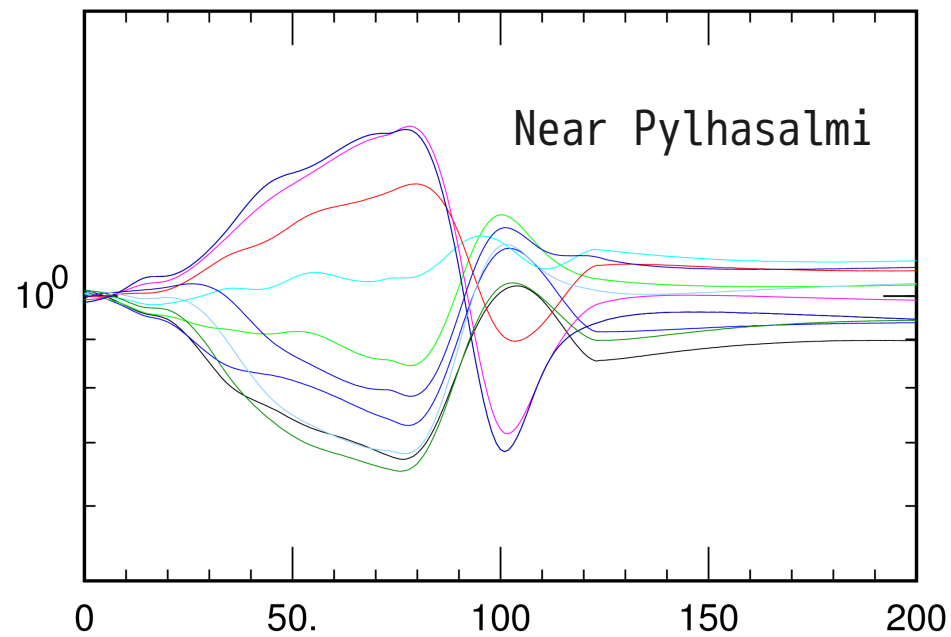
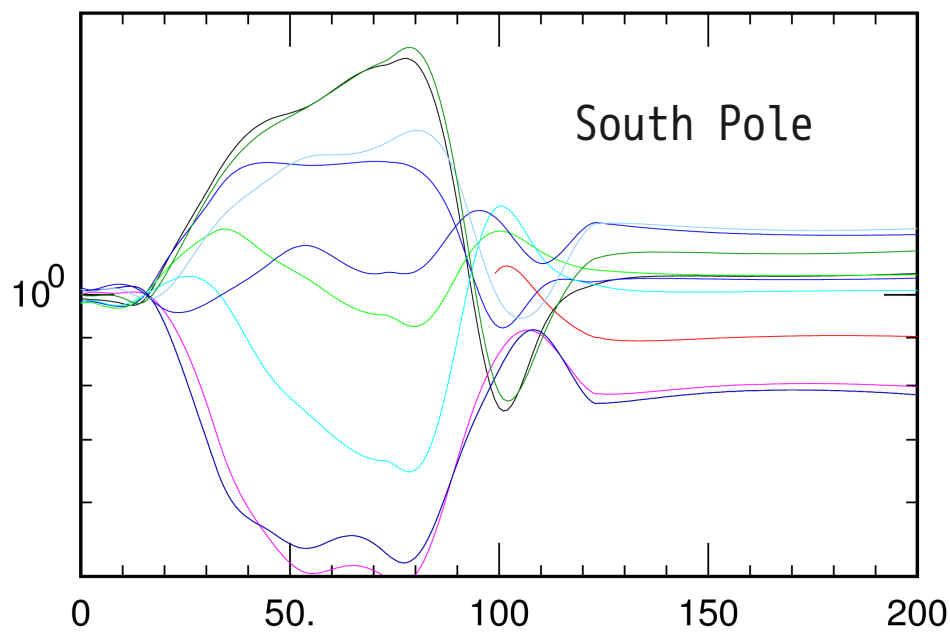
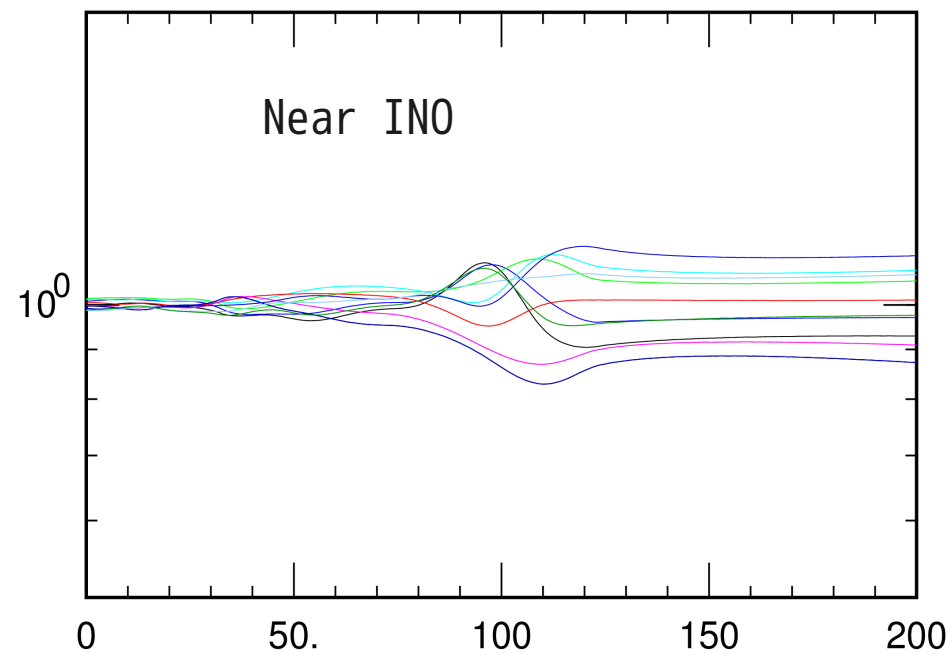
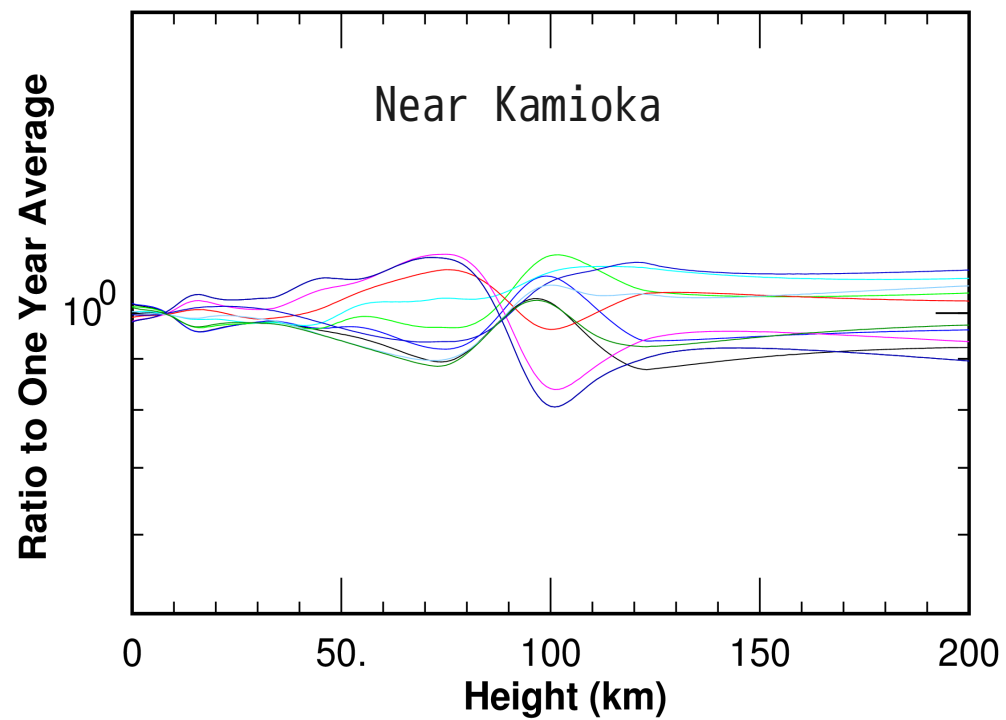


Fig. 4.27 Azimuth dependence of the positive excess of muons at zenith angle 78° at sea level. The energy intervals of sea-level muons are indicated (Kamiya 62).

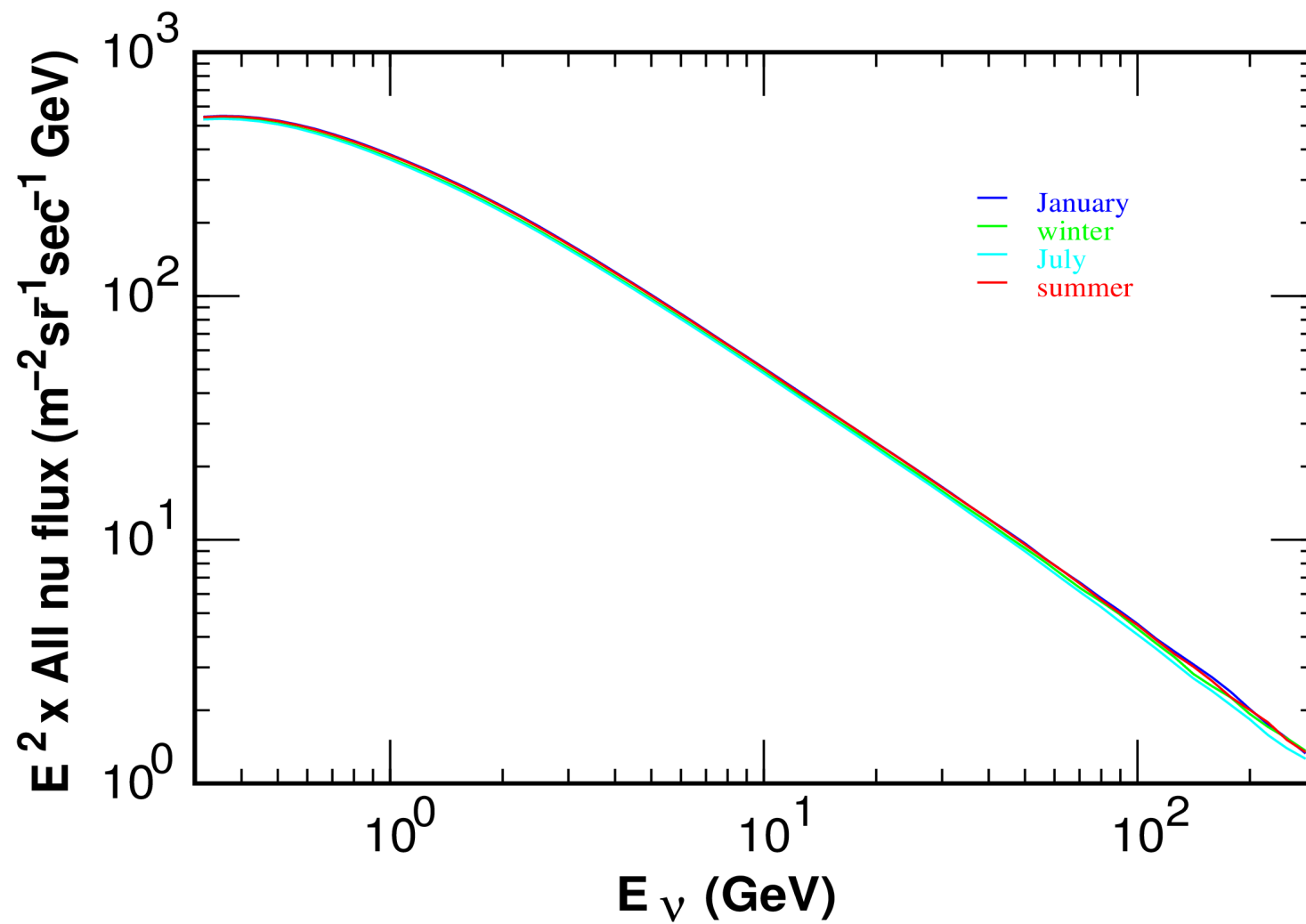
From Hayakawa "Cosmic Ray"



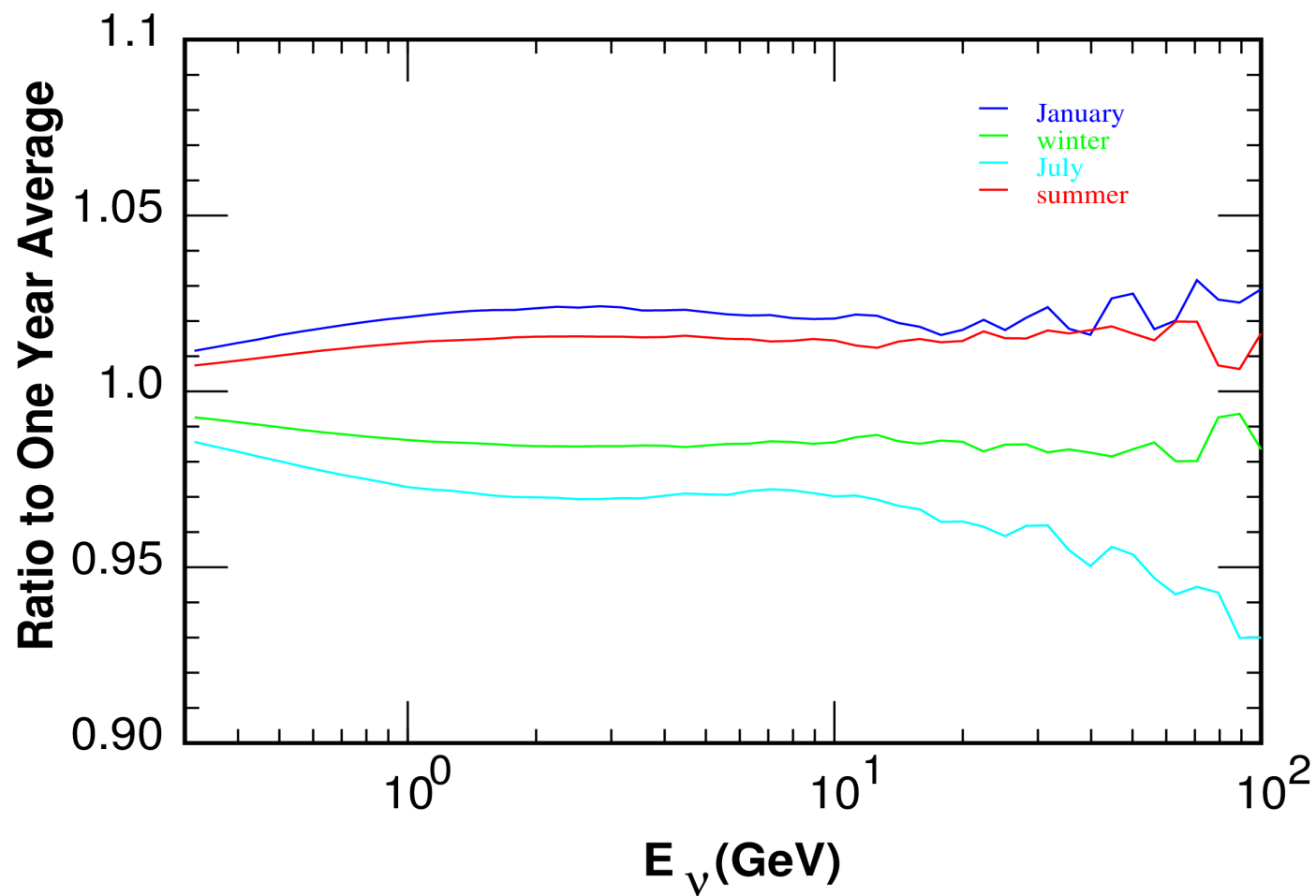
Time Variation of Air density in a Year



Seasonal variation of neutrino flux at South Pole



Seasonal variation of neutrino flux in ratio



まとまらない、まとめ

- 新しい実験サイトに対する、大気ニュートリノの計算が進んでいる(PL in print)が、統計不足で、季節変化が十分理解できていない。
- 高いエネルギーのニュートリノフラックスに大して、新しい一次宇宙線観測、加速器実験の結果が重要であるが、まだ十分取り込めていない。
- まだまだやることが、...



トモエガモ