

CLIO cryostat design

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Design policy

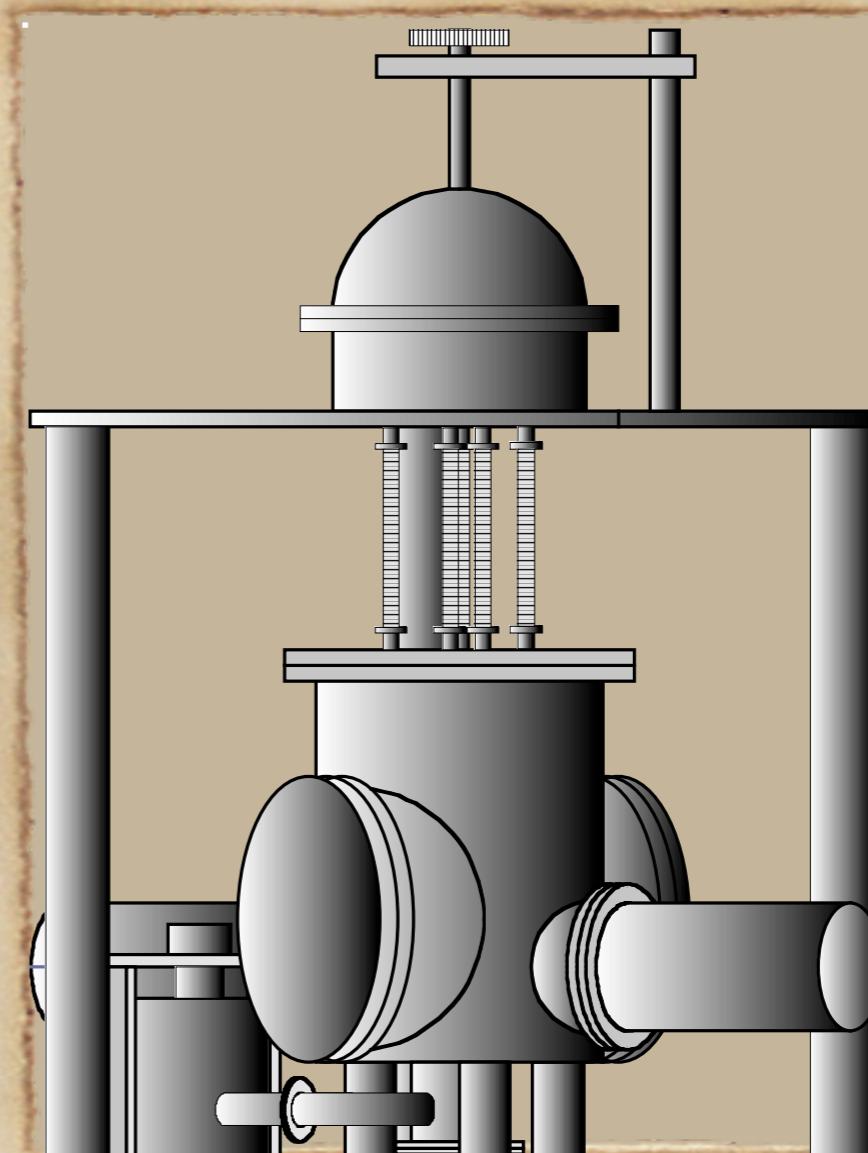
- ◆ Succession to CLIK
 - ◆ use of refrigerators
 - ◆ surface area
- ◆ Improve of CLIK
 - ◆ initial cooling
 - ◆ vibration isolation
- ◆ Easy handling
 - ◆ one person operation
 - ◆ access

Contents

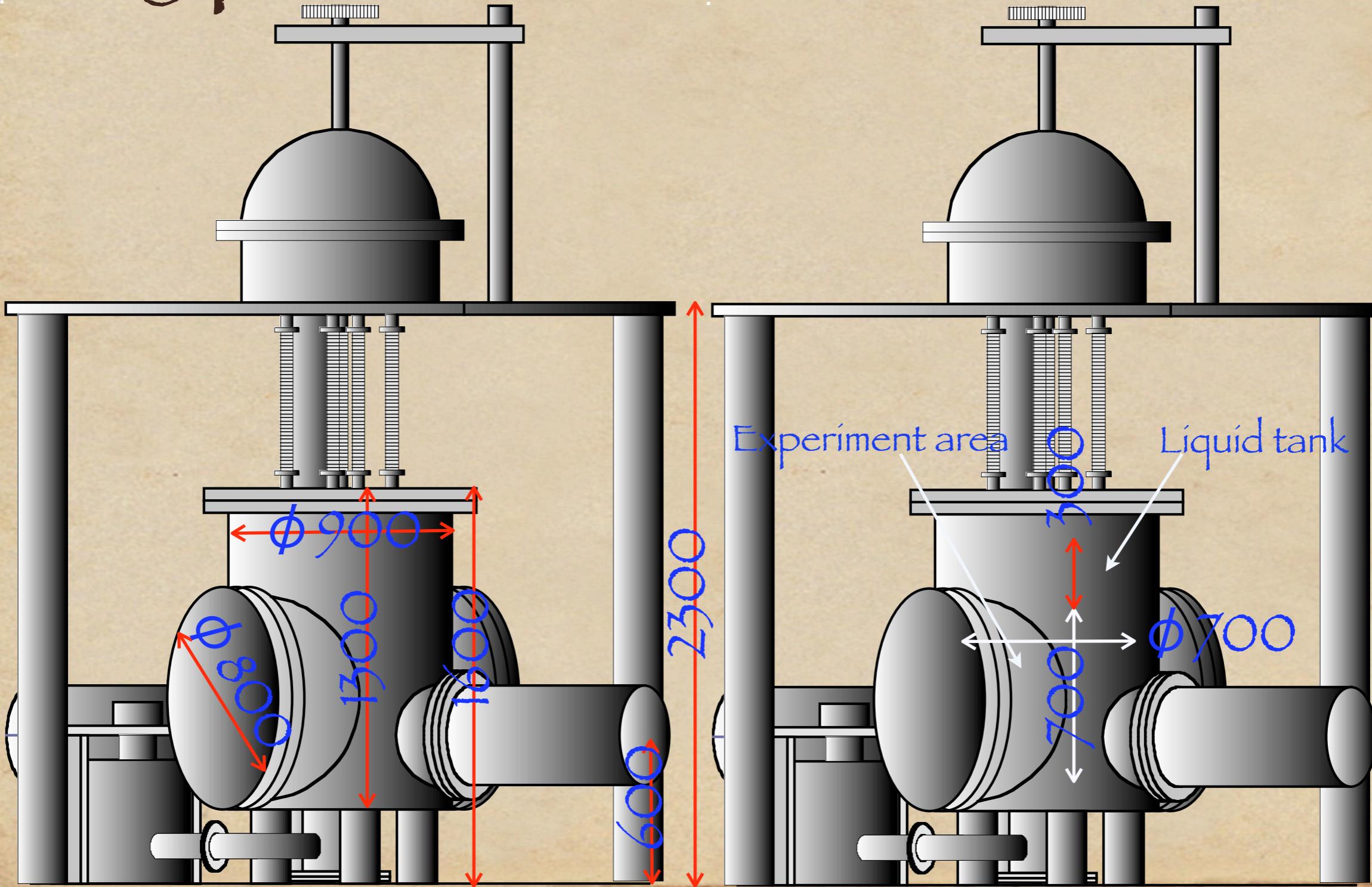
- ◆ Design policy
- ◆ Overview of new cryostat.
- ◆ Initial cooling strategy.
- ◆ Vibration isolation strategy.
- ◆ Access inside.
- ◆ etc.
- ◆ Experiment plan.

Overview of new cryostat

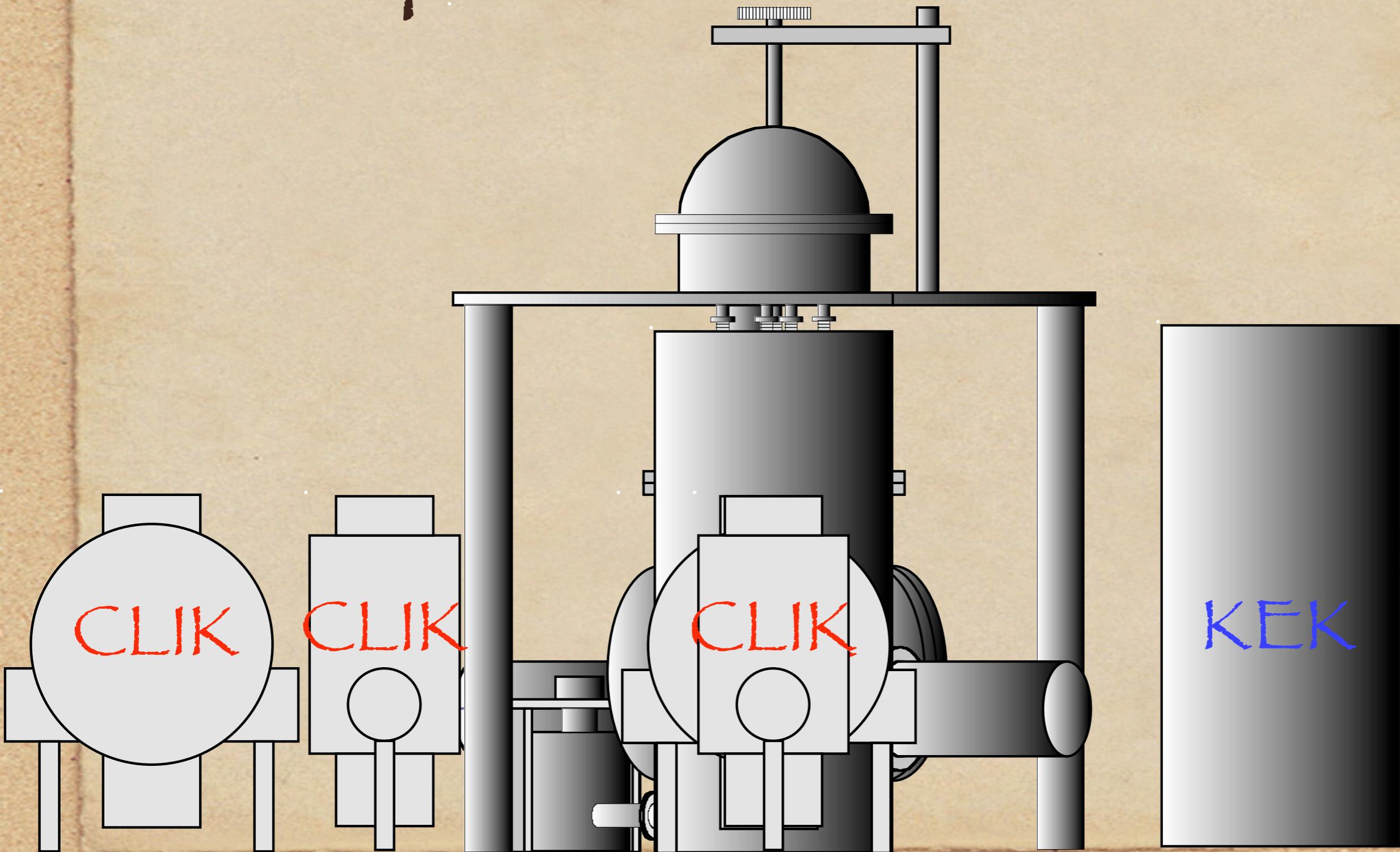
- ◆ Cylindrical mirror tank
 - ◆ $\phi 900 \times 1300$
 - ◆ height; 1600
 - ◆ beam height; 600
 - ◆ 40K S. A $\approx 5m^2$
 - ◆ same as CLIK
 - ◆ 4K volume;
 - ◆ $\phi 700 \times 700 \approx 270L$
 - ◆ 200L (CLIK)
 - ◆ 100L liquid tank



Typical dimensions

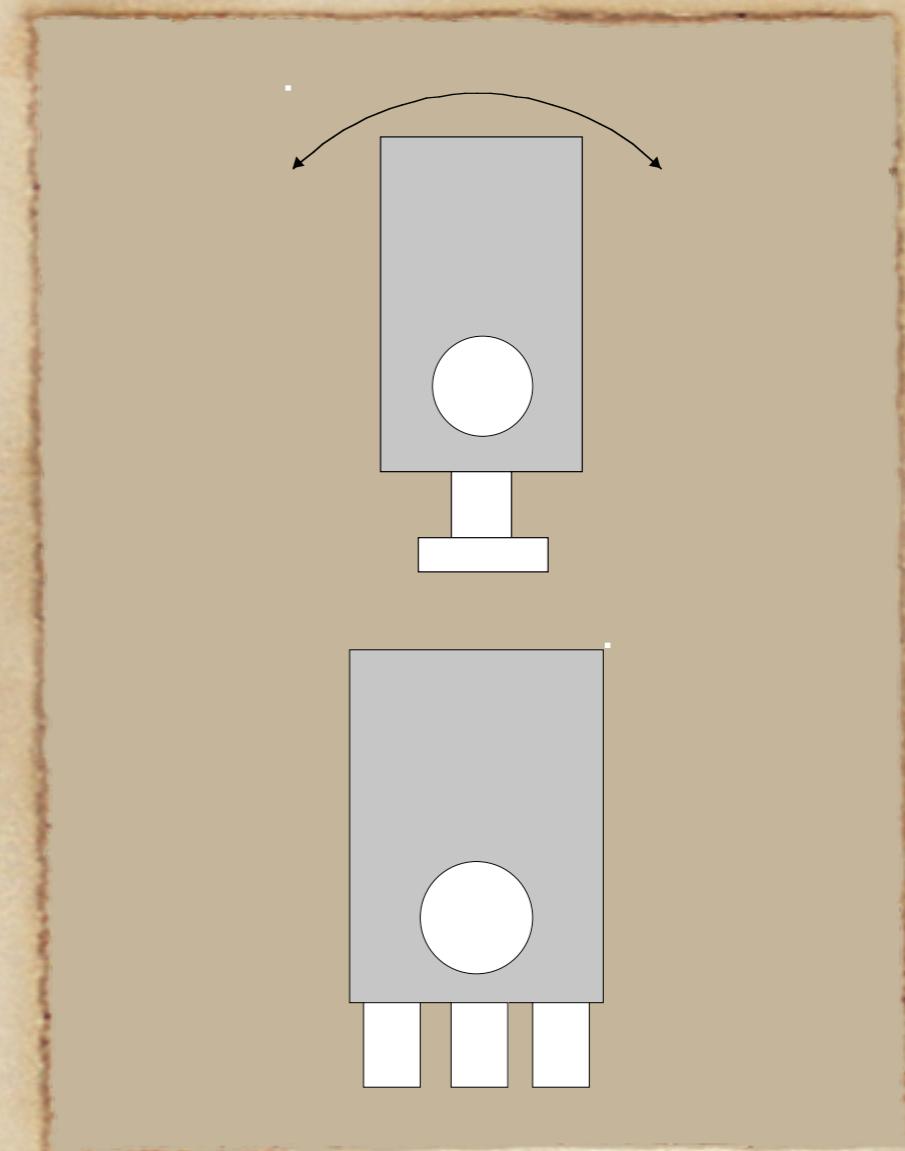


Compare with others



Cylindrical body

- ◆ CLIK
 - ◆ unstable set up
 - ◆ one leg, small area of the base
- ◆ Improvements
 - ◆ three legs
 - ◆ larger base area
- ◆ Access inside?

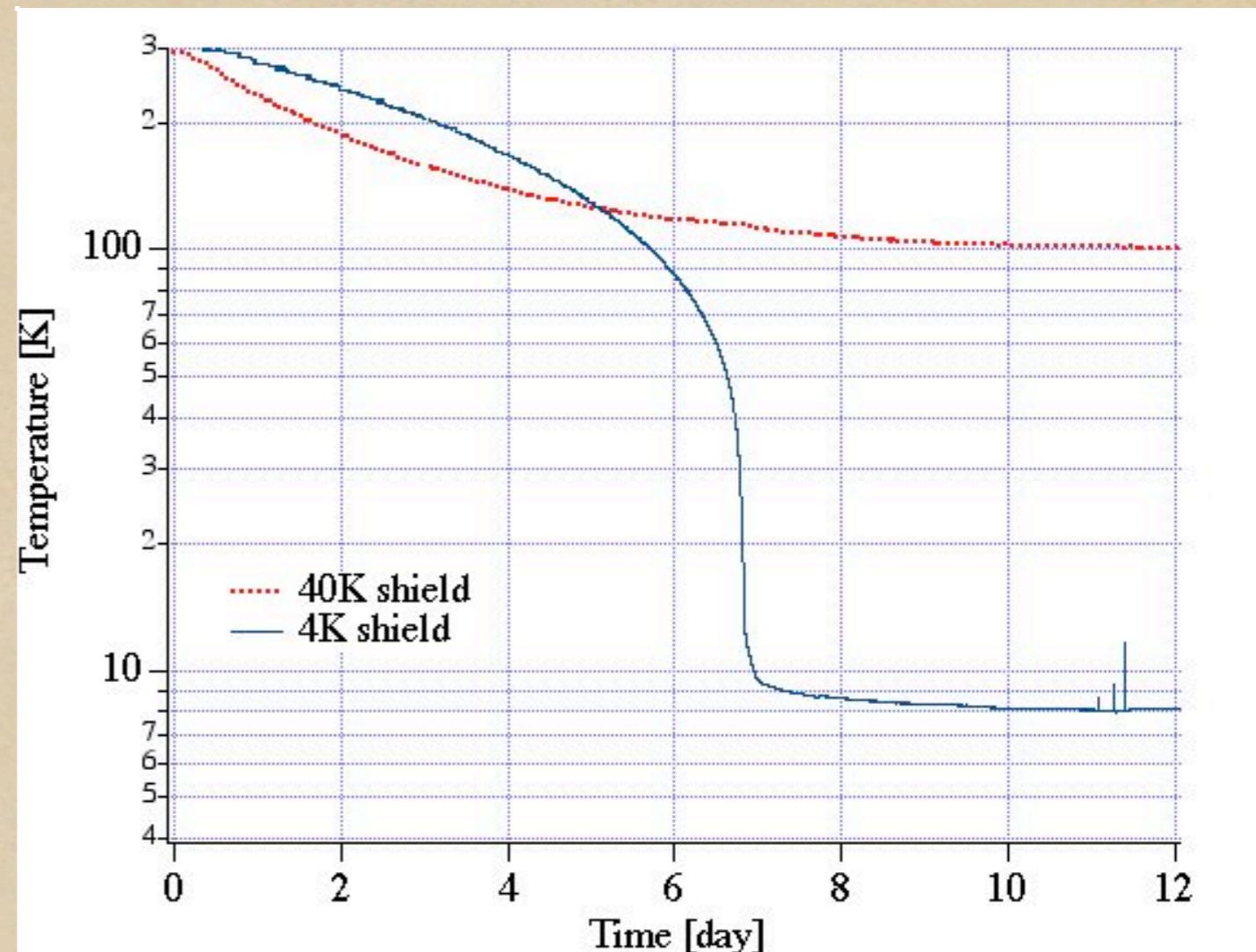


Liquid tank

- ◆ Refrigerator free operation
 - ◆ $100\text{L} = 270\text{h} = 11 \text{ days (20W heat)}$
 - ◆ 2 - 3 days operation may be possible.
- ◆ Initial cooling
 - ◆ 50L of liquid N₂.
- ◆ $\phi 700 \times 300 = 115\text{L}$

Initial cooling strategy

- ◆ 6 days for 90K.
- ◆ 1 day for 8K.
- ◆ Thermal switch
- ◆ N2 evaporation



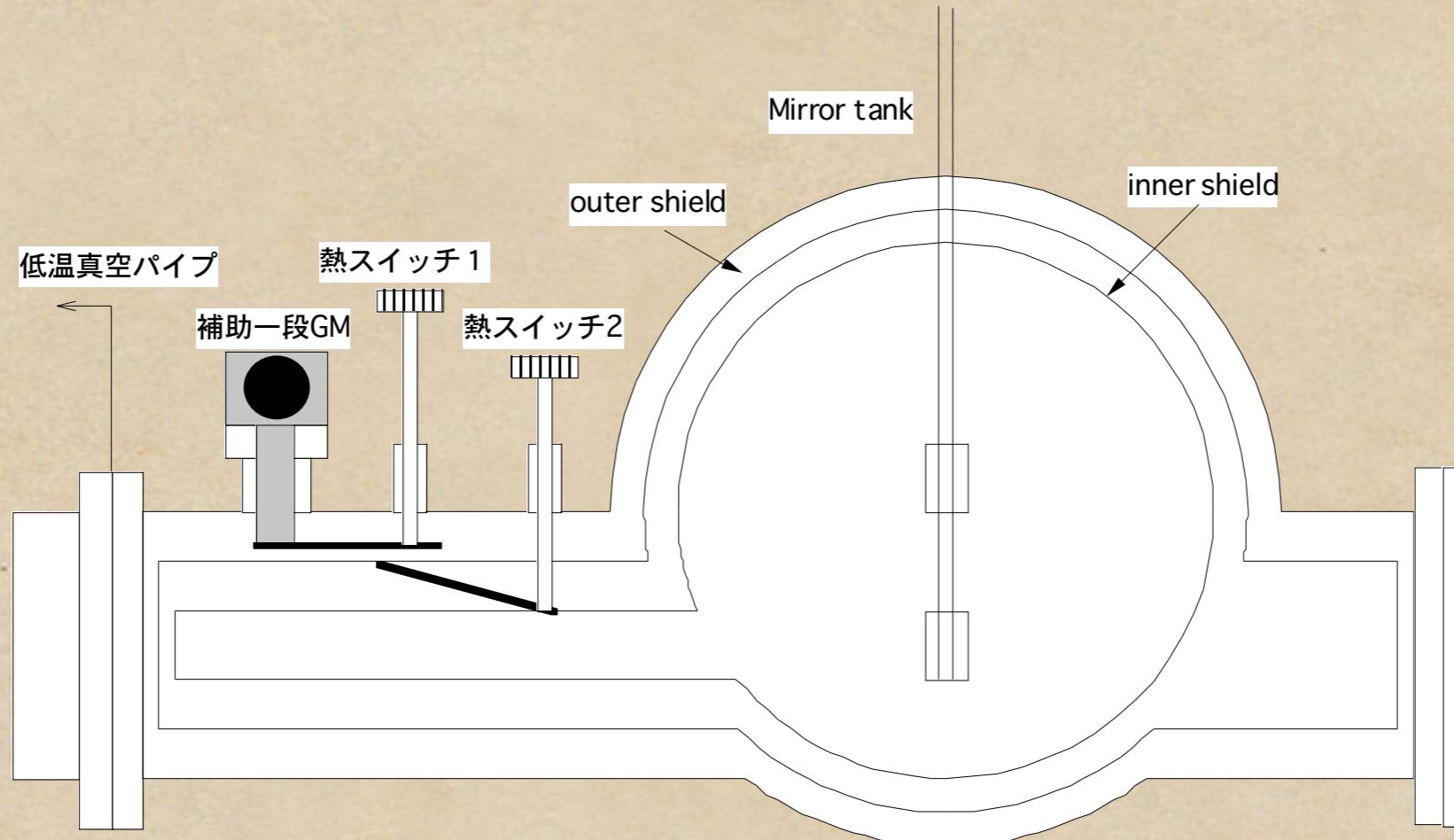
Initial cooling strategy

- thermal switch

- ◆ Support GM refrigerator
- ◆ Two thermal switch
 - ◆ 300K-outer shield
 - ◆ outer-inner shield
- ◆ No liquid
- ◆ 2/3 cooling time(2 days - 4 days)

Initial cooling strategy

- thermal switch 2



Initial cooling strategy

-N₂ evaporation method

- ◆ Use liquid N₂
 - ◆ N₂ evaporation - cool inner shield
 - ◆ N₂ gas enthalpy - cool outer shield
- ◆ Already tested in KEK cryostat
 - ◆ less than 20 hours for 90K

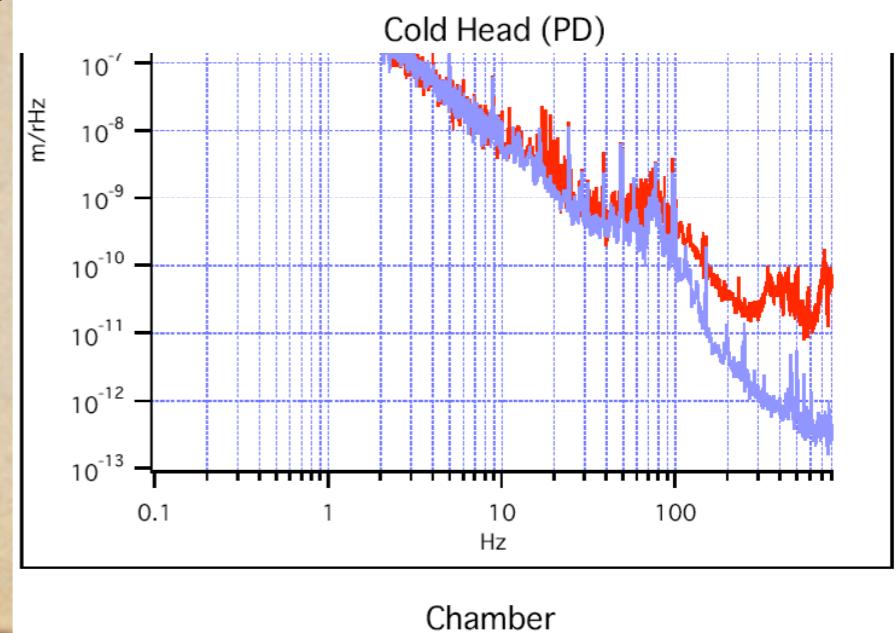
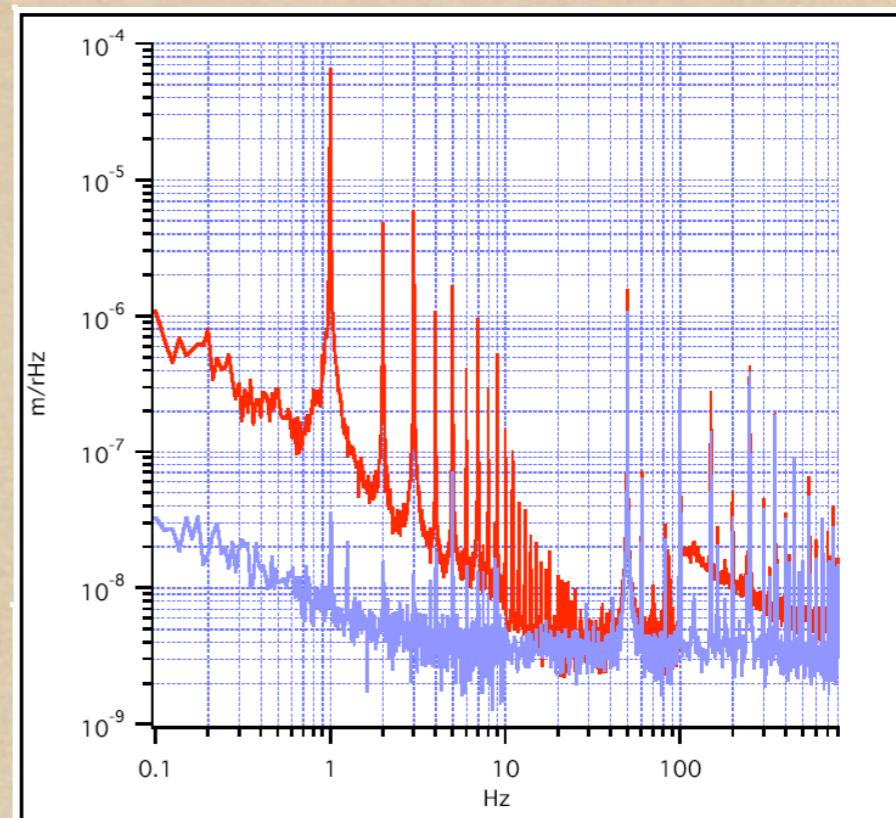
Initial cooling strategy

- conclusion

- ◆ Both method applied?
- ◆ Thermal switch - initial cooling
- ◆ Liquid tank - refrigerator free operation

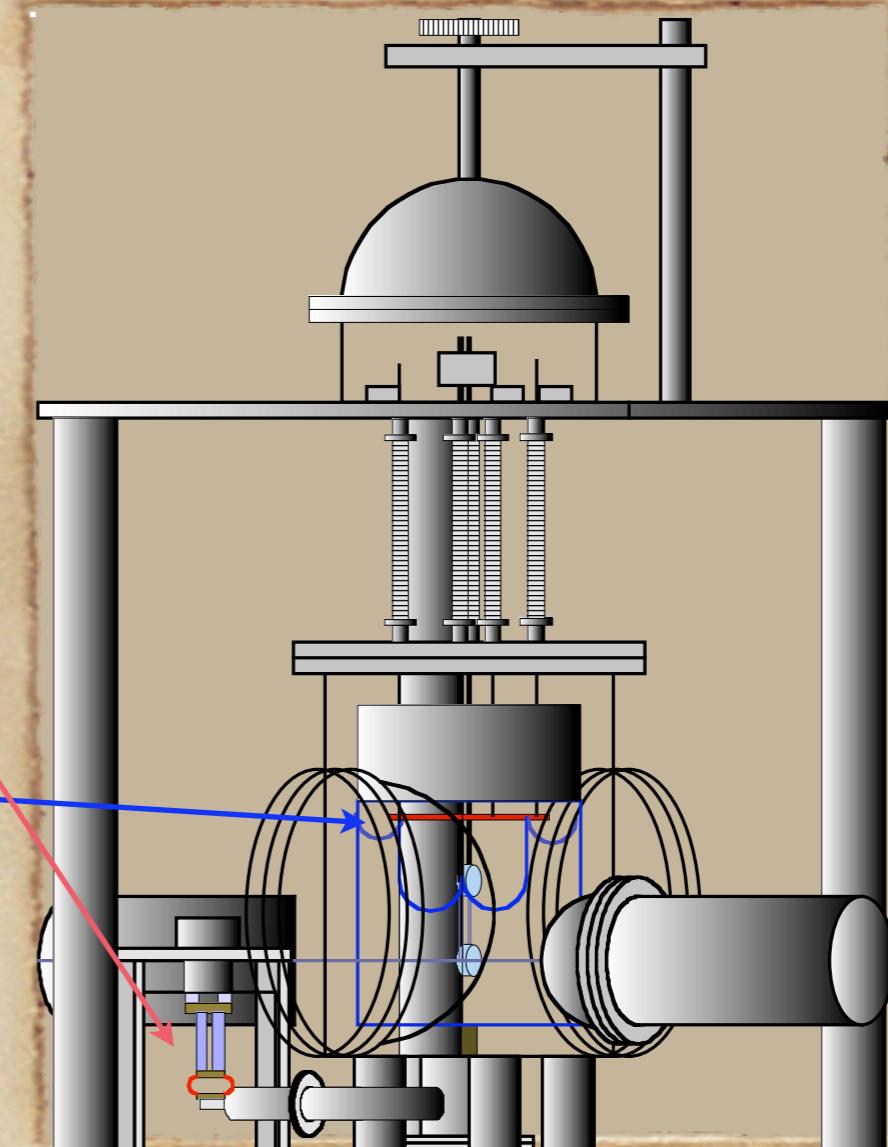
Vibration noise of refrigerator

- ◆ Two kinds noise source.
- ◆ 1Hz cold stage vibration.
 - ◆ 10^{-4} m/rtHz
 - ◆ 10^{-9} m/rtHz @ Kamioka
 - ◆ -100dB
- ◆ Around 100Hz surface wave.
 - ◆ 10^{-10} m/rtHz
 - ◆ 10^{-12} m/rtHz @ Kamioka
 - ◆ -40dB

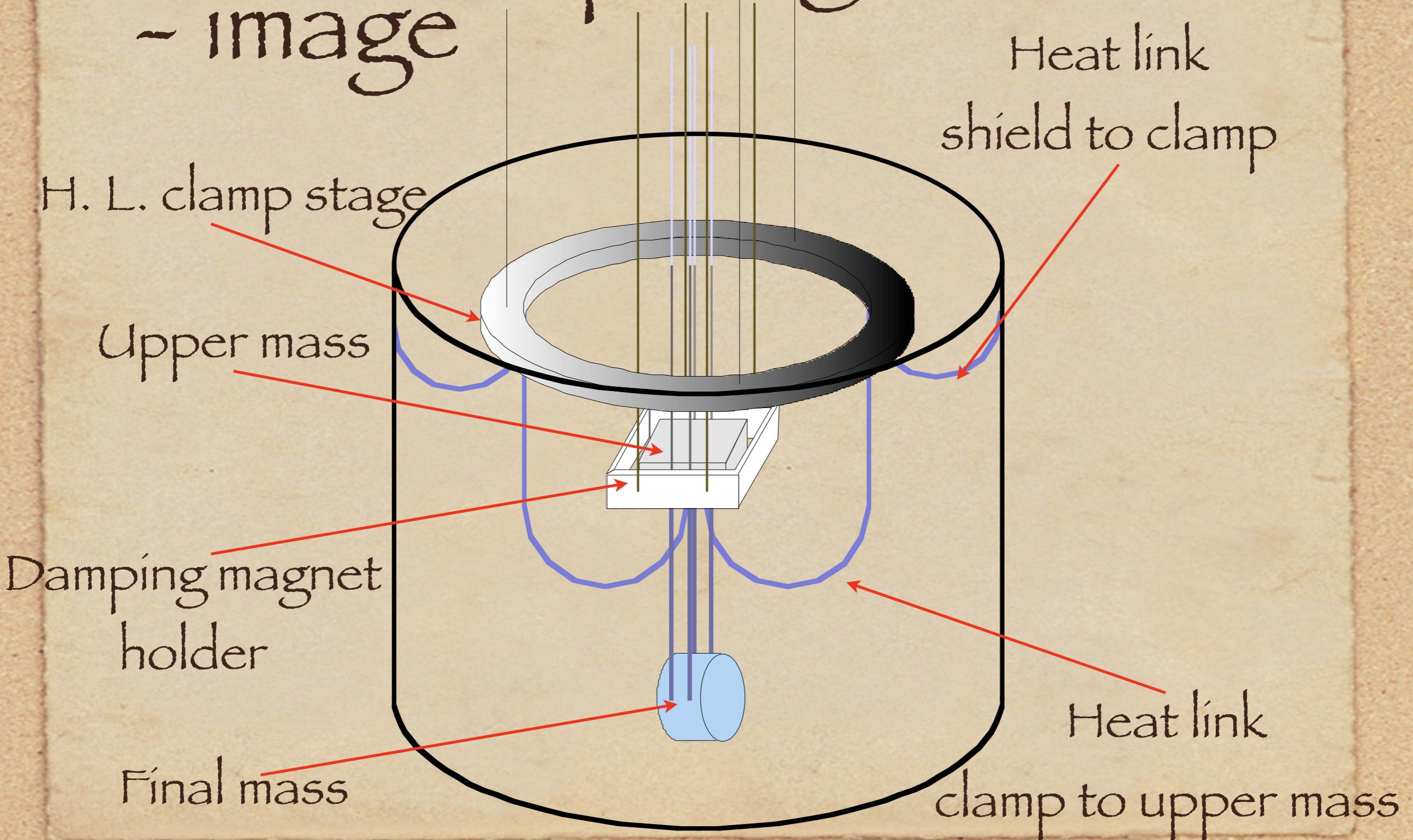


Vibration isolation strategy

- ◆ Two stages vibration isolation
- ◆ Cold head isolator
 - ◆ SUMITOMO
 - ◆ -40dB for 1Hz
- ◆ Suspended H. L clamp stage
 - ◆ -40dB for 1Hz
 - ◆ more than -40dB isolation at 100Hz.



H. L. clamp stage - image



H. L. clamp stage - concept

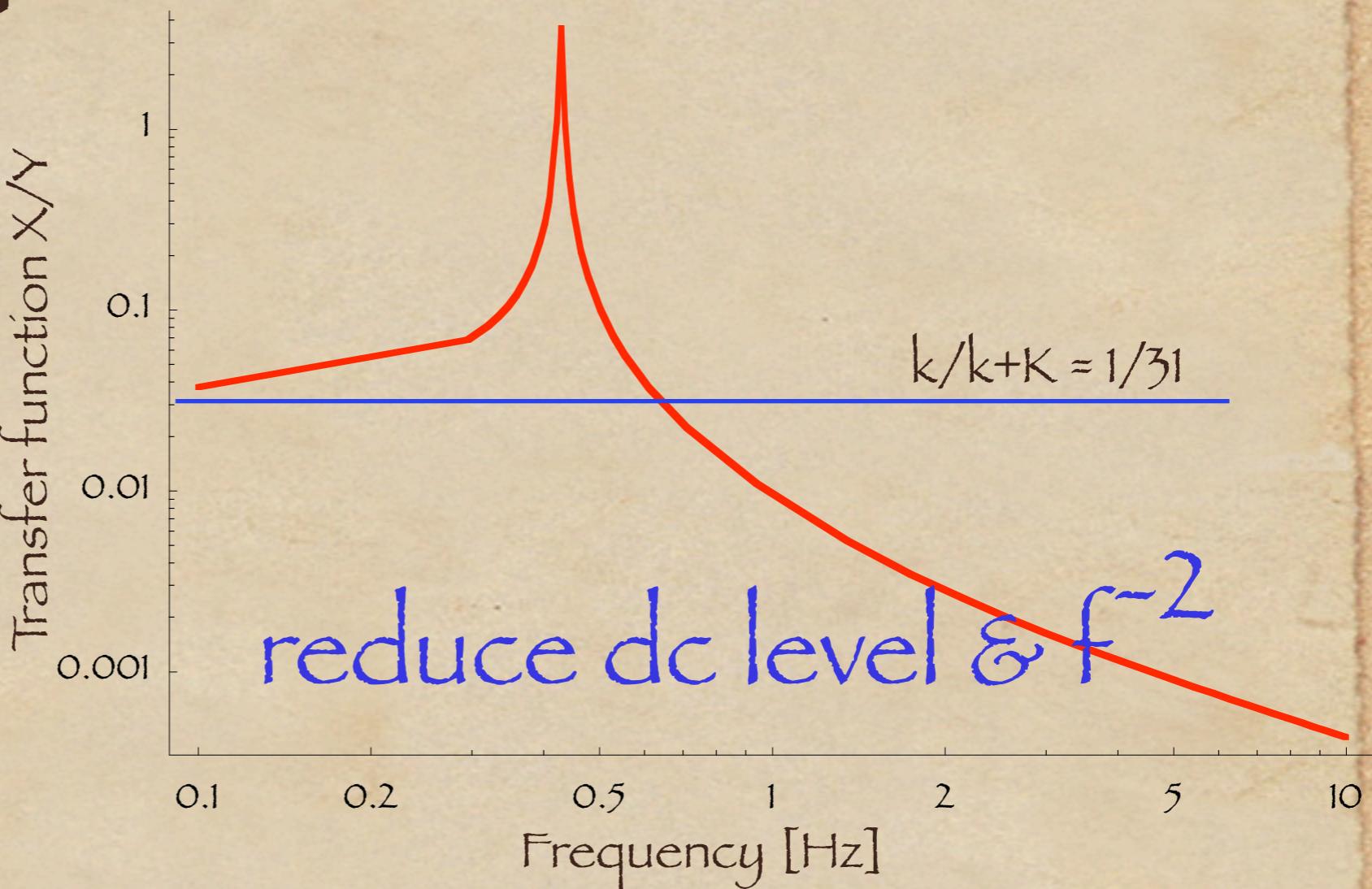
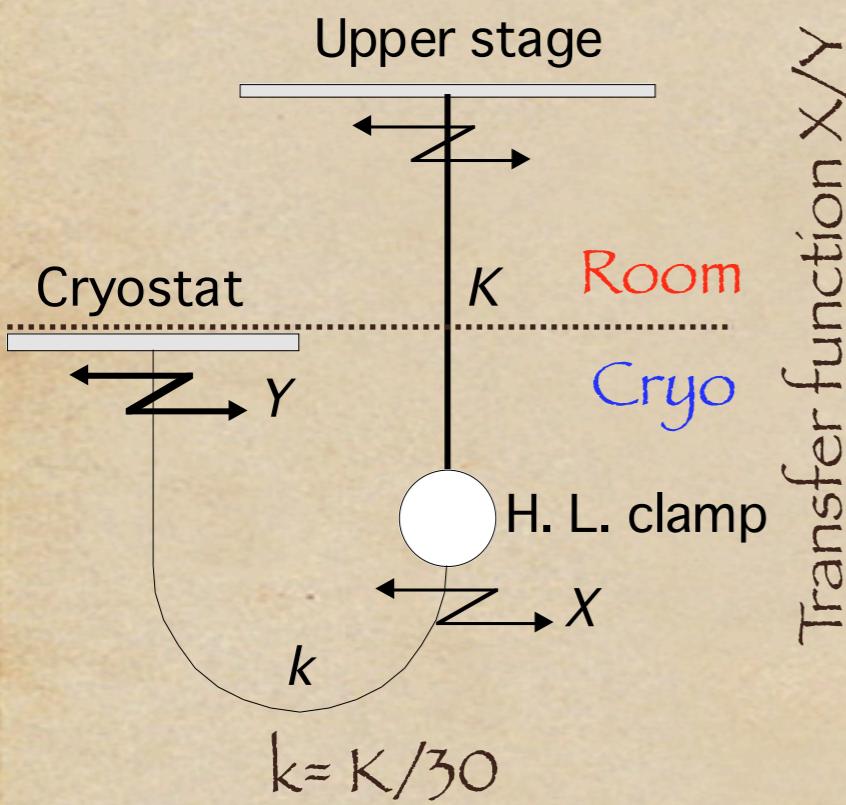
- ◆ Vibration isolation concept
 - ◆ Fix to the ground.
 - ◆ Radiation shields are hard to be fixed.
- ◆ We need...
 - ◆ not quiet shields,
 - ◆ quiet heat link clamp.
- ◆ To make quiet heat link clamp...
 - ◆ suspend from quiet place.
 - ◆ upper stage.
 - ◆ on the ground.

H. L. clamp stage

- features

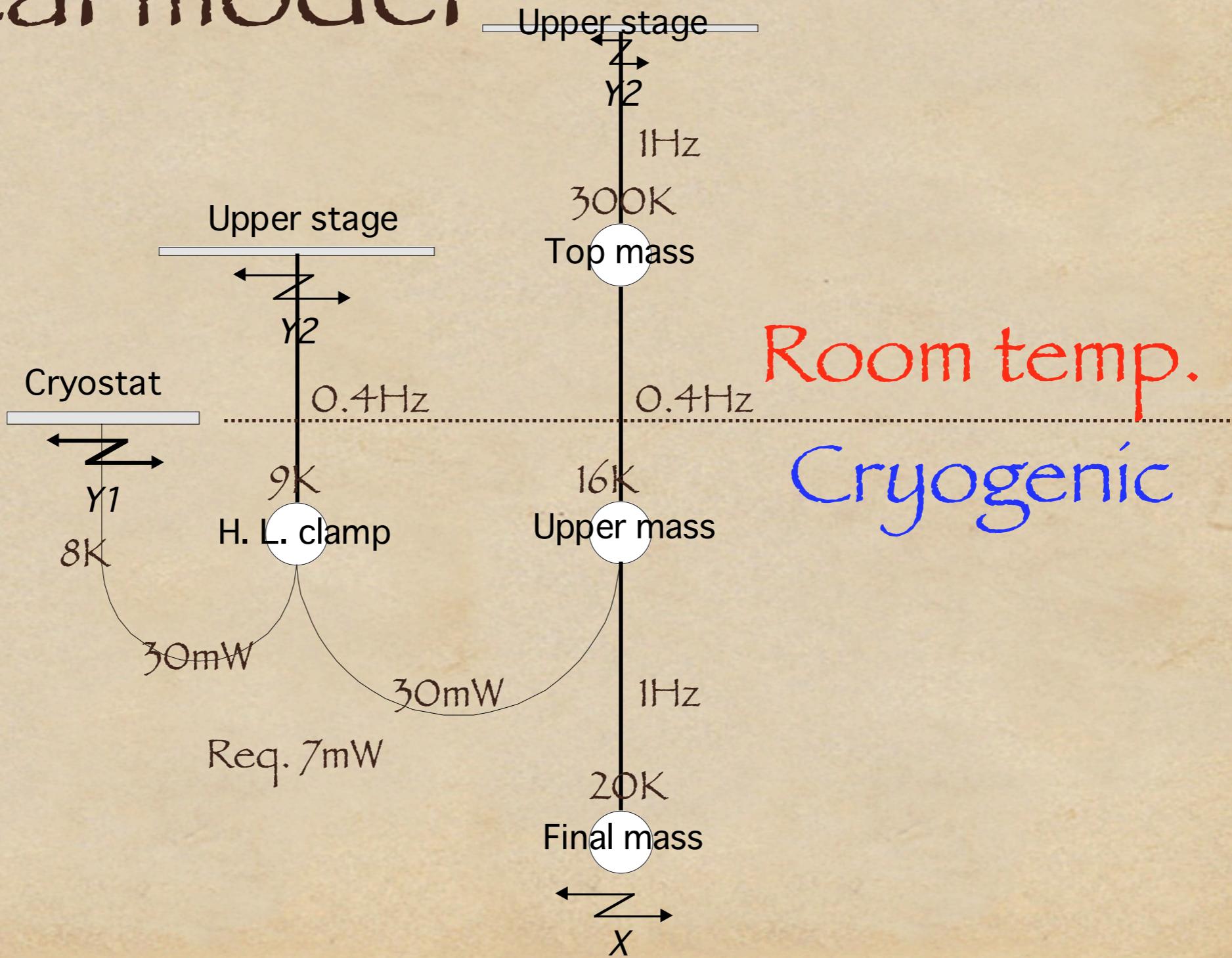
- ◆ Features
 - ◆ Suspended from the chamber on the upper stage.
 - ◆ free from the cryostat vibration.
 - ◆ maintenance available.
 - ◆ 1.4m pendulum.
 - ◆ $420\text{mHz} \approx 2.4\text{sec}$
 - ◆ Kasahara Aluminum heat link.
 - ◆ mechanically weak connection.
 - ◆ All passive.

H. L. clamp stage - model

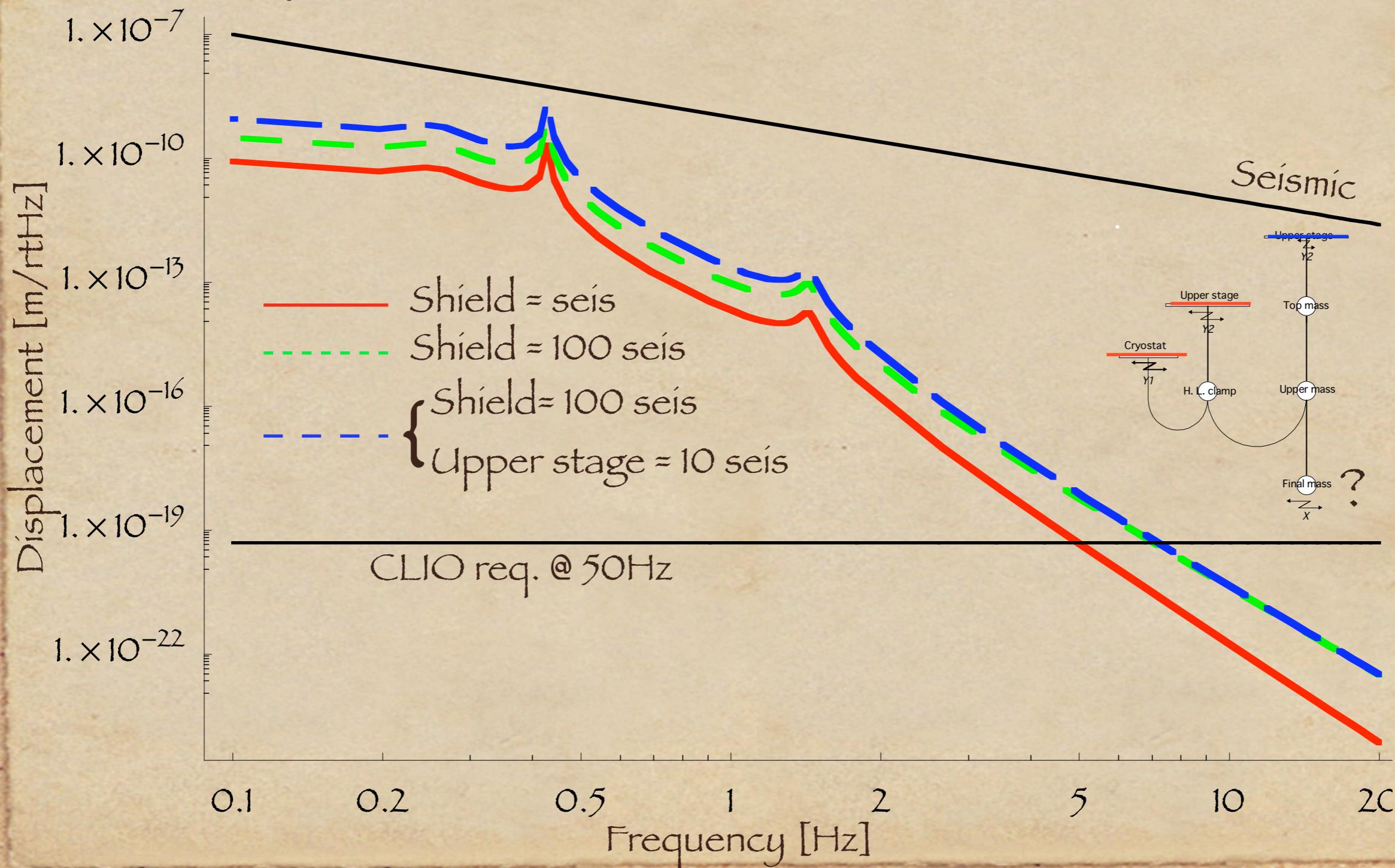


-40dB for 1Hz & 100Hz are possible.
 $1/30 \times 1/4 = 1/120$

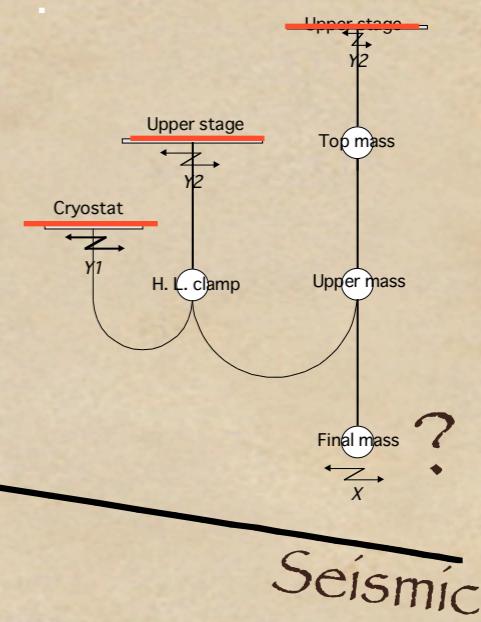
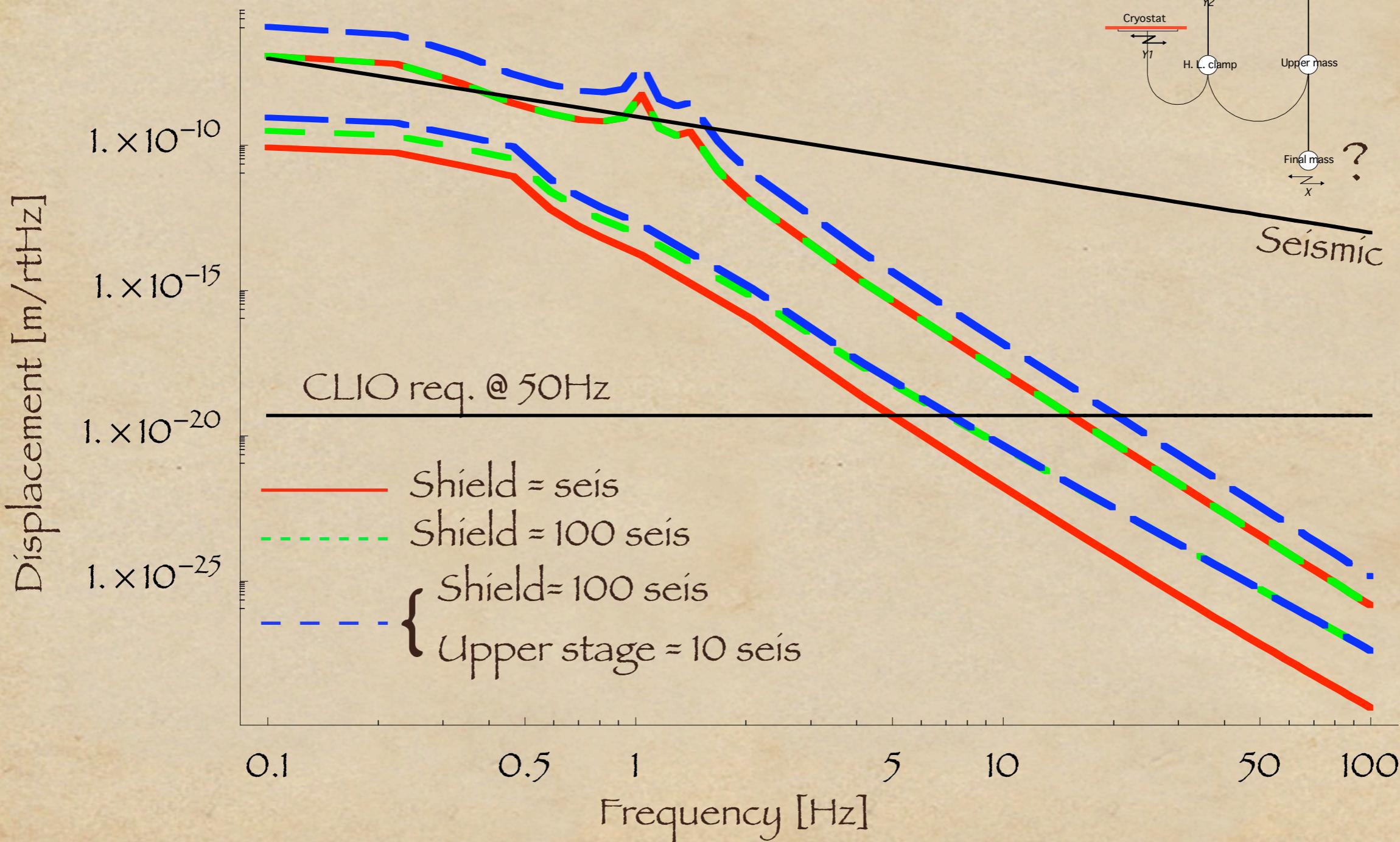
H. L. clamp stage - total model



Displace noise by H. L.

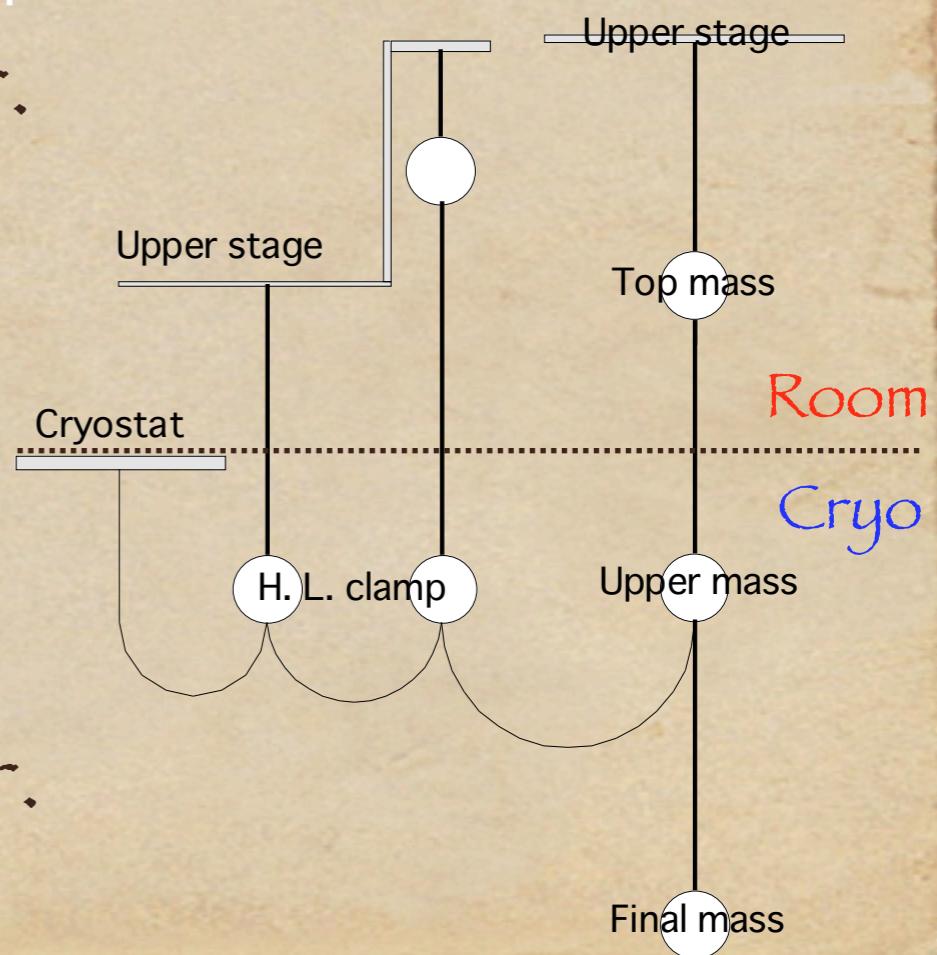
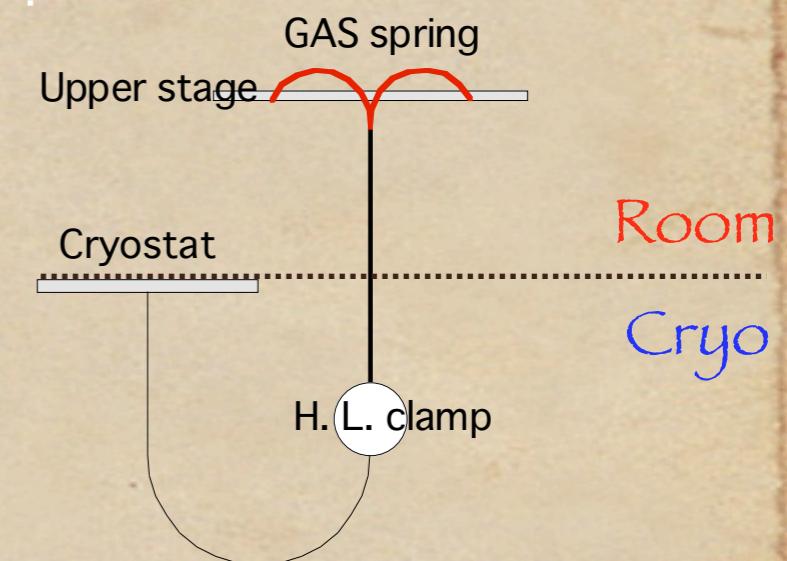


Total noise



H. L. clamp stage - for LCGT

- ◆ Vertical vibration is the most serious.
- ◆ Suspend H. L. clamp stage by low frequency vertical isolator.
 - ◆ L. F. vertical isolator is in room temp.
 - ◆ stable operation.
- ◆ Multi stages is available.
- ◆ Heat link design may be easier.

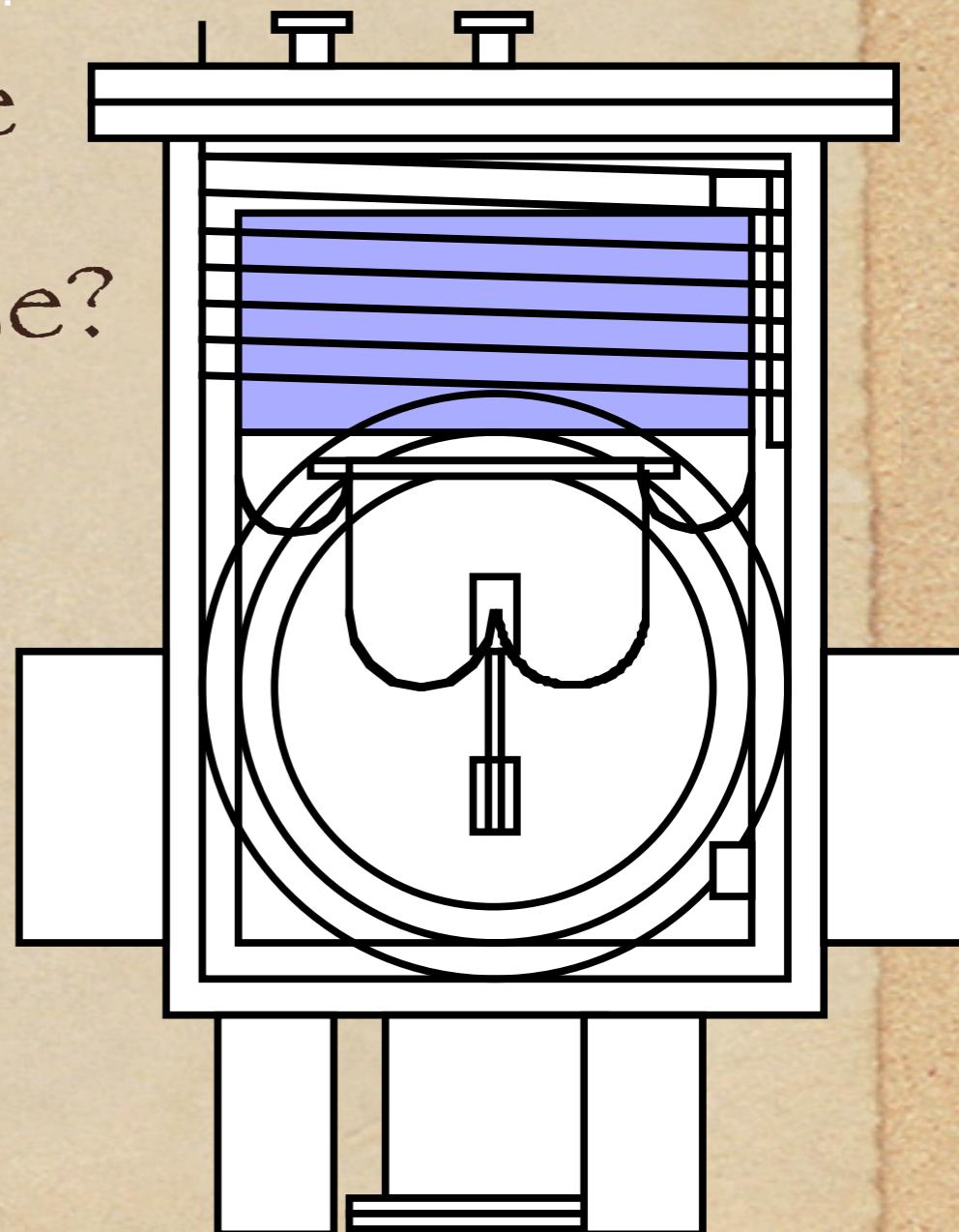


Summary of suspended H. L. clamp stage.

- ◆ Simple solution for vibration of the cryostat.
- ◆ High maintenance availability.
- ◆ Several options are available.
- ◆ Requirement of the cryostat can be reduced.
 - ◆ Simplify structure of the cryostat.

Access inside

- ◆ Mirror tank; $\phi 800$ flange
 - ◆ door like or detachable?
- ◆ Outer shield; $\phi 700$ hole
 - ◆ detachable
- ◆ Inner shield; $\phi 600$ hole
 - ◆ detachable



etc.

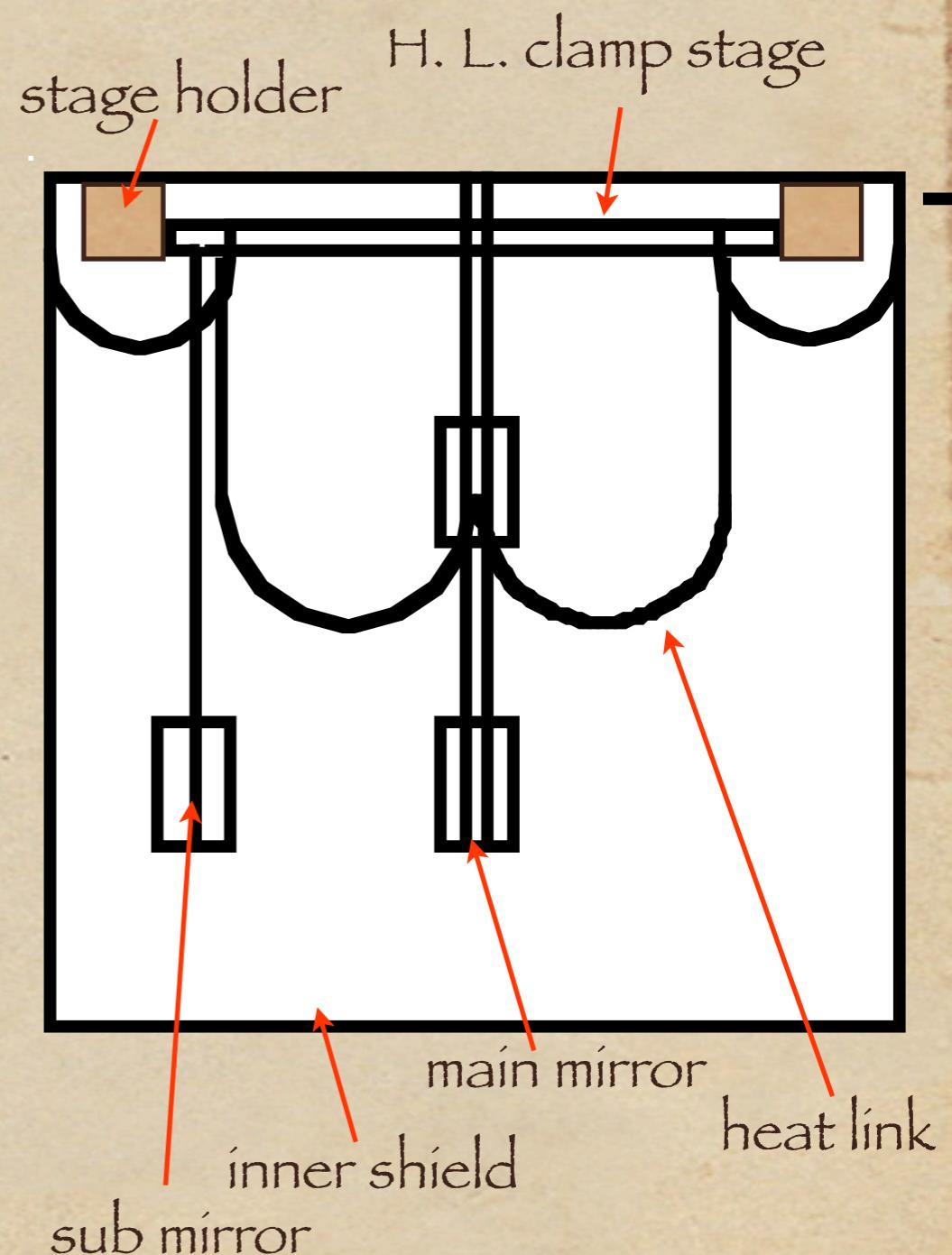
- ◆ Signal feed through
 - ◆ 18 coaxial & 2 sets 48 pins connector.
- ◆ Thermometers.
 - ◆ PtCo & CERNOX.
- ◆ Vacuum pomp.
 - ◆ TMP & Rotary.

Experiment plan

- ◆ in Toshiba
 - ◆ vacuum & cooling test
 - ◆ initial cooling test
 - ◆ cooling test by liquid He
 - ◆ vibration measurement
- ◆ in Kamioka mine
 - ◆ vacuum & cooling test
 - ◆ vibration measurement
 - ◆ development of H. L. clamp stage
 - ◆ development of CLIO suspension
 - ◆ vibration isolation measurement

Vibration isolation measurement

- ◆ 1st; hold to the mirror tank.
 - ◆ measure the vibration of M. Tank.
- ◆ 2nd; release H. L. clamp stage.
 - ◆ measure the vibration of H. L. clamp stage.
- ◆ 3rd; connect H. L. clamp stage to the suspension.
 - ◆ observe effect of the heat link.



Summary for the mirror tank

- ◆ Cylindrical mirror tank.
- ◆ Thermal switch & liquid N₂ methods for initial cooling.
- ◆ Suspended heat link clamp stage.
- ◆ Experiment plan for H. L. clamp stage.

Refrigerator unit & connection pipe

- ◆ Connection pipe
 - ◆ similar to CLIK
- ◆ Refrigerator unit
 - ◆ adjust for Sumitomo refrigerator
 - ◆ no liquid tank

Cryogenic vacuum pipe

- ◆ 5m × $\phi 400$ vacuum pipe.
- ◆ 5m × $\phi 300$ radiation shield.
 - ◆ Alminum 3mm thickness.
- ◆ 80K one stage pulse tube refrigerator.

	at refrigerator	req. of isolation	ref unit	clamp stage
1Hz vibration	10^{-4} [m/rtHz]	-100dB	-80dB	-40dB
surface wave 100Hz	10^{-10} [m/rtHz]	-40dB	Nothing	-40dB