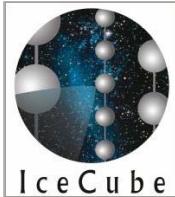


日本物理学会秋季大会2021シンポジウム
ニュートリノ・重力波時代のマルチメッセンジャー天文学の展望

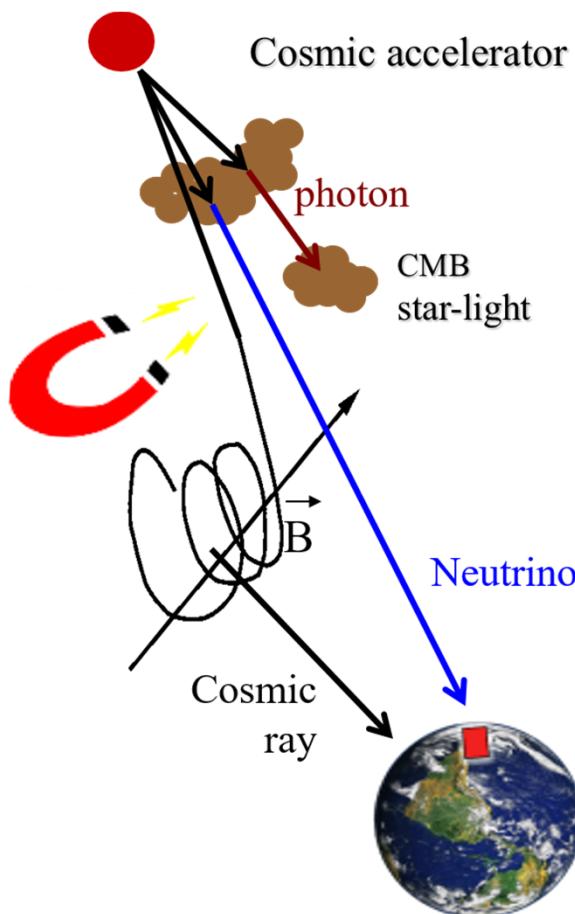


高エネルギー宇宙ニュートリノ観測: これまでの進展と将来展望

石原安野 (千葉大学)

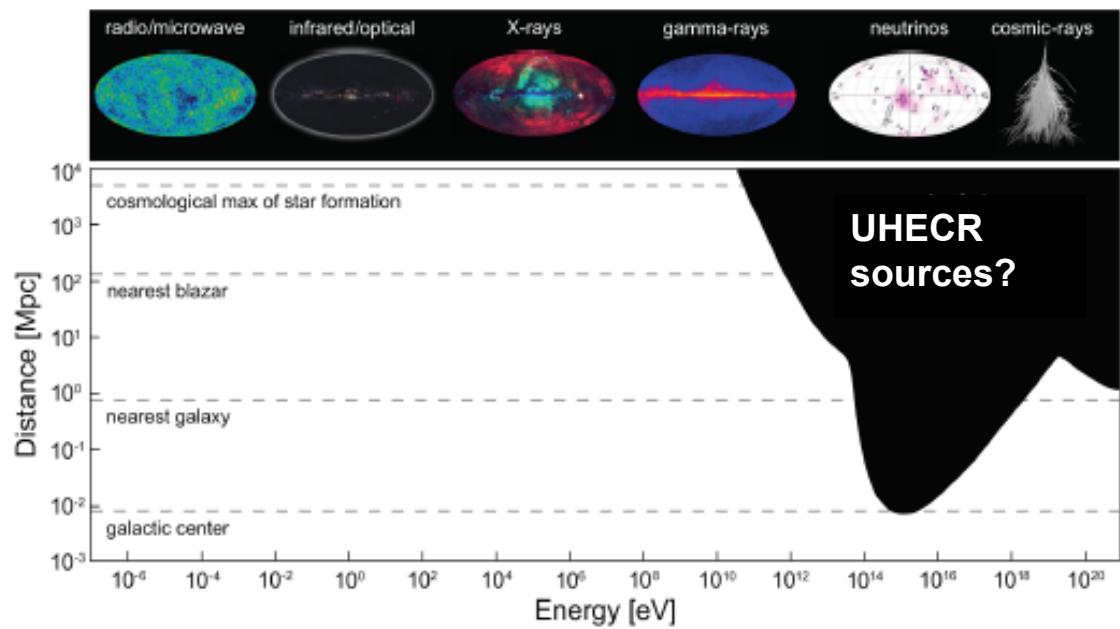


High Energy Neutrino as a Cosmic Messenger

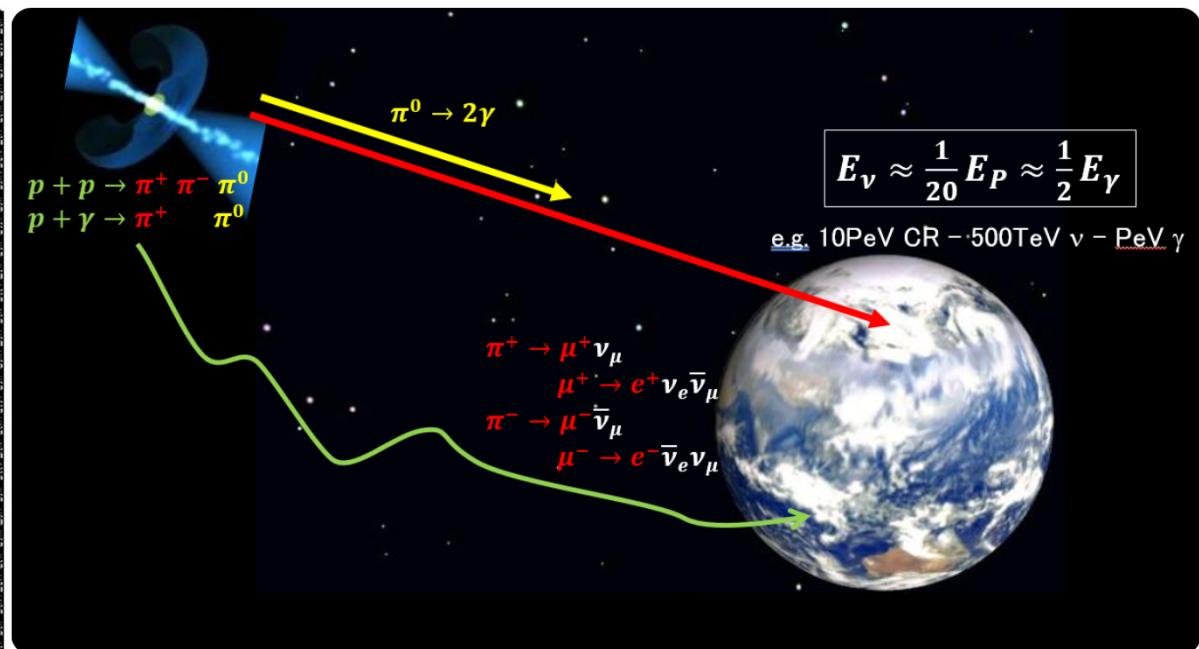
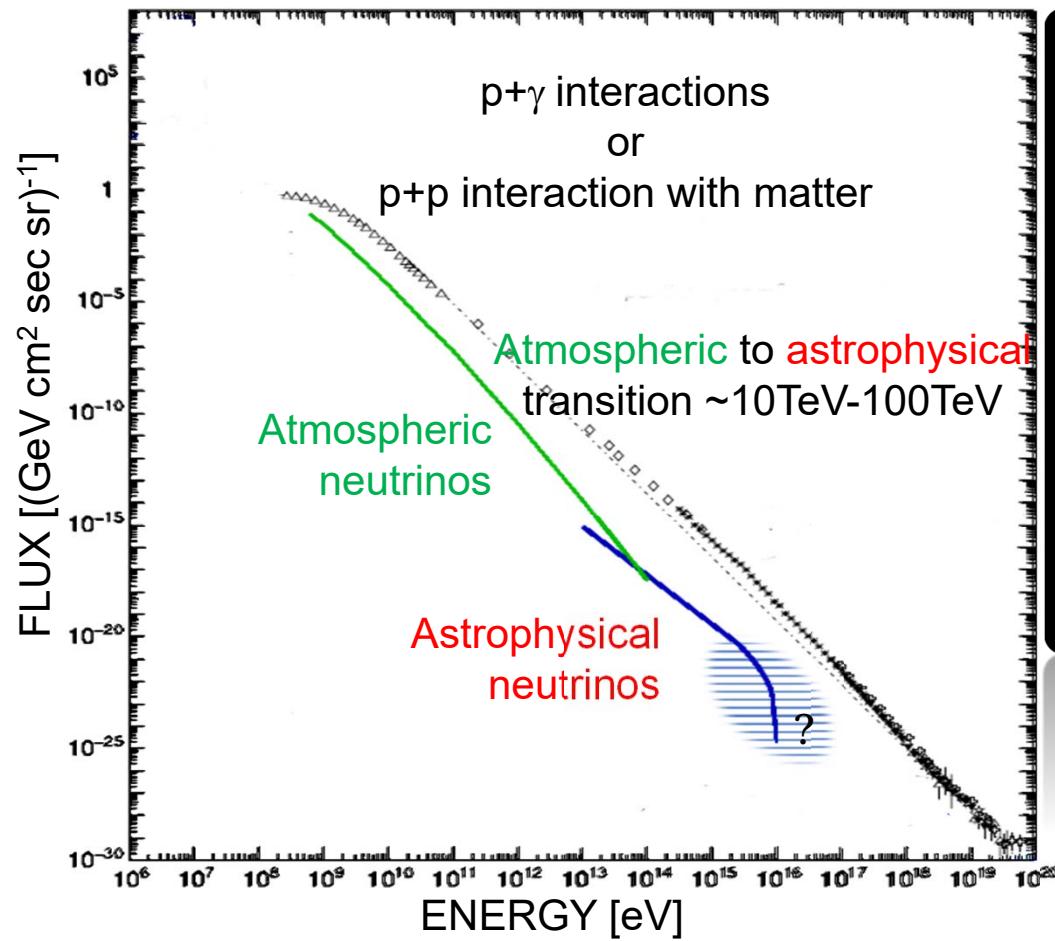


Weak interaction during “propagation”

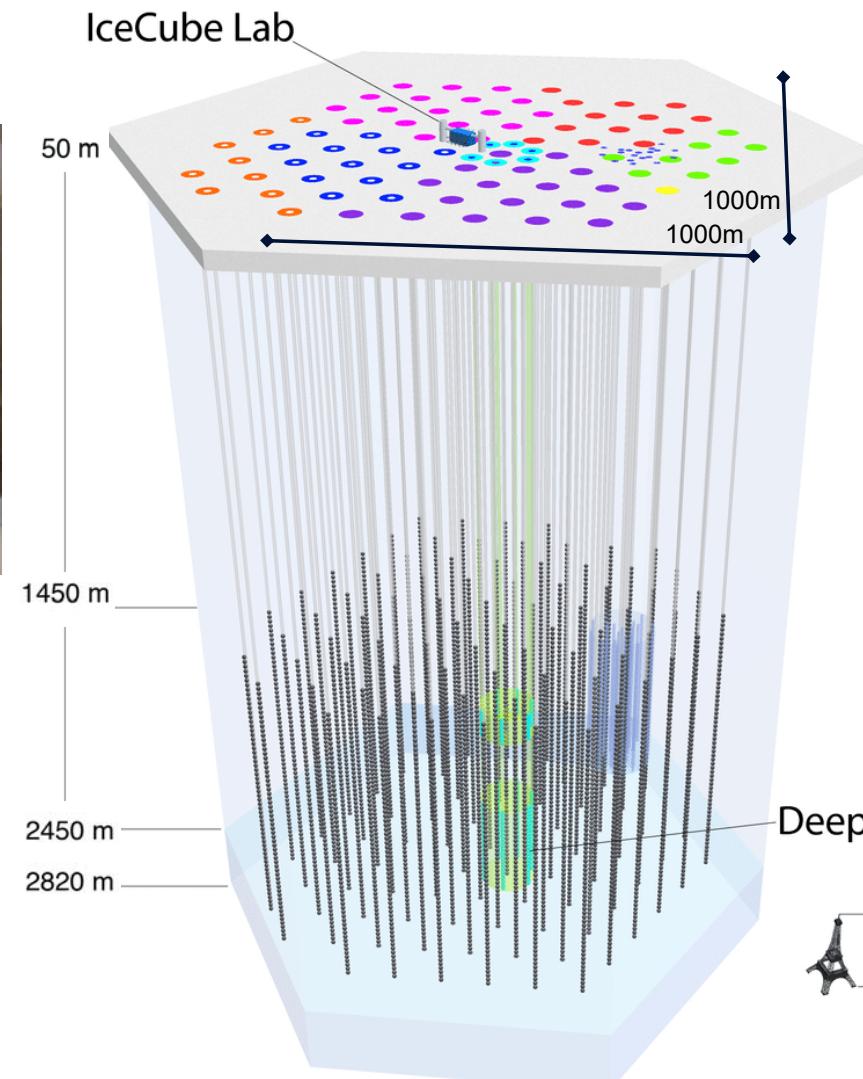
- **Penetration power**
 - **Pointing capability**
- even at extreme energies**



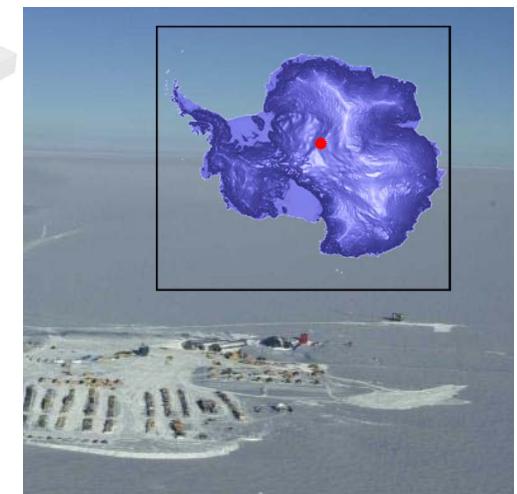
Ultra-high Energy Neutrinos in the Universe



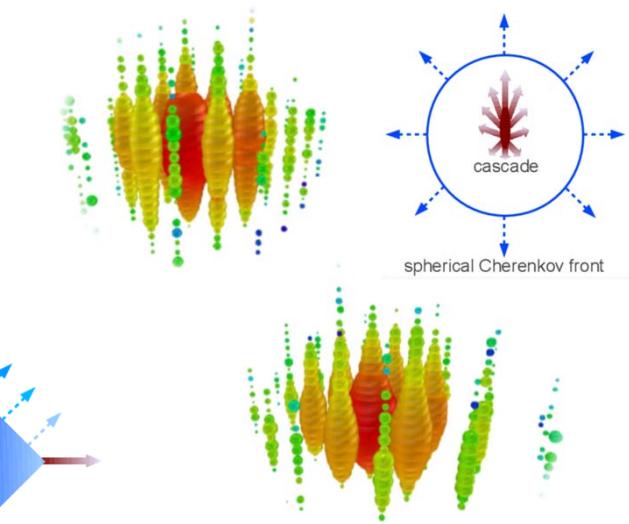
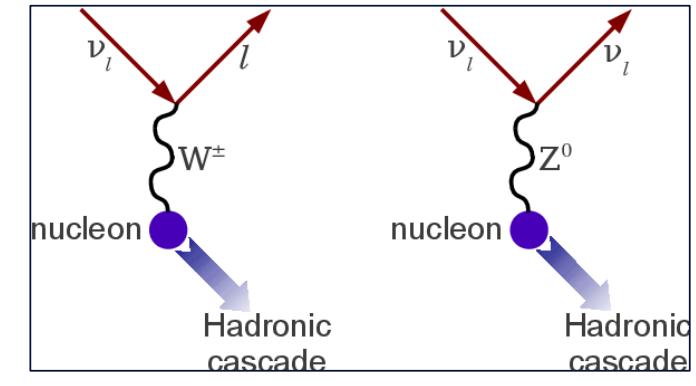
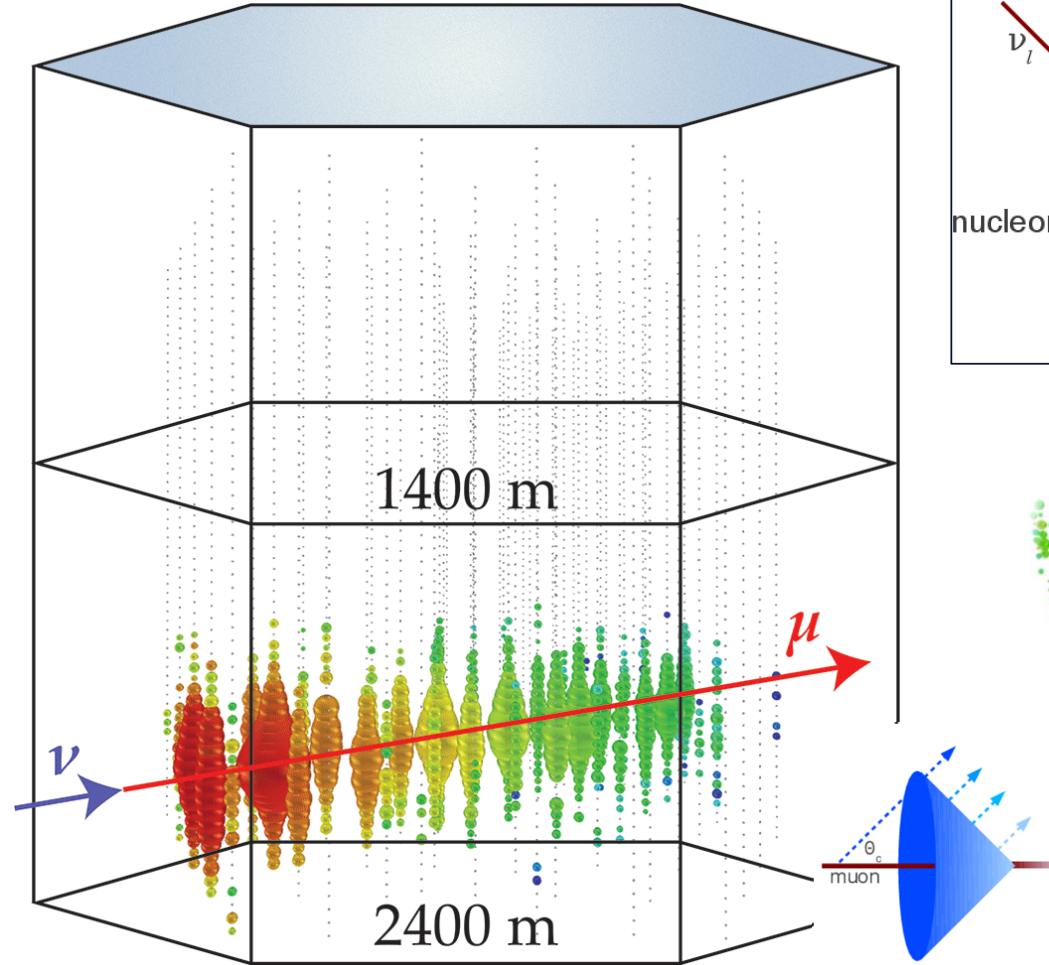
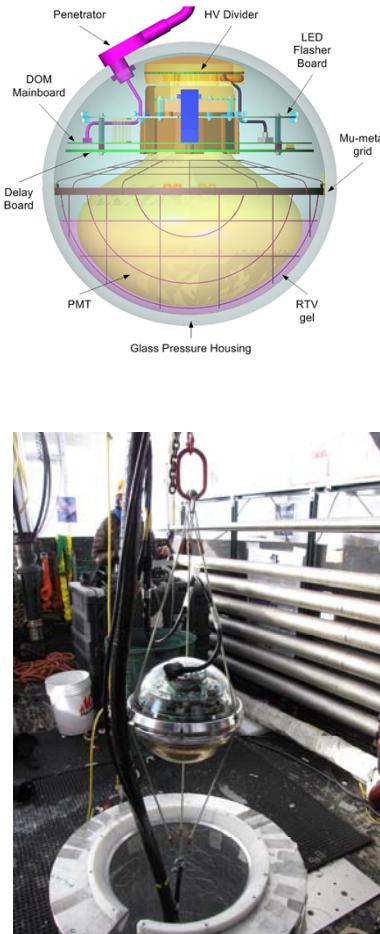
The IceCube Detector



@ Amundsen-Scott
South Pole station

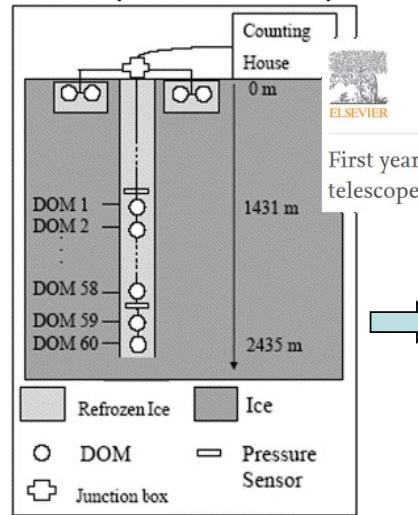


IceCube Neutrino Events



IceCube Construction and Runs

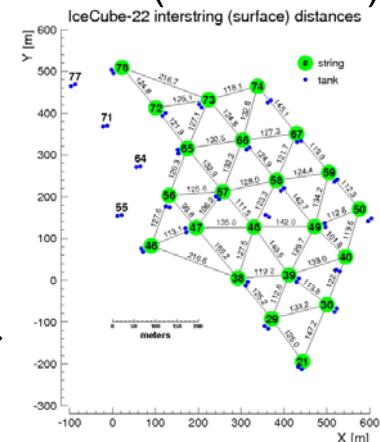
IC1(2005-2006)



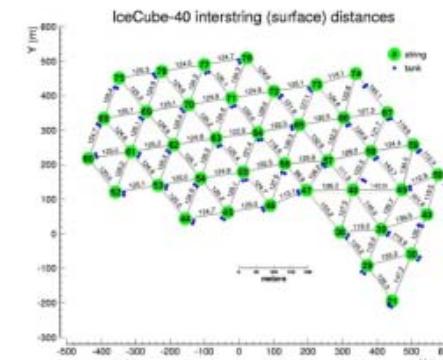
Astroparticle Physics
Volume 26, Issue 3, October 2006, Pages 155-173

First year performance of the IceCube neutrino telescope

IC22 (2007-2008)

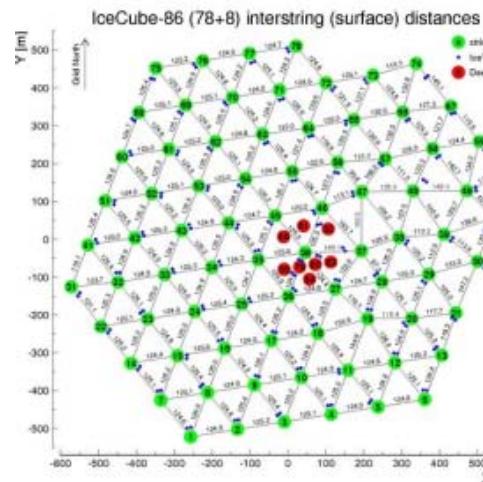


IC40 (2008-2009)

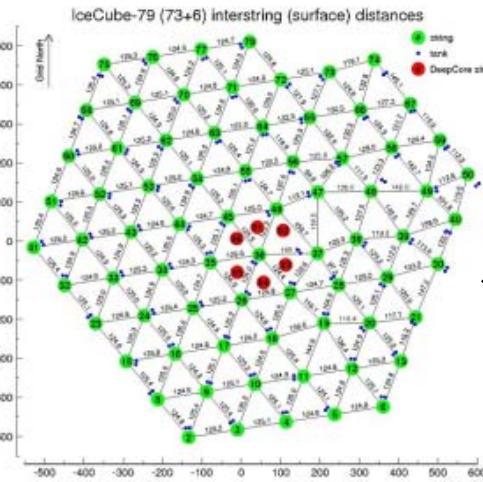


IC9 (2006-2007)

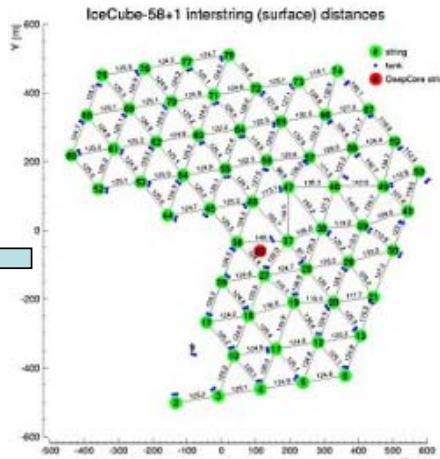
IC86 = full IceCube (2011~)



IC79 (2010-2011)



IC59 (2009-2010)



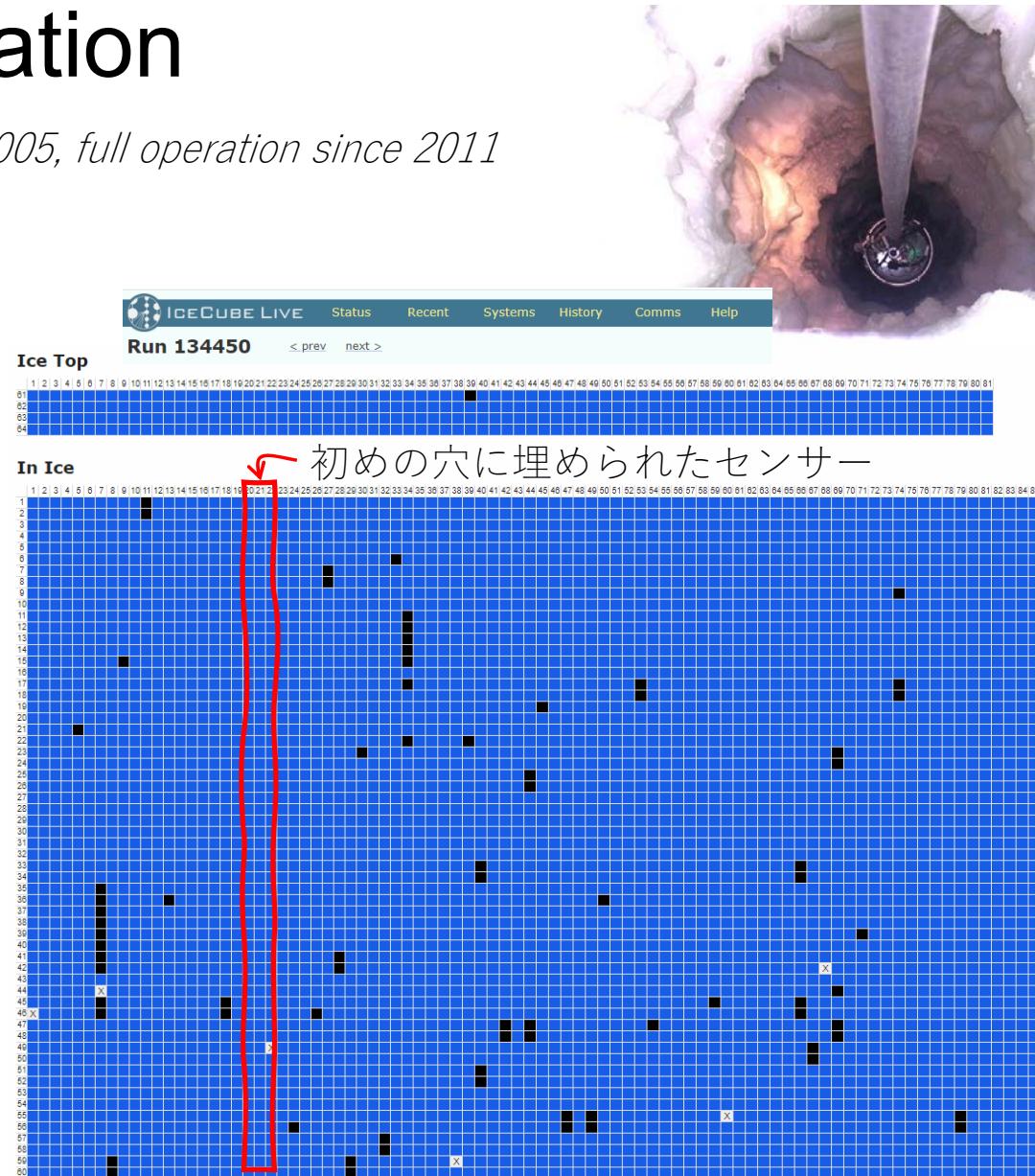
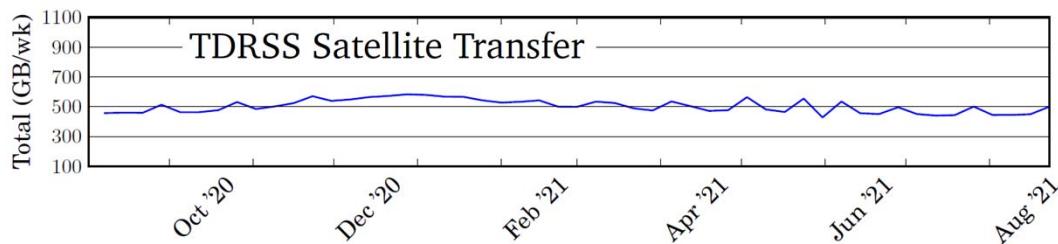
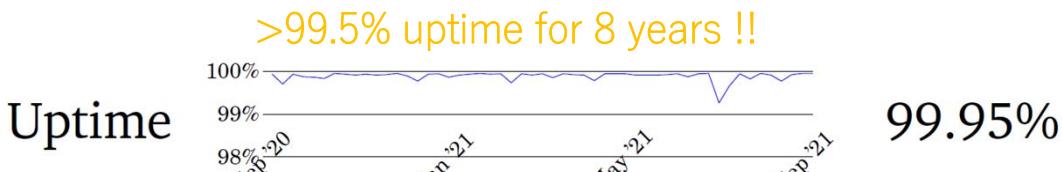
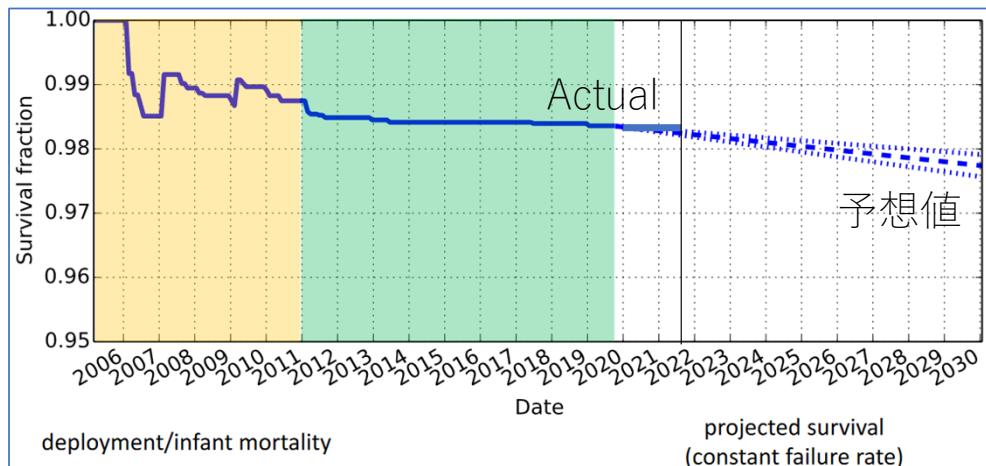
CELEBRATING THE
FIRST DECADE OF
DISCOVERY



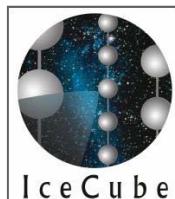
IceCube Operation

Partial operation has started since 2005, full operation since 2011

DOMの生存率 (ここ10年は) 98.5%をキープしている



First important multi-messenger result



- IceCube建設中の40stringsと59strings コンフィギュレーションによる2年分のデータからの結果

2012

nature

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nature > letters > article

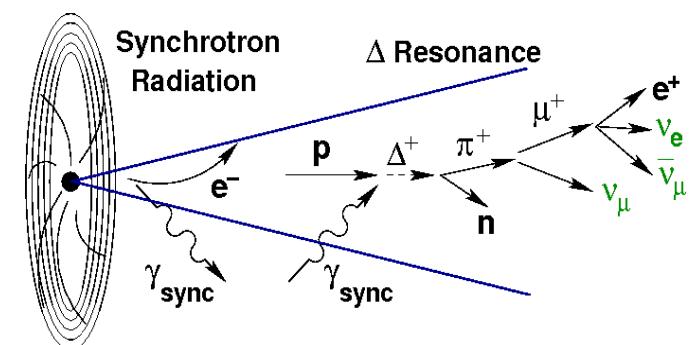
Published: 18 April 2012

An absence of neutrinos associated with cosmic-ray acceleration in γ -ray bursts

IceCube Collaboration

Nature 484, 351–354 (2012) | Cite this article

This implies that GRBs are not the only sources of cosmic rays with energies $> 10^{18}$ eV or that the efficiency of neutrino production is much lower than has been predicted.



First observations of cosmic neutrinos



Energetic Neutrinos on Ice

July 8, 2013 • Physics 6, s93

The IceCube detector at the South Pole has observed two of the highest energy neutrinos ever recorded.



2013

First Observation of PeV-Energy Neutrinos with IceCube

M. G. Aartsen et al. (IceCube Collaboration)

Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 021103 (2013)

Published July 8, 2013

Science

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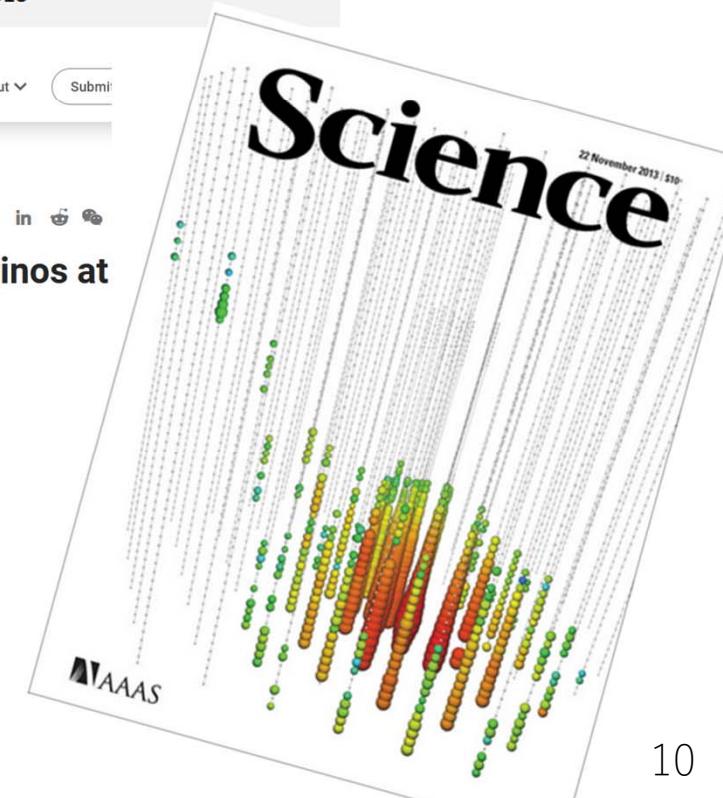
HOME > SCIENCE > VOL. 342, NO. 6161 > EVIDENCE FOR HIGH-ENERGY EXTRATERRESTRIAL NEUTRINOS AT THE ICECUBE DETECTOR

RESEARCH ARTICLE

f t in g e

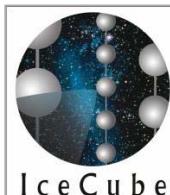
Evidence for High-Energy Extraterrestrial Neutrinos at the IceCube Detector

ICECUBE COLLABORATION*



10

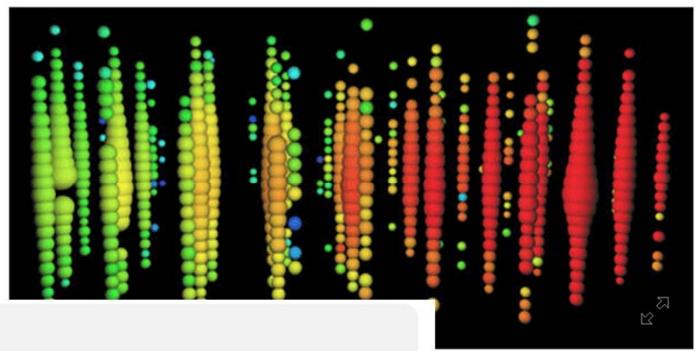
Astrophysical Diffuse Neutrino Spectra



Neutrinos from the North 2015

August 20, 2015 • Physics 8, s98

Using Earth as a neutrino filter, the IceCube neutrino experiment strengthens its claim that it has detected neutrinos from powerful astrophysical accelerators outside our Galaxy.



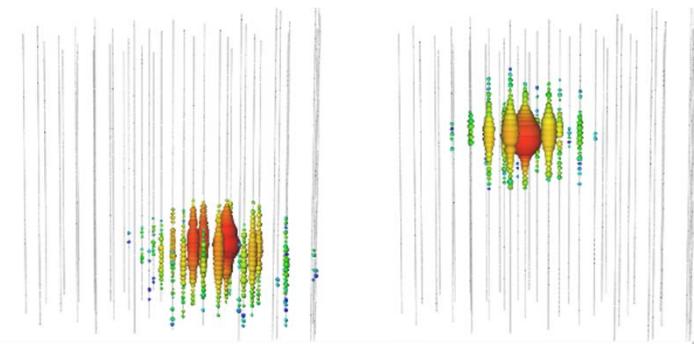
Evidence for Astrophysical Muon Neutrinos from the Northern Sky with IceCube

M. G. Aartsen *et al.* (IceCube Collaboration)

Phys. Rev. Lett. 115, 081102 (2015)

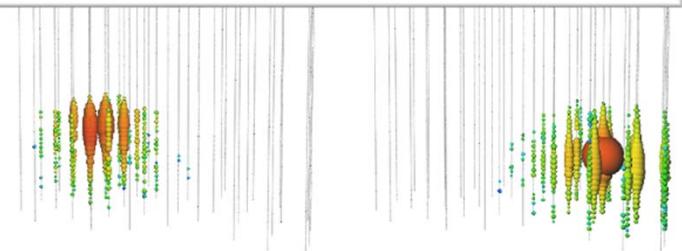
Published August 20, 2015

2014



Search for neutrino-induced particle showers with IceCube-40

M. G. Aartsen *et al.* (IceCube Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. D 89, 102001 – Published 1 May 2014



Ultra-high Energy ν Interactions



nature

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2017

Published: 22 November 2017

Measurement of the multi-TeV neutrino interaction cross-section with IceCube using Earth absorption

The IceCube Collaboration

Measurement of the high-energy all-flavor neutrino-nucleon cross section with IceCube

R. Abbasi et al. (IceCube Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. D **104**, 022001 – Published 8 July 2021

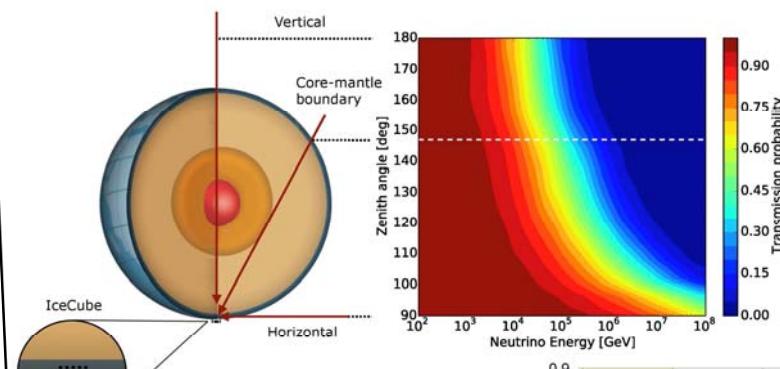
Editors' Suggestion

Open Access

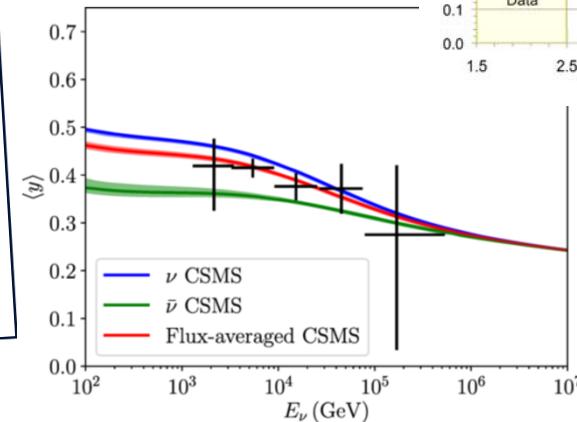
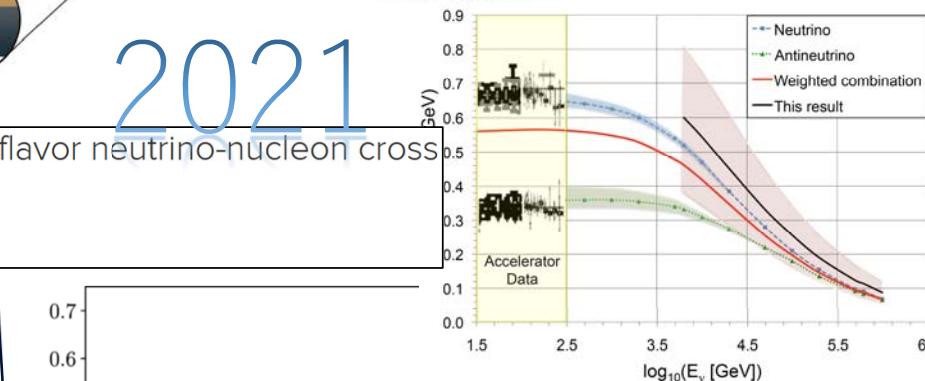
Measurements using the inelasticity distribution of multi-TeV neutrino interactions in IceCube

M. G. Aartsen et al. (IceCube Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. D **99**, 032004 – Published 13 February 2019

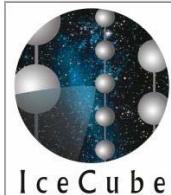
2019



2021



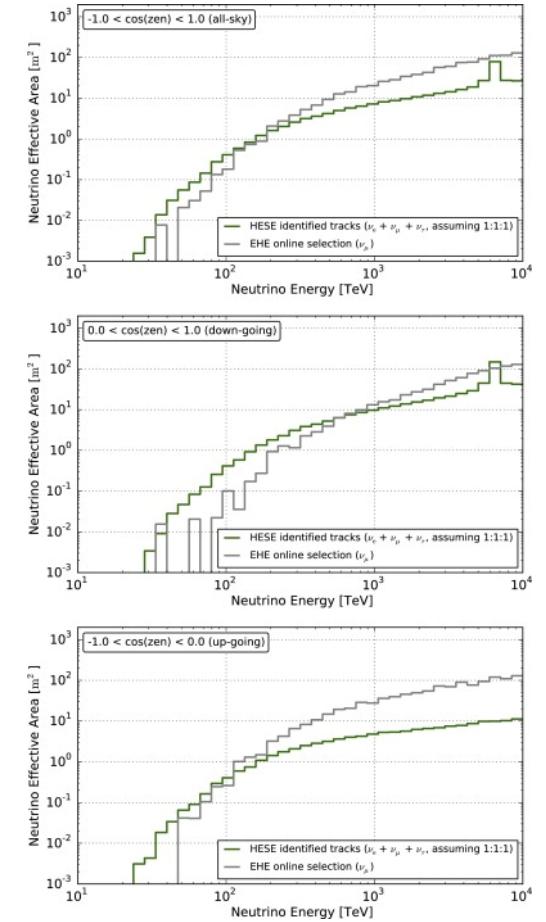
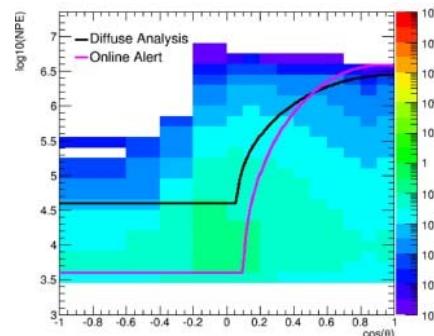
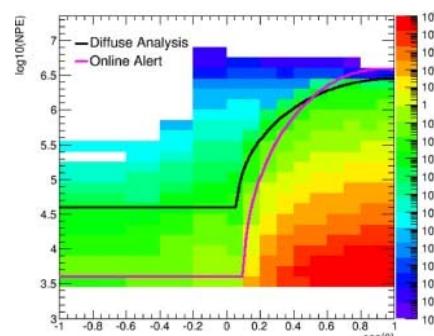
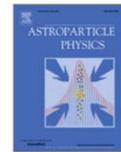
IceCube Realtime Alert System



High energy starting track (HESE) and Extremely high energy (EHE) alert channels has started since 2016



Astroparticle Physics
Volume 92, June 2017, Pages 30-41



The IceCube realtime alert system

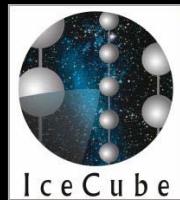
M.G. Aartsen ^b, M. Ackermann ^{az}, J. Adams ^p, J.A. Aguilar ^l, M. Ahlers ^{ad}, M. Ahrens ^{ap}, D. Altmann ^x, K. Andeen ^{af}, T. Anderson ^{av}, I. Ansseau ^l, G. Anton ^x, M. Archinger ^{ae}, C. Argüelles ⁿ, J. Auffenberg ^a, S. Axani ⁿ, X. Bai ^{an}, S.W. Barwick ^{aa}, V. Baum ^{ae} ... M. Zoll ^{ap}

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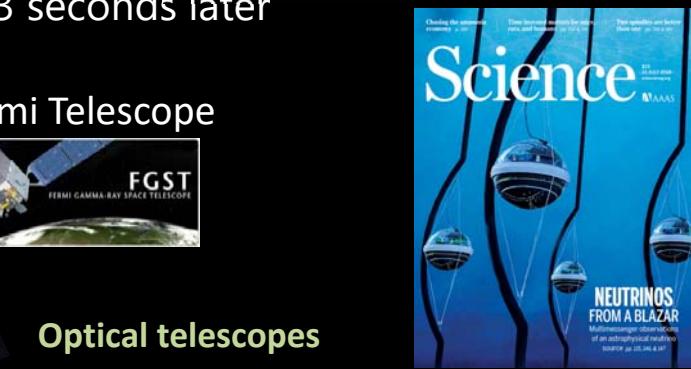
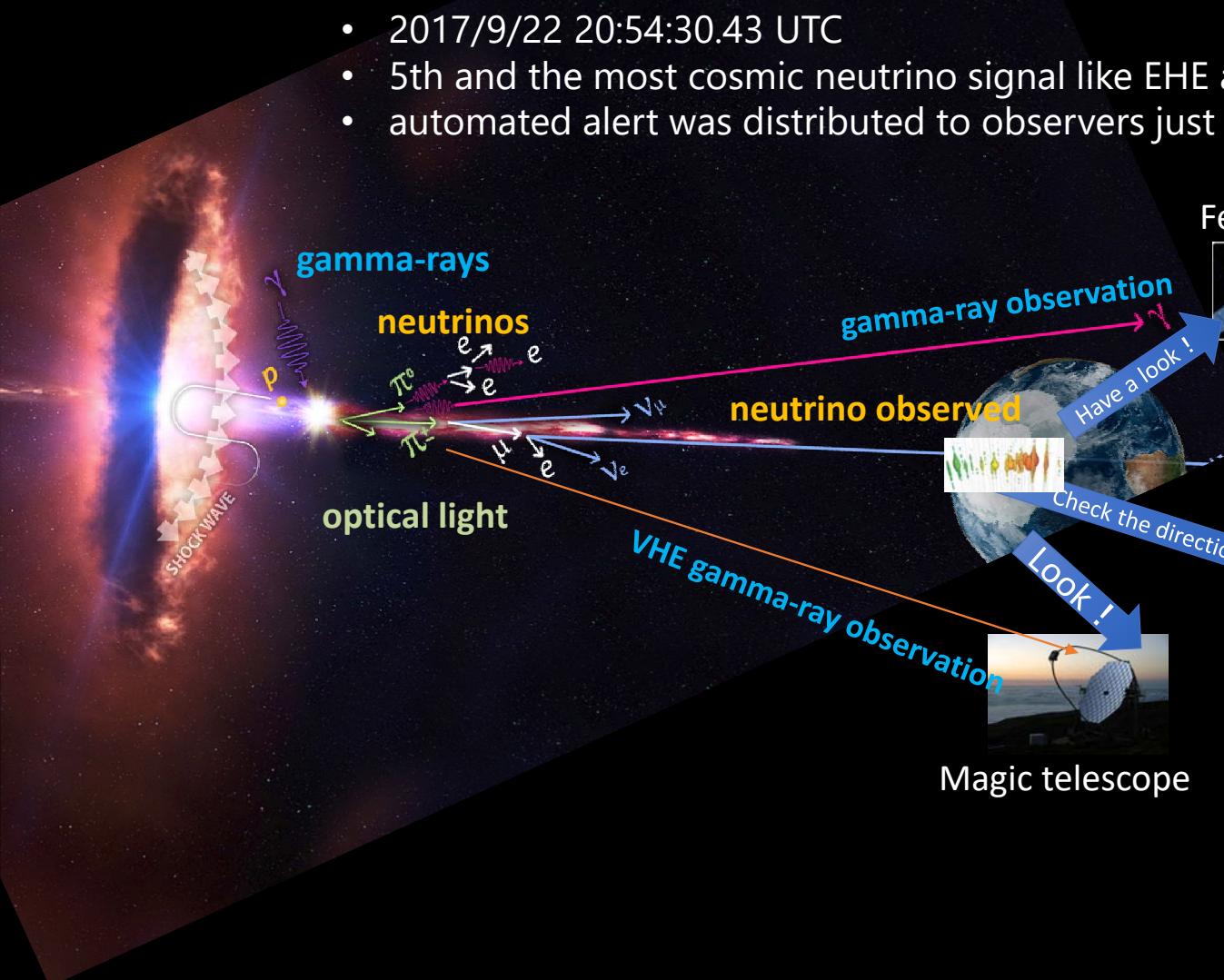
2017

IceCube-170922A event

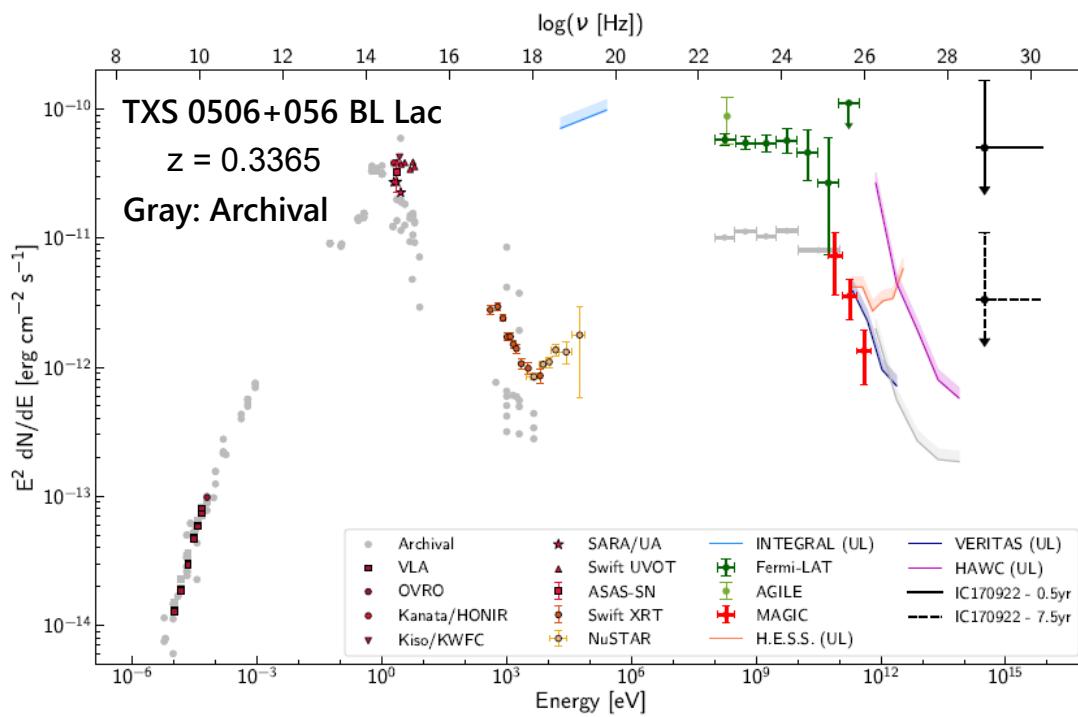
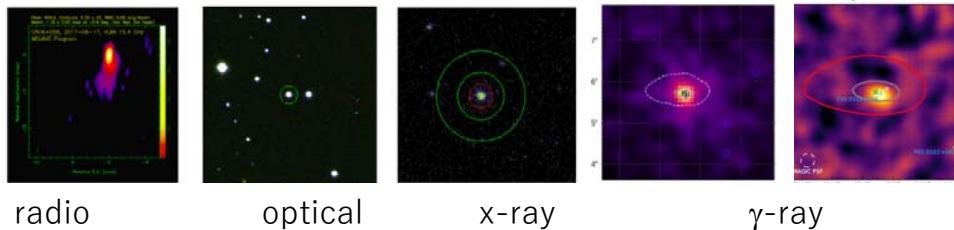
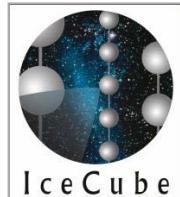
Science 361, eaat1378 (2018)



2018

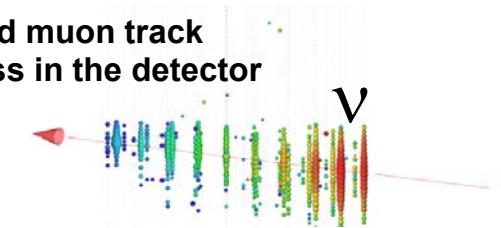


Multiwavelength Campaign with ν



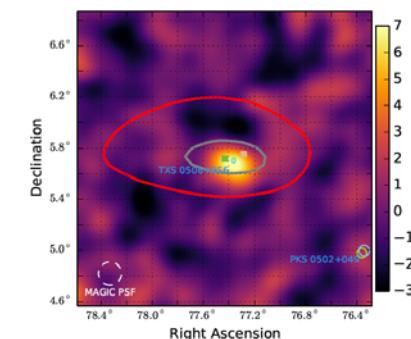
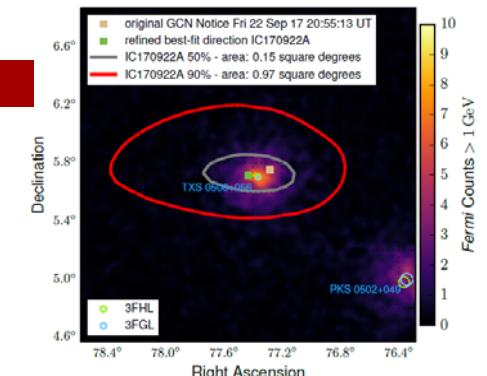
upward going neutrino induced muon track
 23.7 ± 2.8 TeV muon energy loss in the detector

2018



HE gamma-ray observations

- Fermi-LAT(20MeV - 300 GeV) reported gamma-ray flaring blazer TXS 0506+056 (ATel#10791)



VHE gamma-ray observations

- Furthermore TXS 0506+056 was observed VHE gamma-ray Magic telescope (E > 100GeV) with $>6.2\sigma$ (ATel#10817)

2014/2015 Neutrino Flare

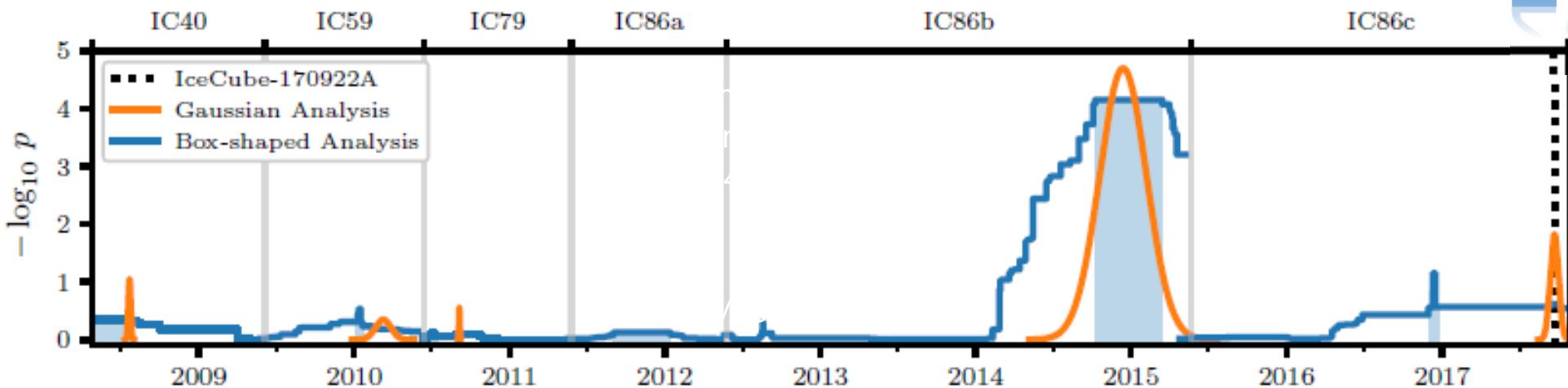
Science



SCIENCE • 13 Jul 2018 • Vol 361, Issue 6398 • pp. 147-151 • DOI: 10.1126/science.aat2890

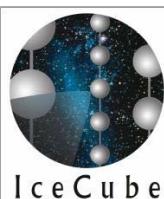
IceCube evaluated 9.5 years of archival data in the direction of TXS 0506+056

2018



- neutrino only time dependent search around the blazar TXS 0506–056
→ Inconsistent with bkg-only hypothesis at the 3.5σ level

(In addition and independently of the previous 3σ when looking in this specific direction)



Cascade events at Glashow resonance

nature

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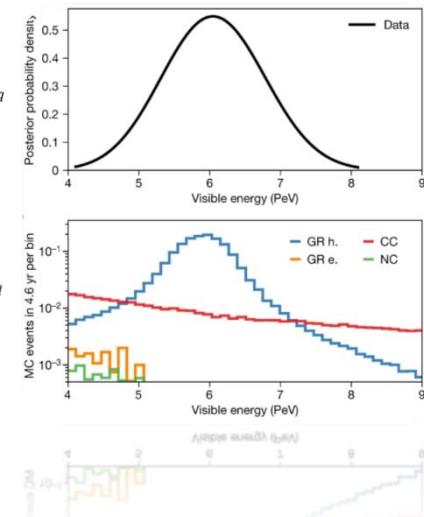
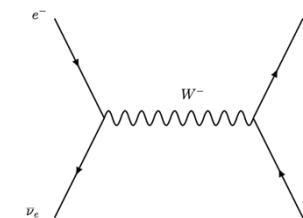
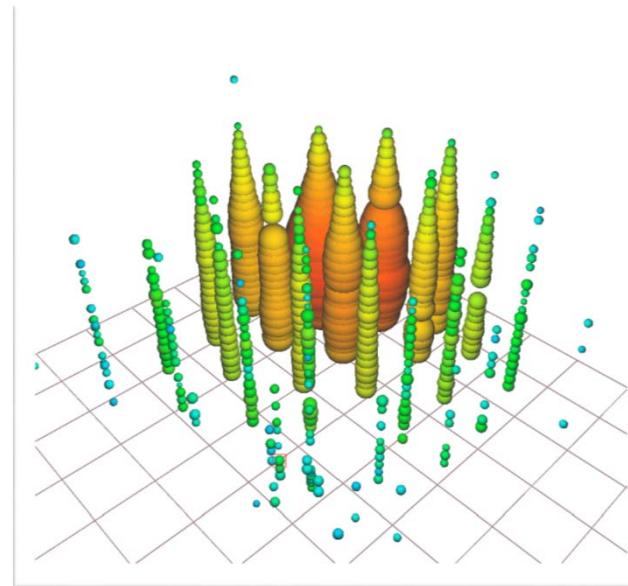
nature > articles > article

Article | Published: 10 March 2021

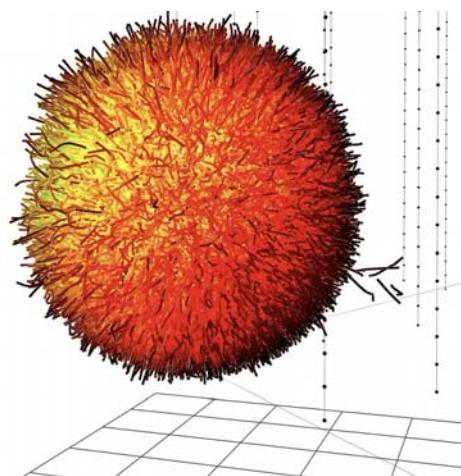
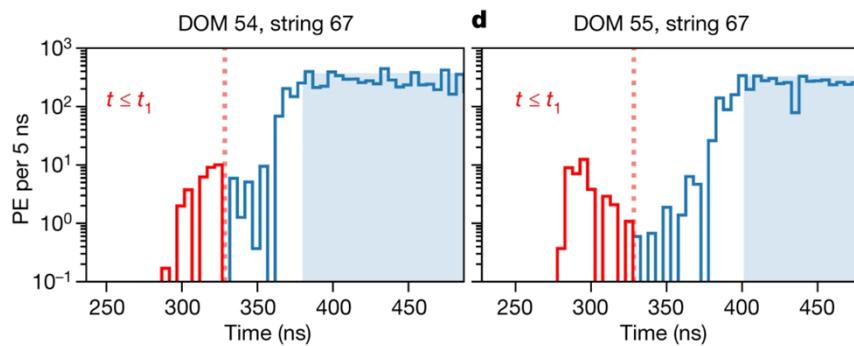
Detection of a particle shower at the Glashow resonance with IceCube

The IceCube Collaboration

Nature 591, 220–224 (2021) | Cite this article



2021



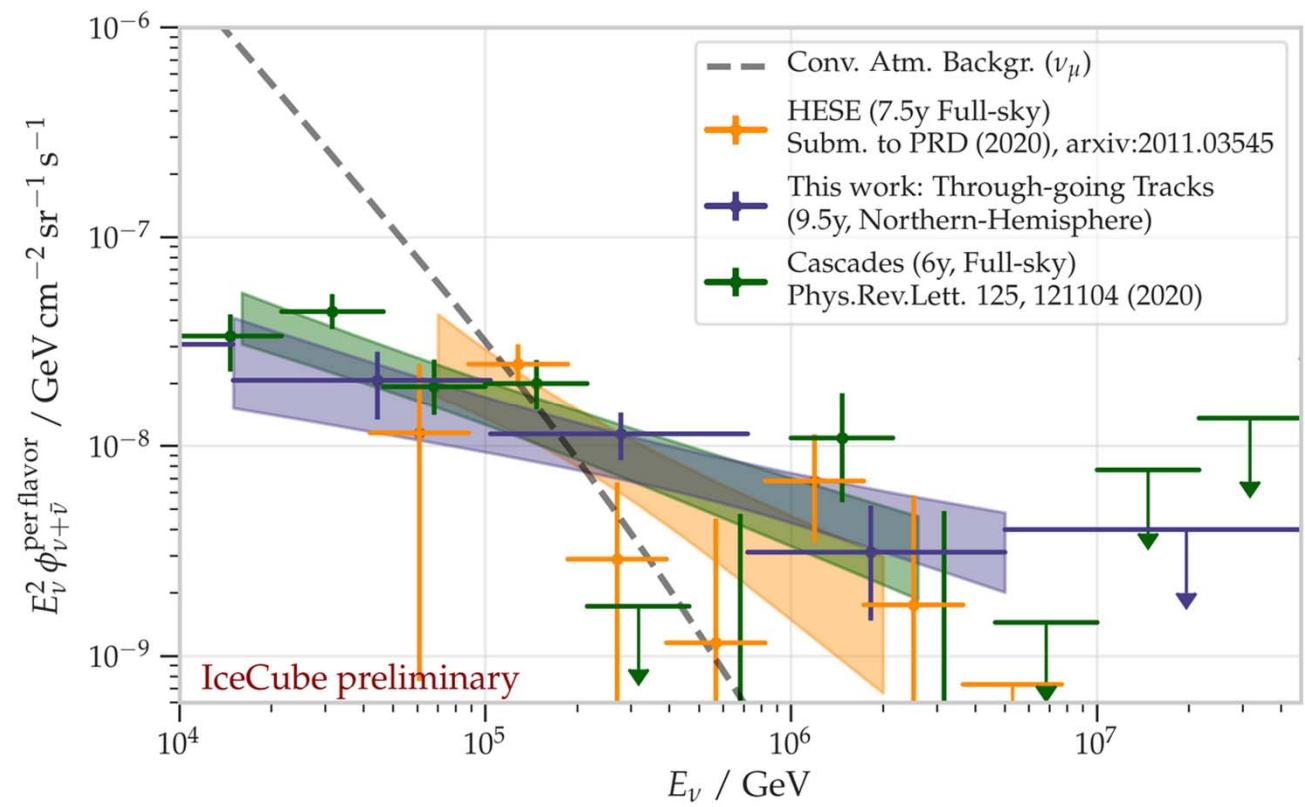
17

After 10 yrs: Diffuse Neutrino Spectra



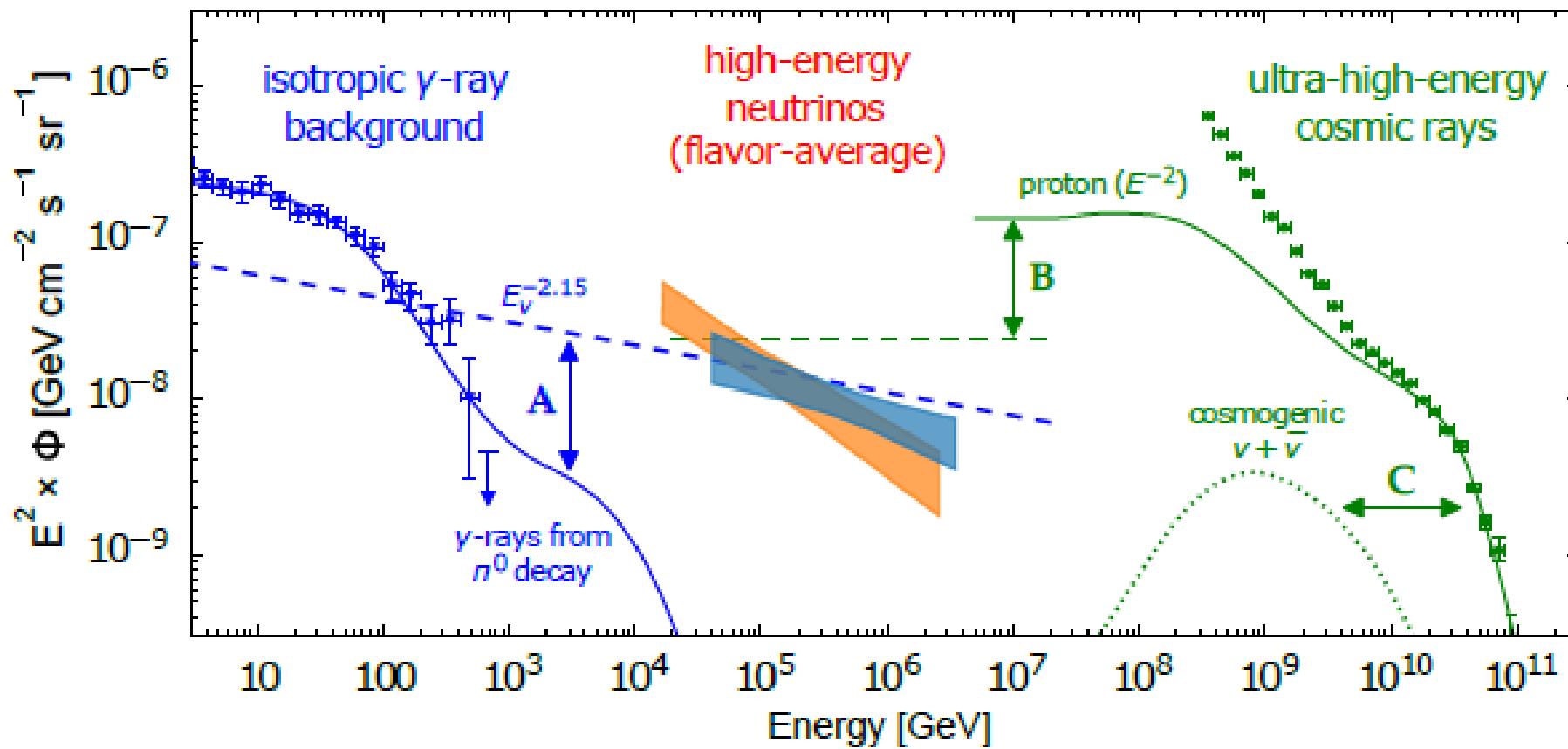
Published and almost to be published samples

- Upgoing muon neutrino sample 9.5 years
- High energy starting event sample 7.5 years
- Cascade sample 6 years



Deviation from power law as well as spectral cut off still not conclusive...

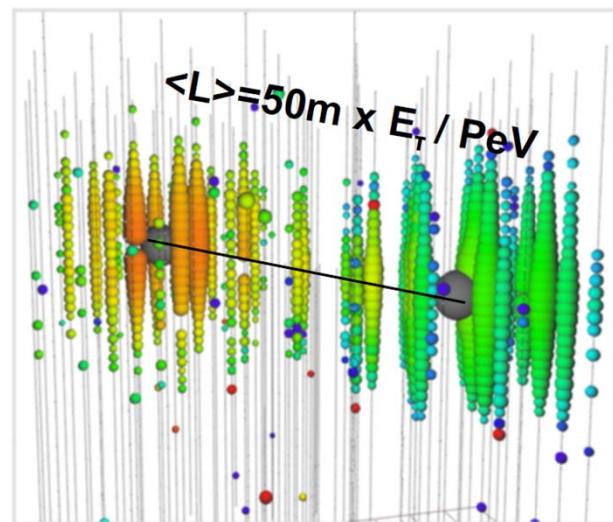
After 10 yrs: Diffuse gamma-rays, UHE cosmic rays and neutrino connection



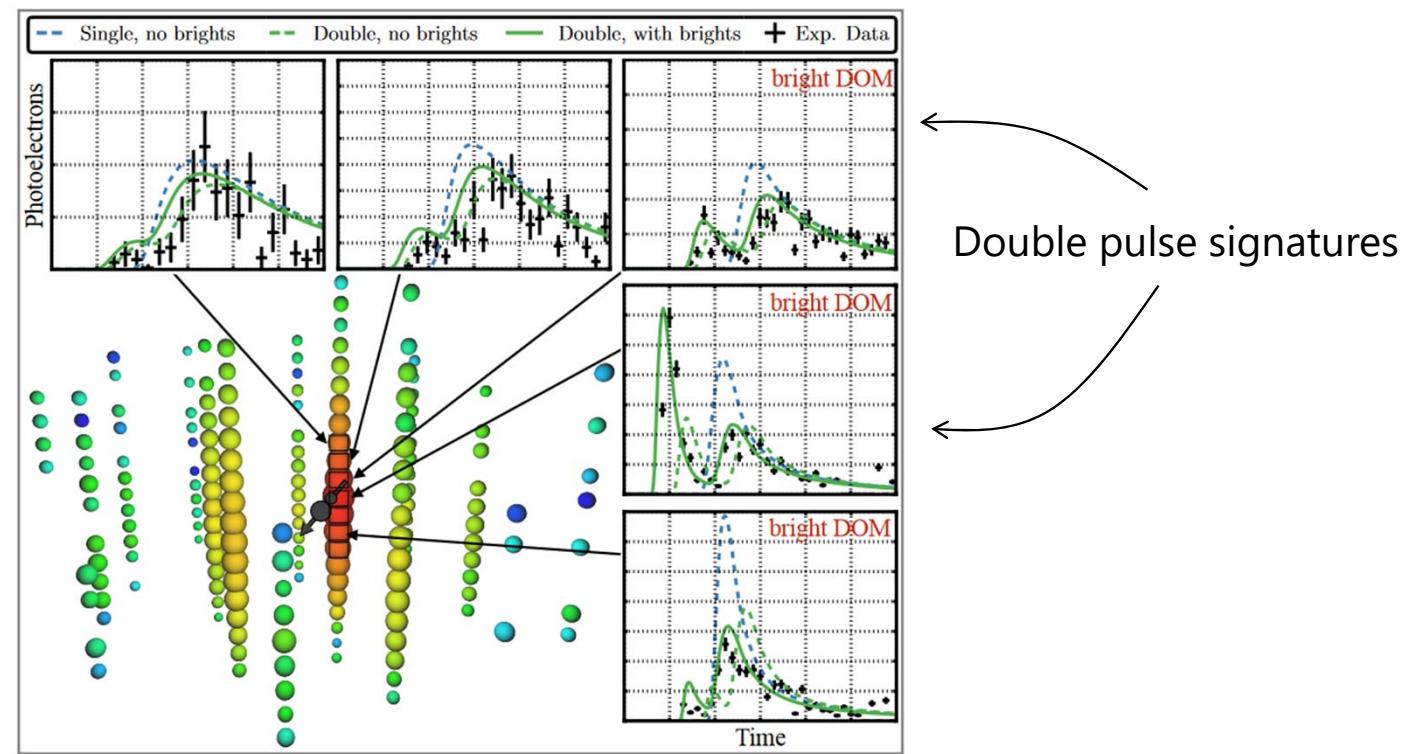


After 10 yrs: High Energy Tau Neutrinos

2 candidate events observed over expected 1.5 ν_τ signal and 0.8 ν_e, ν_μ background



Tau neutrinos:
“double bang”



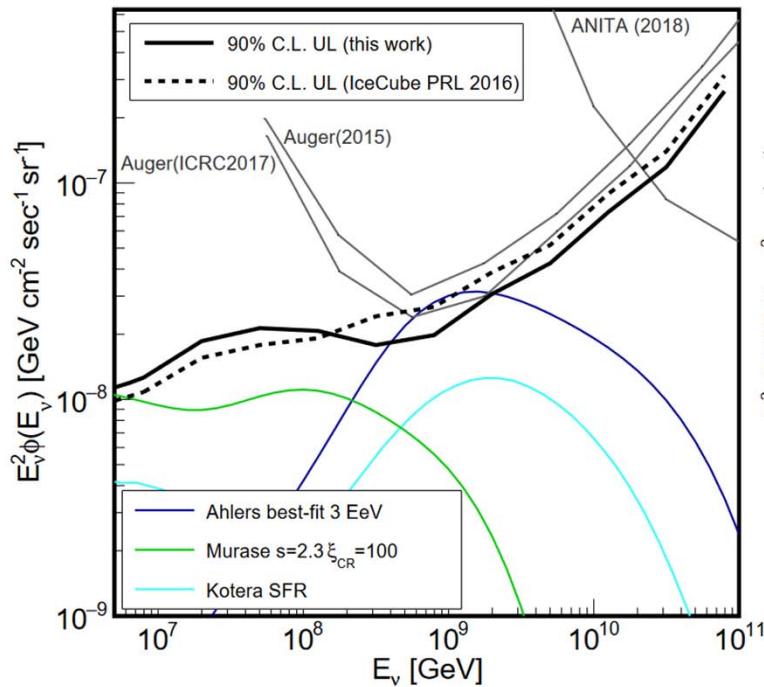
After 10 yrs: GZK Neutrino Constraints



Upper limit on neutrinos 10 PeV and above with 9 years of data

Differential limit on the extremely-high-energy cosmic neutrino flux in the presence of astrophysical background from nine years of IceCube data

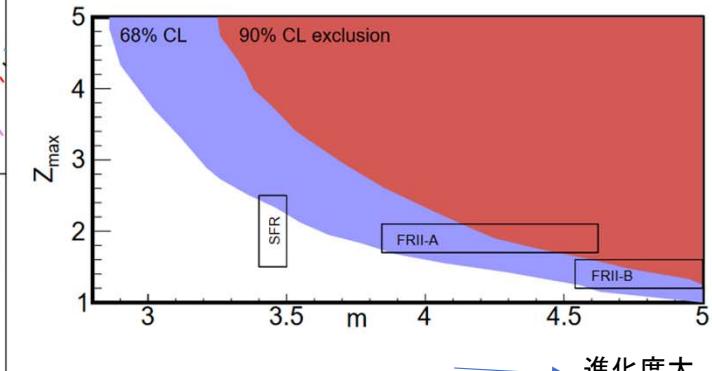
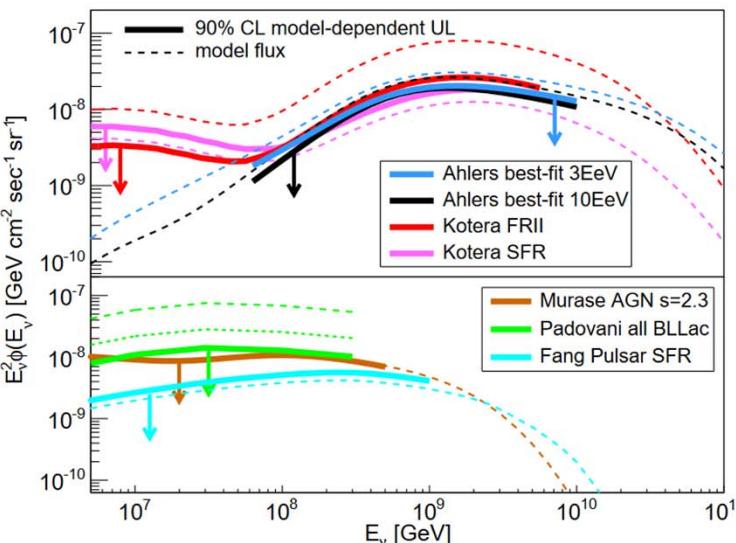
M. G. Aartsen *et al.* (IceCube Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. D **98**, 062003 – Published 12 September 2018



Editors' Suggestion

Constraints on Ultrahigh-Energy Cosmic-Ray Sources from a Search for Neutrinos above 10 PeV with IceCube

M. G. Aartsen *et al.* (IceCube Collaboration)
Phys. Rev. Lett. **117**, 241101 – Published 7 December 2016; Erratum Phys. Rev. Lett. **119**, 259902 (2017)



After 10 yrs: Neutrino Source Searches



About Us Science Collaboration

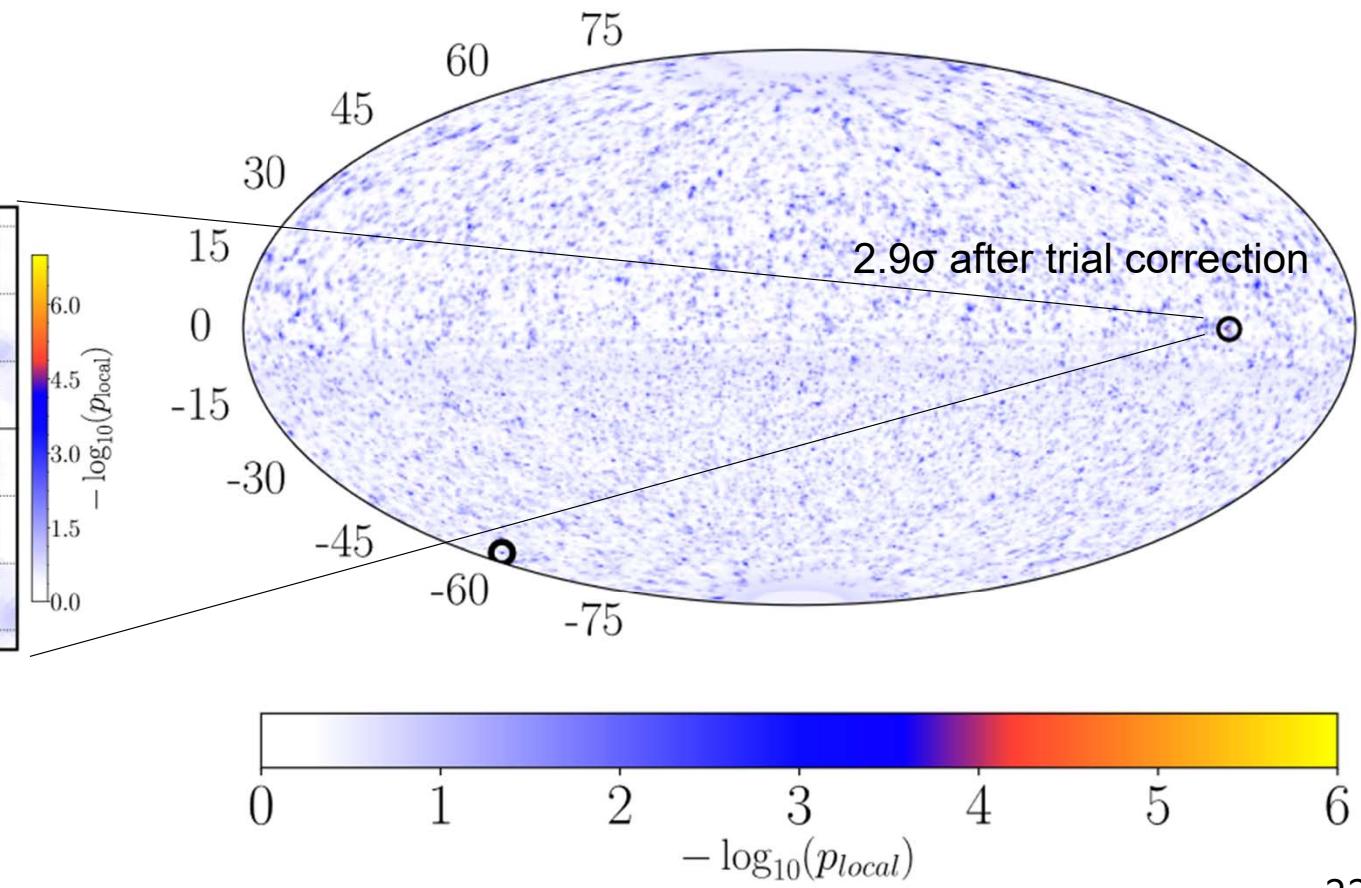
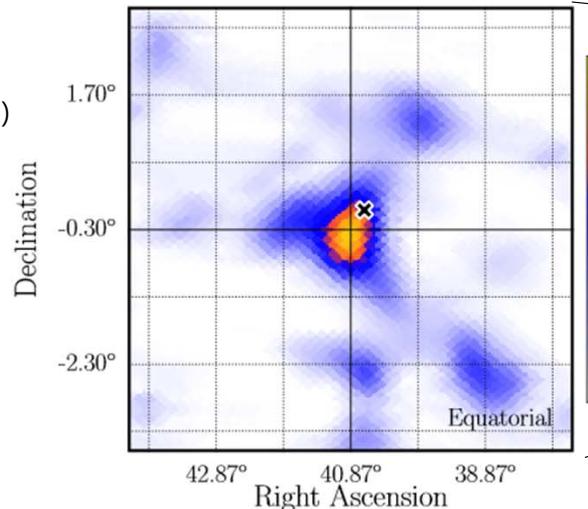
Featured in Physics Editors' Suggestion

Time-Integrated Neutrino Source Searches with 10 Years of IceCube Data

M. G. Aartsen et al.
Phys. Rev. Lett. **124**, 051103 – Published 6 February 2020

Physics See Synopsis: Possible Neutrino Sources Peek out of IceCube Data

x: NGC 1068
(star burst AGN)





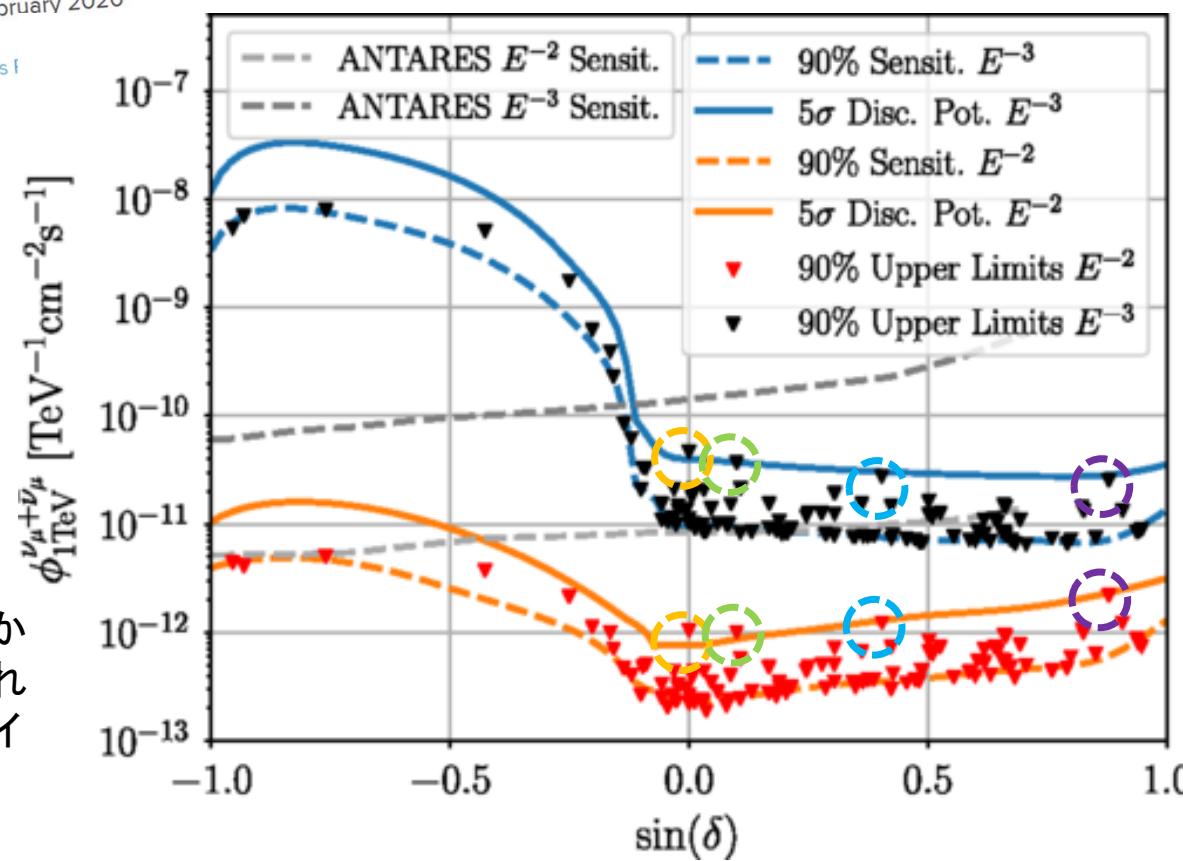
Neutrino Source Searches with 10 years of IceCube Data

Featured in Physics Editors' Suggestion

Time-Integrated Neutrino Source Searches with 10 Years of
IceCube Data

M. G. Aartsen et al.
Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 051103 – Published 6 February 2020

Physics See Synopsis: Possible Neutrino Sources



近くで明るいブレーザーか
ら見え始めているが、それ
が宇宙ニュートリノのメイ
ンの起源天体種ではない

上限値が感度を卓越し有意な
信号が見え始めている天体

NGC 1068
(star burst AGN)

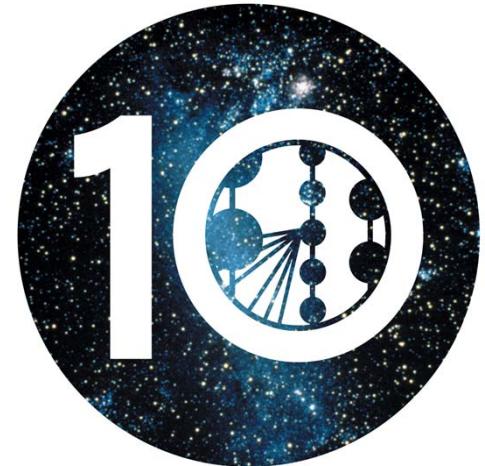
TXS 0506+056
(blazer AGN)

PKS 1424+240
(BL Lac Blazer AGN)

GB6 J1542+6129
(BL Lac Blazer AGN)

A Short Summary of 10 yrs

- 初めての一立方キロメートルニュートリノ検出器の完成！
- 10TeVから10PeVの宇宙ニュートリノ流量
 - 超高エネルギー宇宙線エネルギー密度と近い値
 - 拡散ガンマ線放射エネルギー密度とも近い
- EHE流量上限値からはUHECR陽子起源天体の宇宙進化度に制限が得られている
- Real Timeアラートによる宇宙ニュートリノ起源天体TXS 0506+056(blazer AGN)のマルチメッセンジャー観測
- TXS 0506+056は2014-2015にもニュートリノをバースト的にだしていた
- 時間相関のないニュートリノ放出天体NGC 1068(star burst AGN)が見え始めている
- 他にもデータ量が増えるにつれ有意度が上がっている天体がある
- 高エネルギー素粒子物理への示唆(Glashow共鳴事象、超高エネルギーニュートリノ反応断面積)
- 宇宙論的距離の伝搬によるフレーバー物理(タウニュートリノ事象候補観測)
- 他にも多くのユニークな物理：標準理論を超える物理への制限、WIMP探査、重いダークマター、モノポール探査、…

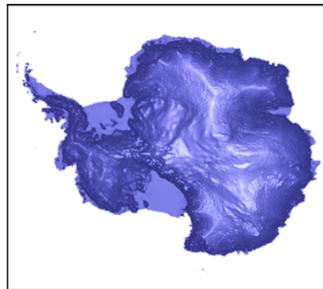


しかし多くの興味深い信号が、10年で数事象レベル、もしくは 3σ レベルの有意度で見え始めているところである！



IceCube-Gen2 検出器

アムンゼンスコット南極点基地



Gen2 Phase1長球型光検出器D-Egg

- ・縦長で掘削費用および時間を大幅に削減

- ・Gen2に向けさらなる改良
 - ・実効感度の向上
 - ・消費電力の低減



IceCubeコントロールルーム

南極点傍に立つ
居住建屋

IceCube-Gen2

IceCube
&
Gen2 Phase1

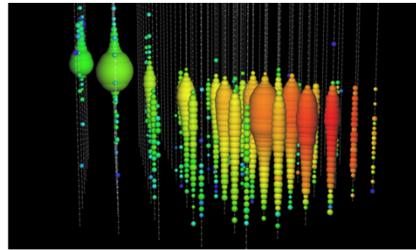
IceCube光検出器DOM



南極動物図鑑

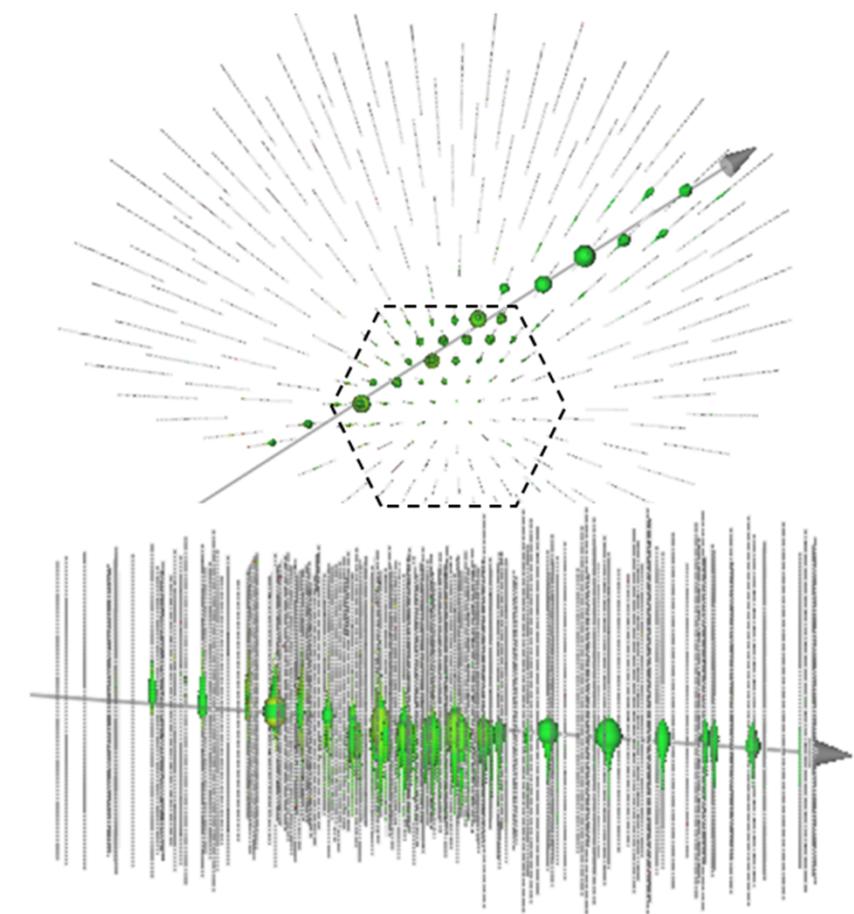
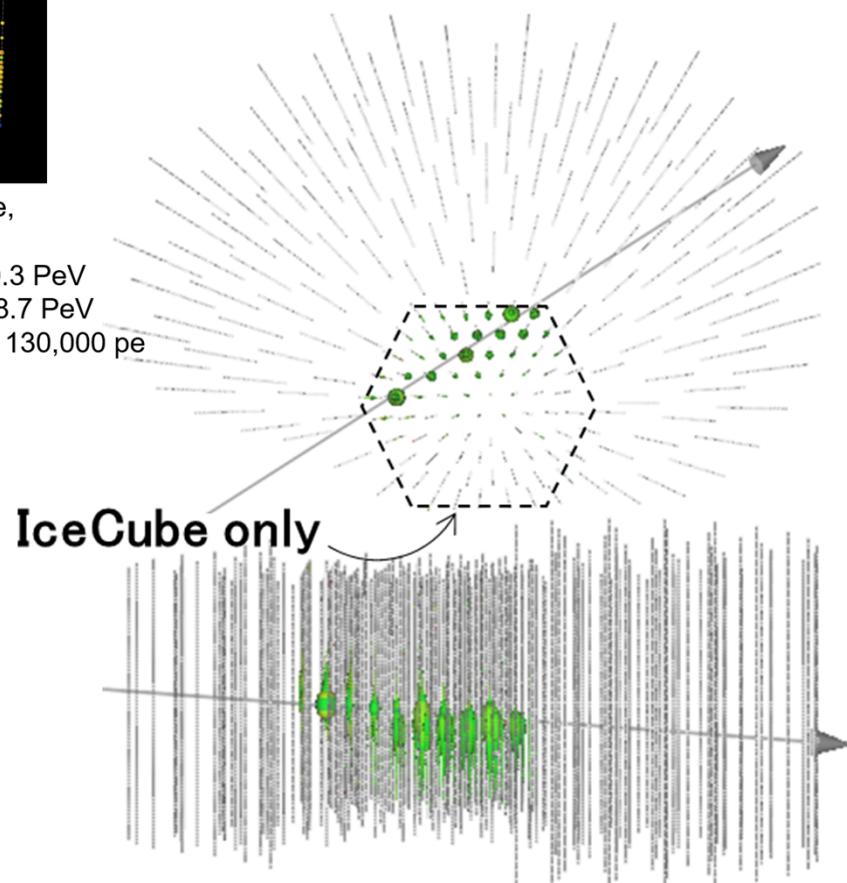


Angular resolution improvement with larger detector

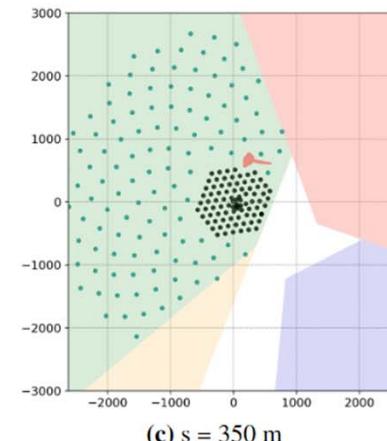
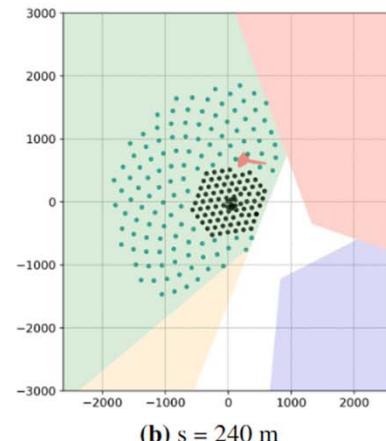
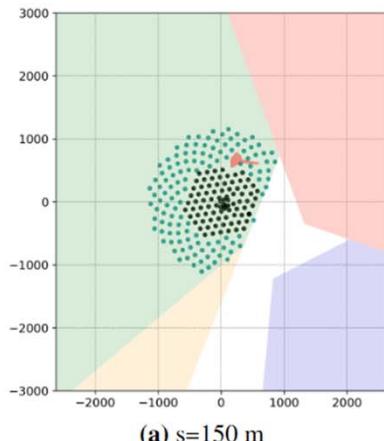


Highest energy event to date,
an upward-going track.

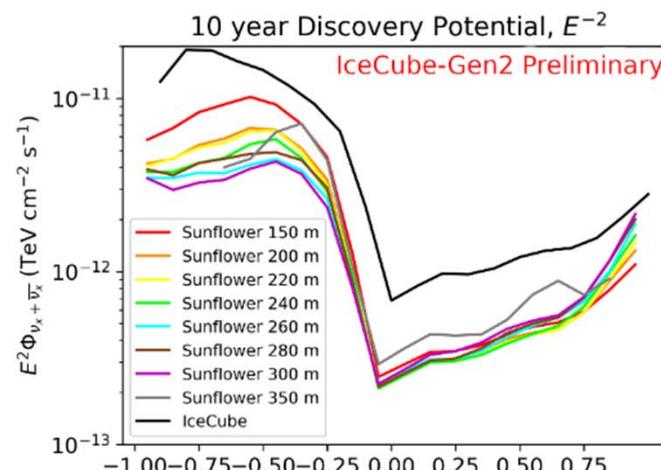
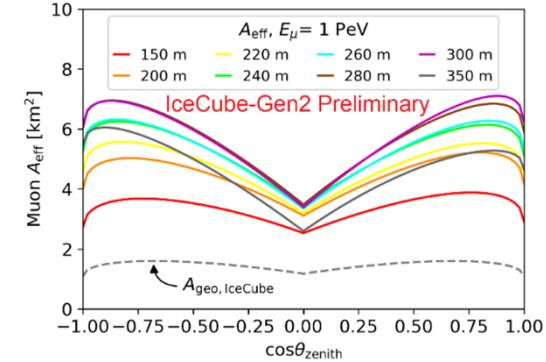
- Deposited energy 2.6 ± 0.3 PeV
- Median neutrino energy 8.7 PeV
- Observed photoelectrons 130,000 pe



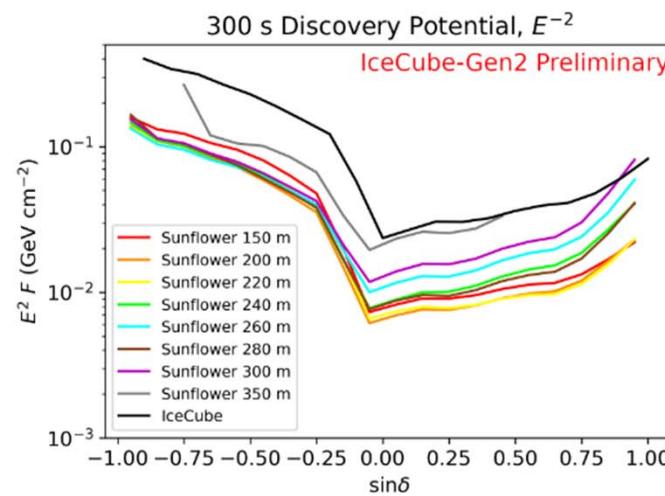
How large Gen2 must be?



…For given number of strings (or cost)

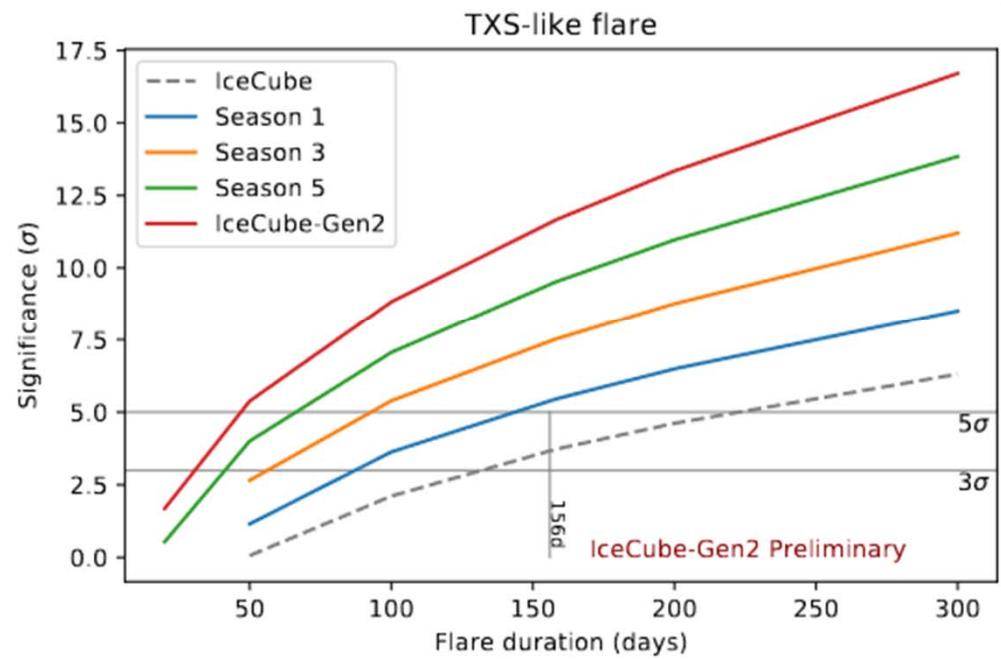
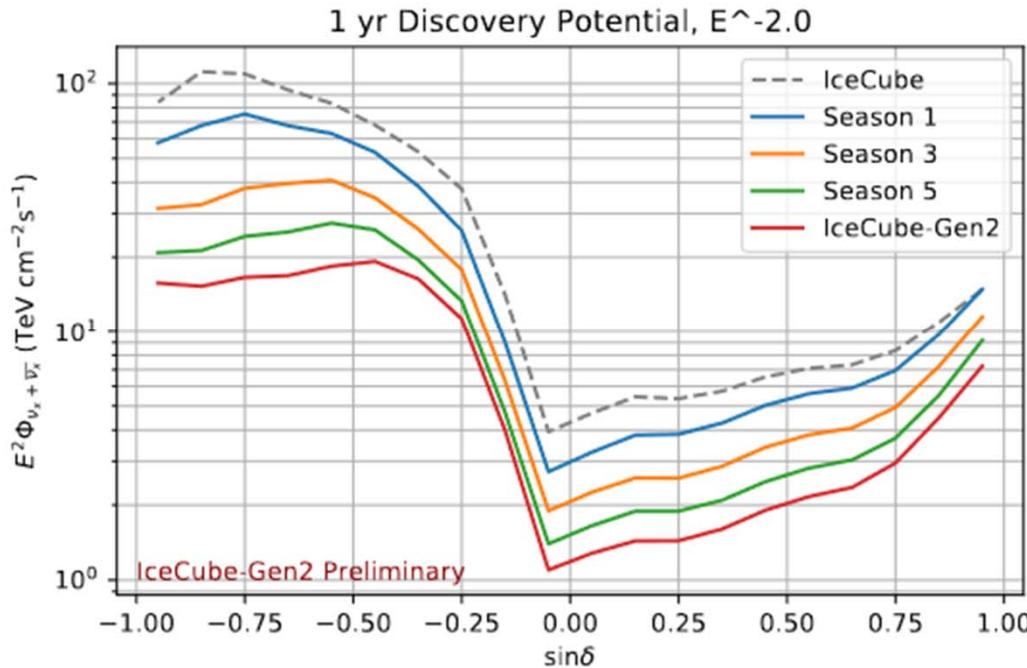


(a) HE cuts set for event selection $>100\text{TeV}$



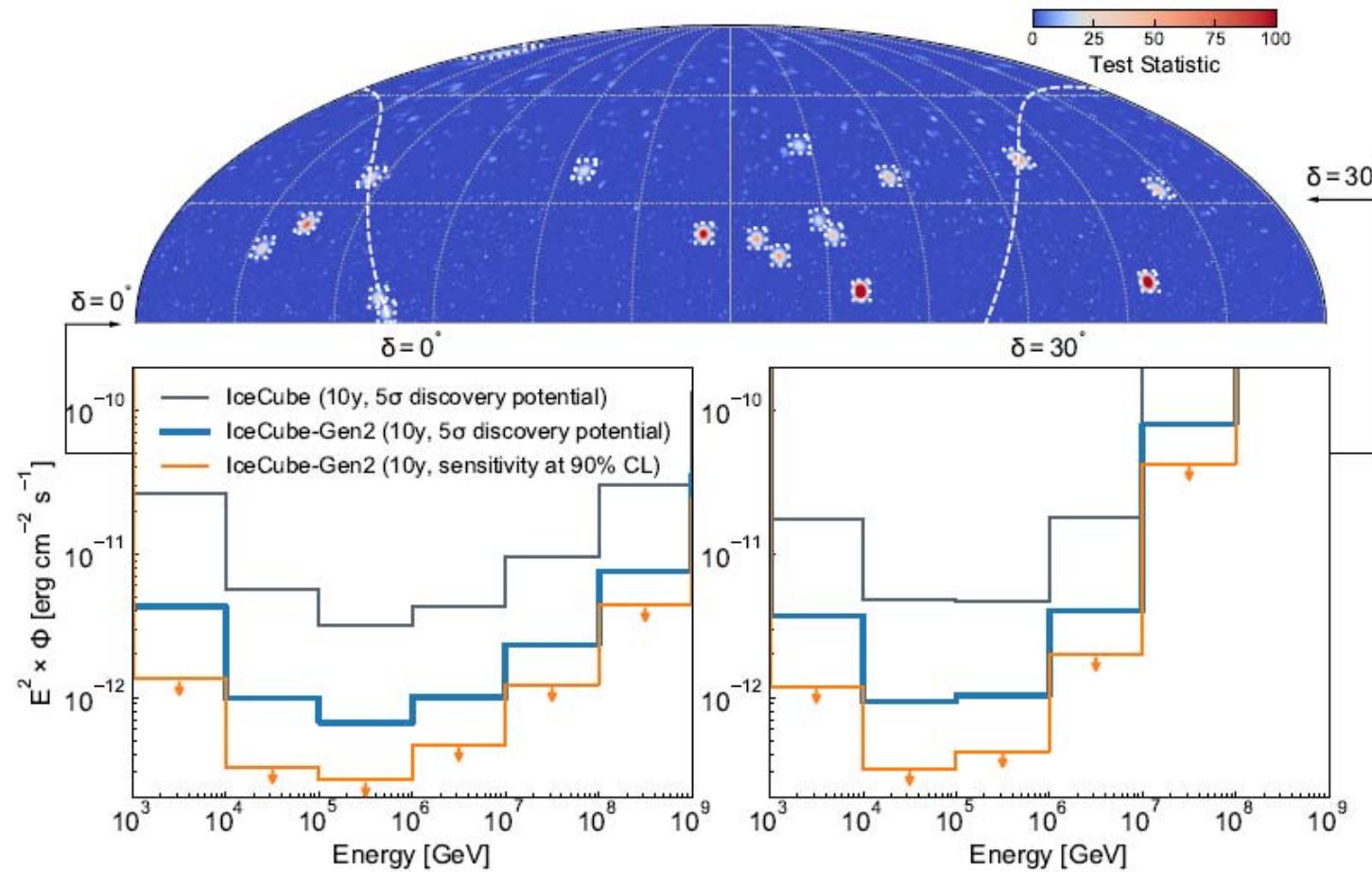
(b) LE cuts set event selection $>50\text{TeV}$

Intermediate sensitivities

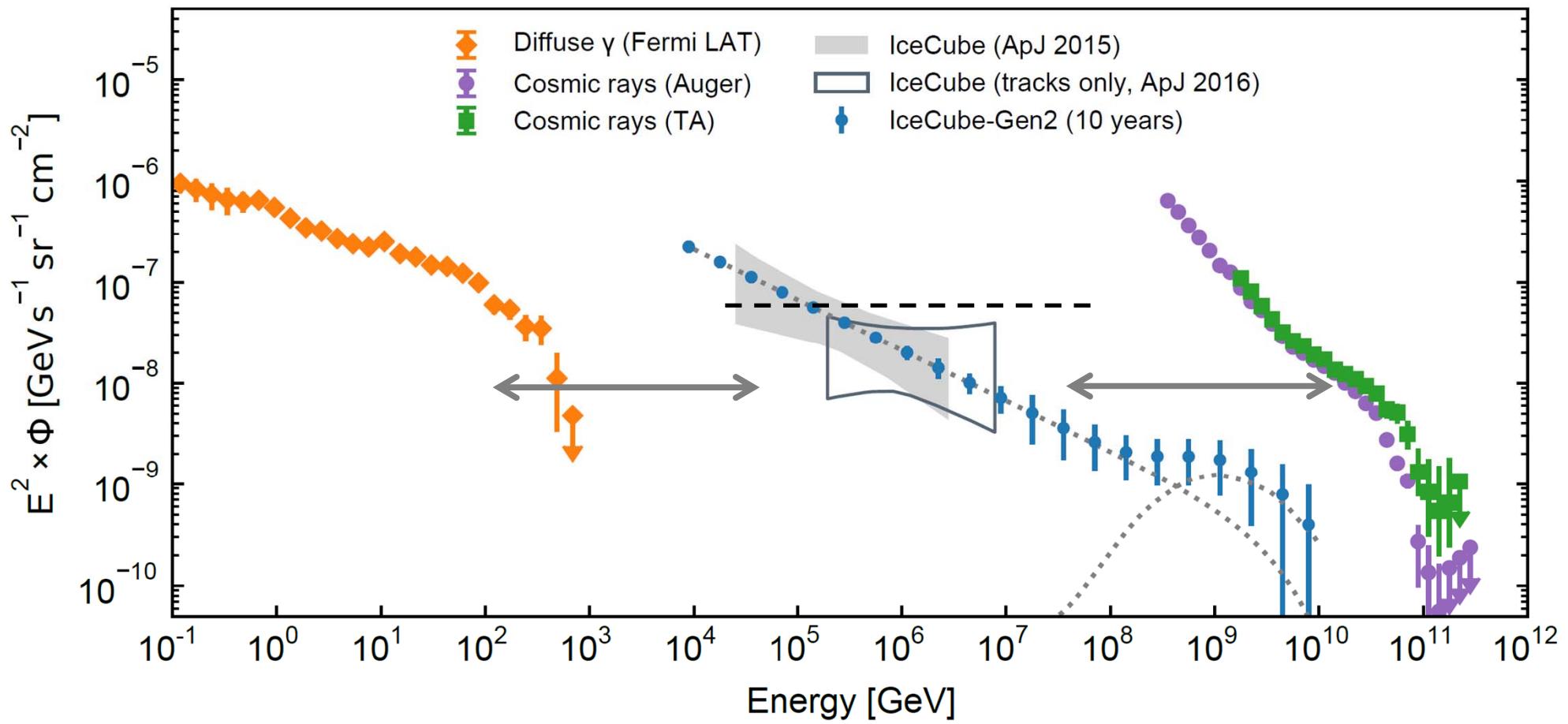


- Full sensitivity and good exposure is required for the detection of dimmer neutrino sources
- However for time-dependent flares such as TXS-like flare, deployment of first year or two, Gen2 becomes large enough to achieve *5 σ level* of observation
 - Partial construction is still valuable for time dependent neutrino emissions!

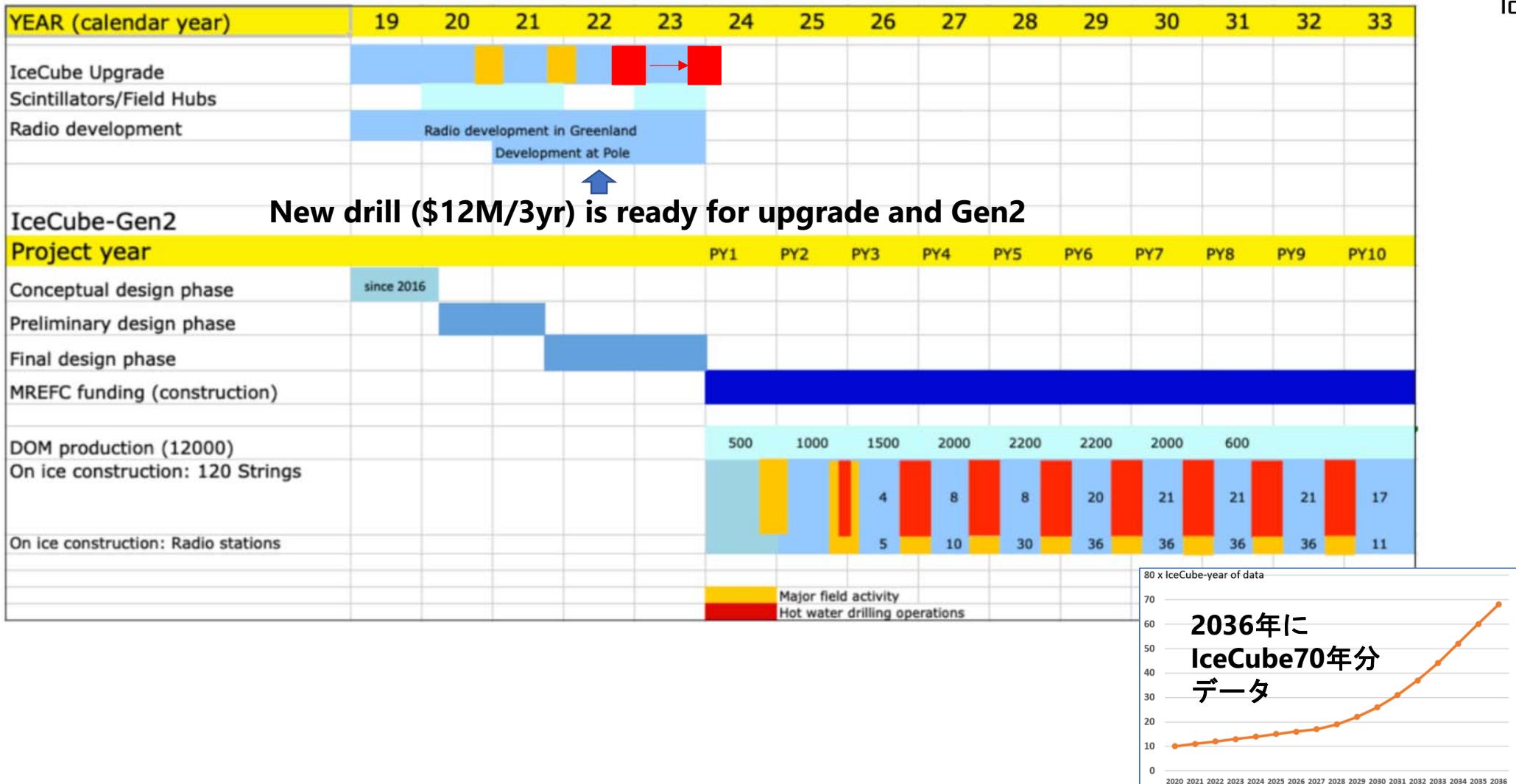
Expectation with more than 5 times better sensitivity



Better link between gamma-ray and UHECR

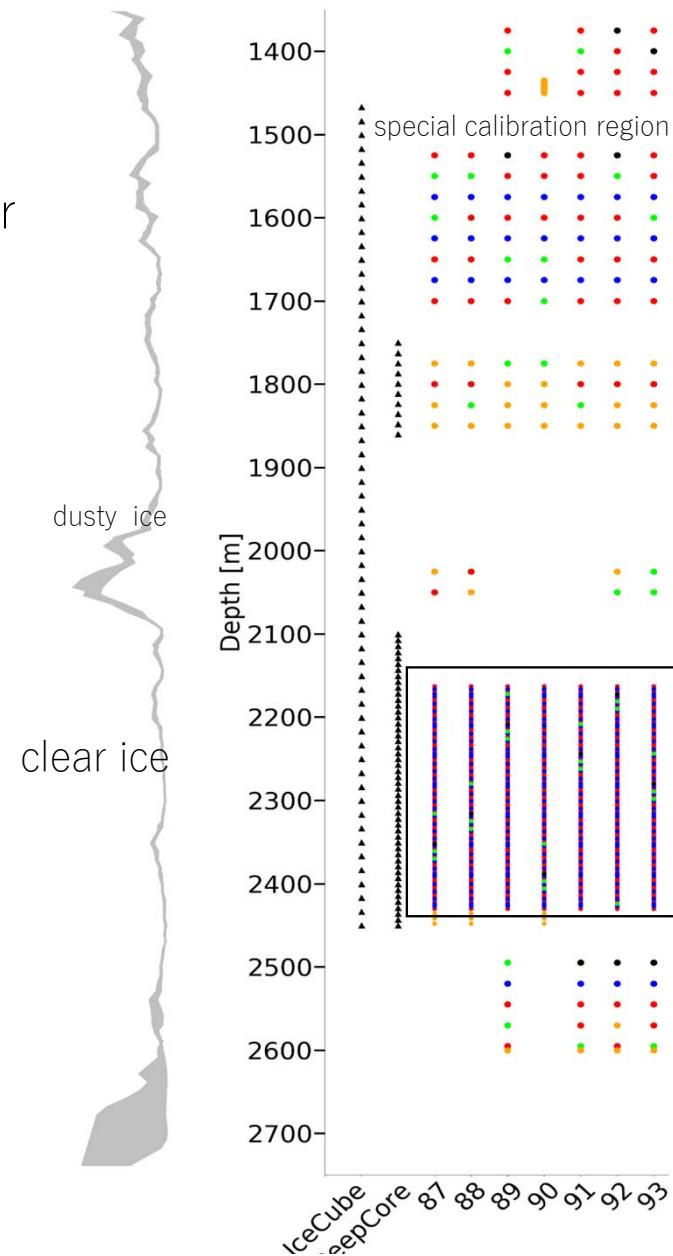
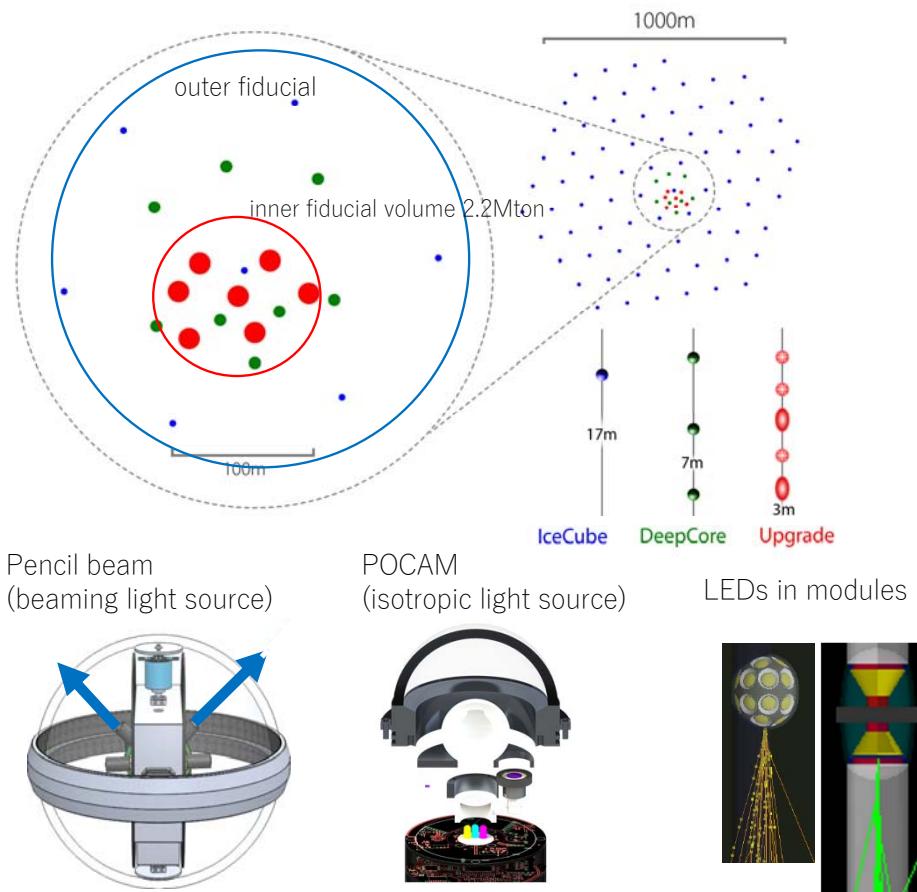


Timeline



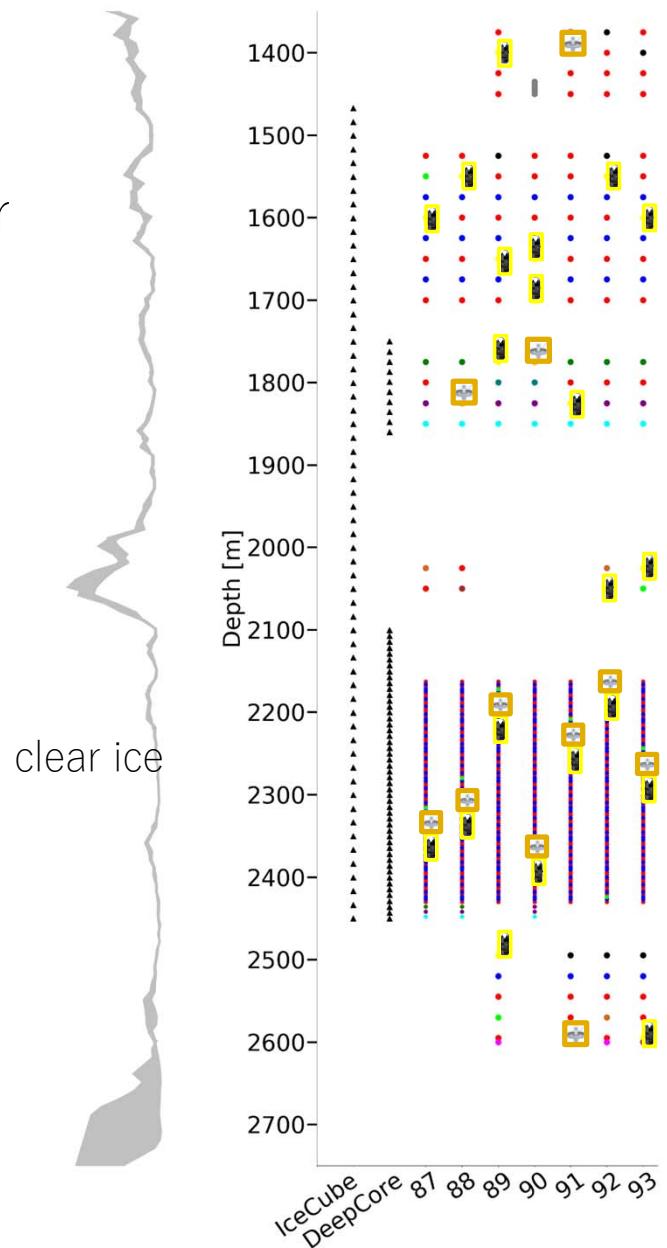
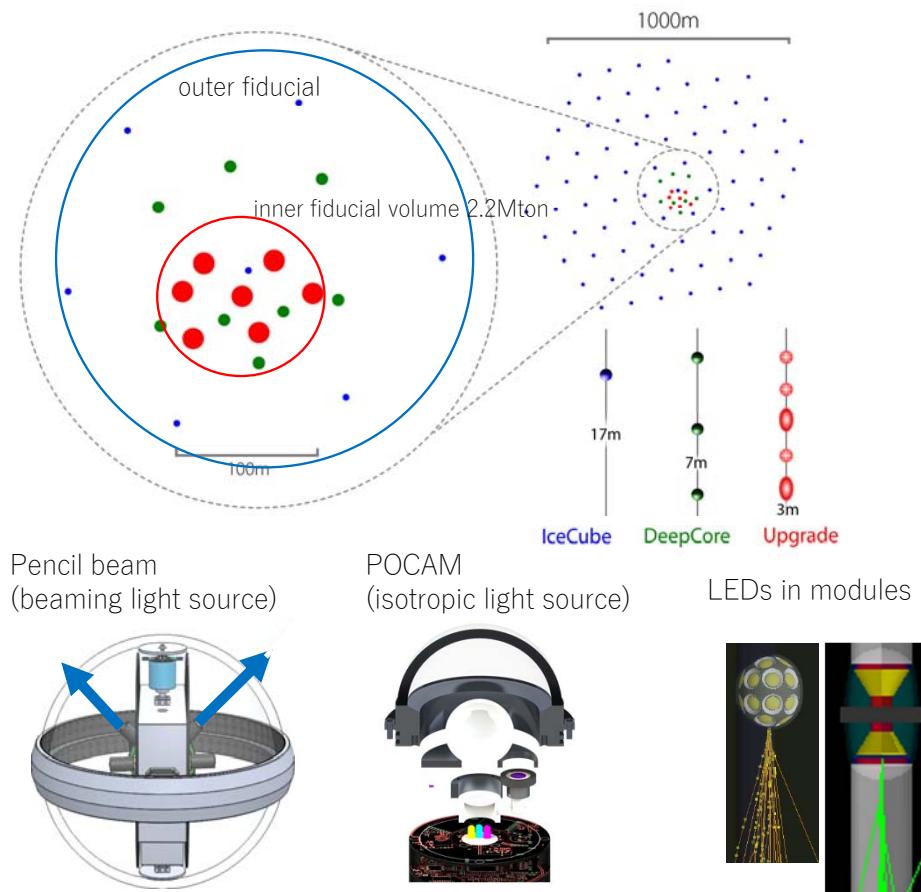
IceCube-Gen2 Phase1

- Calibration of the IceCube and Gen2 detector
- Deep survey for Gen2



IceCube-Gen2 Phase1

- Calibration of the IceCube and Gen2 detector
- Deep survey for Gen2



Information

IceCube-Gen2 Technical paper is upcoming the next!

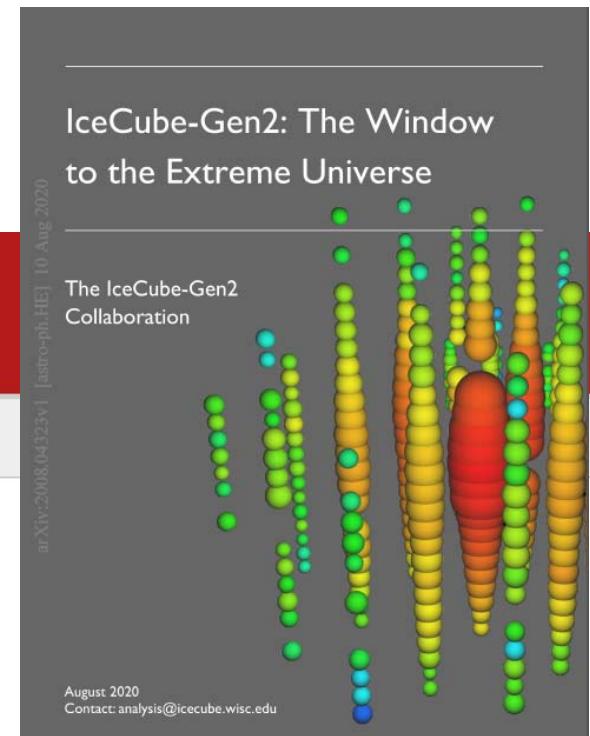
arXiv.org > astro-ph > arXiv:2008.04323

Gen2 White Paper

Astrophysics > High Energy Astrophysical Phenomena

[Submitted on 10 Aug 2020]

IceCube-Gen2: The Window to the Extreme Universe



arXiv.org > astro-ph > arXiv:1911.02561

Astrophysics > High Energy Astrophysical Phenomena

[Submitted on 6 Nov 2019]

Decadal Survey on Astronomy and Astrophysics 2020

Neutrino astronomy with the next generation IceCube Neutrino Observatory

Summary

- 2011年のIceCube検出器はその完成以来、世界唯一の一立方キロメートルニュートリノ望遠鏡として、安定した運転をしている
- 観測においても部分的な検出器の頃より解析をすすめ、宇宙線起源に重要な制限を与え、世界初となる高エネルギー宇宙ニュートリノの観測を行っている
- 拡散宇宙ニュートリノのエネルギー分布、 3σ レベルのニュートリノ起源天体の同定が2天体、"面白い"事象、GR事象やタウニュートリノ事象など、が10年で1-2事象見つかっている(PeVを超える事象頻度は2年に一度)
- 10年分のデータはすでにパブリックになっている
- 角度分解能、検出率を高め、観測の高性能化を可能とするIceCuge-Gen2計画を進めている。
- 粒子シャワー事象の有効検出体積が約8倍、トラック事象の有効検出体積が約5倍。宇宙ニュートリノ事象やさらに稀な事象の観測頻度は検出体積増える
- さらに、体積の拡大からのトラック事象の角度分解能の向上が期待。ニュートリノ起源天体の同定で約5倍の感度向上
- 2023年にIceCube-Gen2 Phase-1の建設が行われる。2025年からのIceCube-Gen2 メイン配列の建設にむけた準備をすすめている

 AUSTRALIA
University of Adelaide

 BELGIUM
Université libre de Bruxelles
Universiteit Gent
Vrije Universiteit Brussel

 CANADA
SNOLAB
University of Alberta-Edmonton

 DENMARK
University of Copenhagen

 GERMANY
Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron
ECAP, Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg
Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin
Karlsruhe Institute of Technology
Ruhr-Universität Bochum
RWTH Aachen University
Technische Universität Dortmund
Technische Universität München
Universität Mainz
Universität Wuppertal
Westfälische Wilhelms-Universität
Münster

THE ICECUBE COLLABORATION

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Chiba University

 NEW ZEALAND
University of Canterbury

 REPUBLIC OF KOREA
Sungkyunkwan University

 SWEDEN
Stockholms universitet
Uppsala universitet

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University of Texas at Arlington
University of Wisconsin-Madison
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Yale University

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Fonds Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek-Vlaanderen
(FWO-Vlaanderen)

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The Swedish Research Council (VR)
University of Wisconsin Alumni Research Foundation (WARF)
US National Science Foundation (NSF)



icecube.wisc.edu



Backup

Gen2 Optical Module

Gen2 Phase-1

24 ch x 3" PMT



2ch x 8" PMT



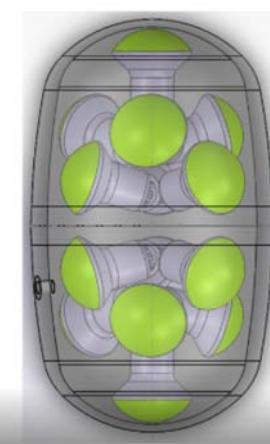
+

dia 36cm

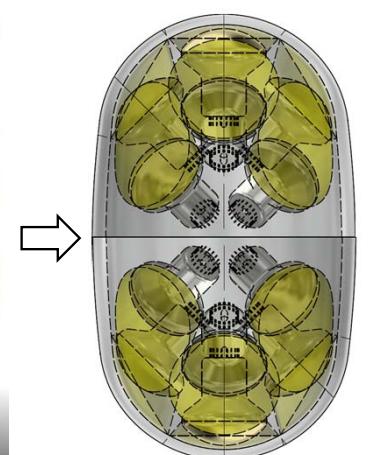
dia 30cm



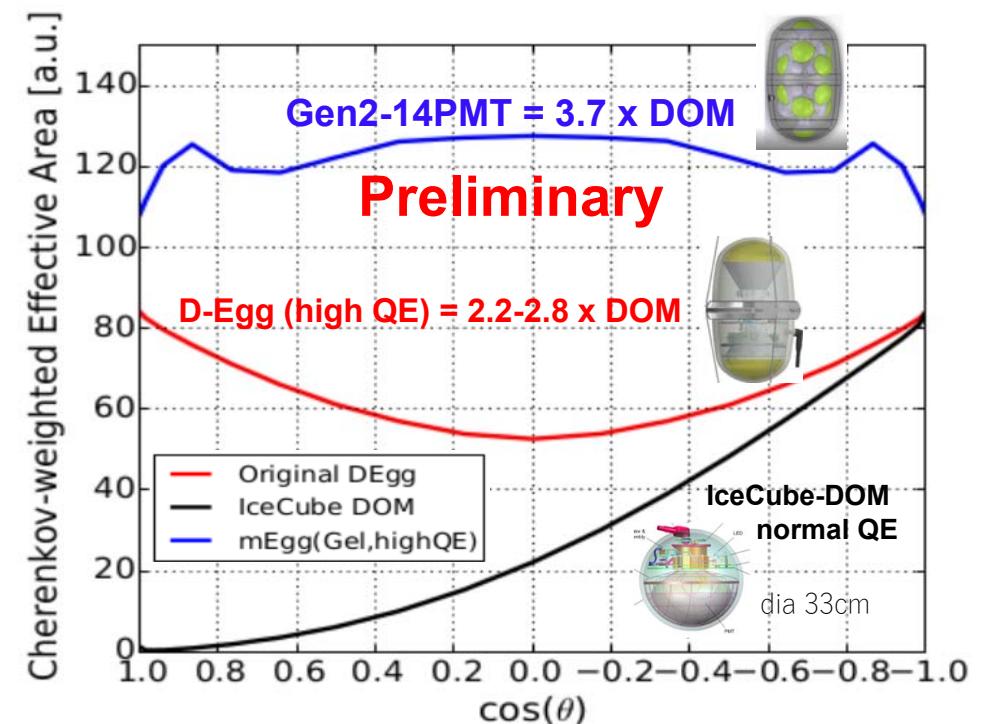
dia 30cm
14ch x 4" PMT



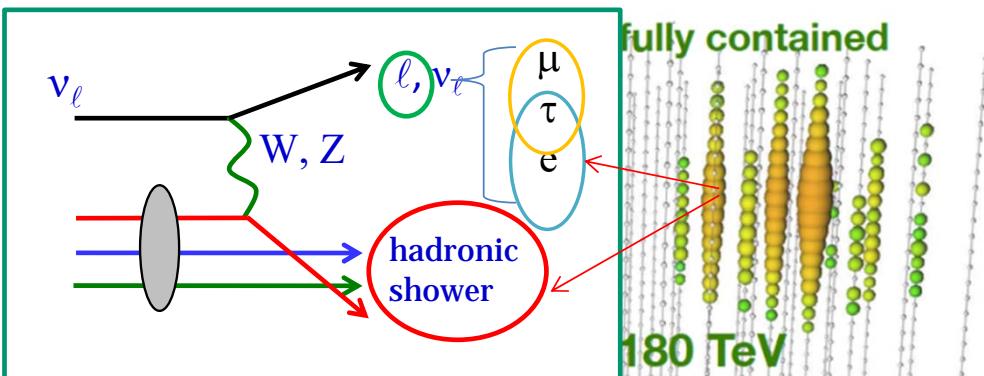
dia 31.8cm
18ch x 4" PMT



GEANT4 calculation of preliminary Gen2 OM sensitivity



Additional Improvements with Cascade Events



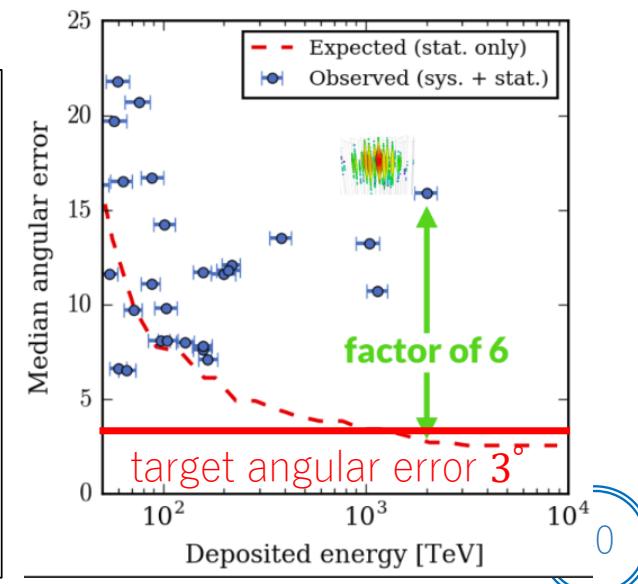
Cascade channel is complementary to upward muon track channel

- Good energy resolution of ~10%
- Sensitive to full sky
- Less atmospheric neutrino background
 - lower energy threshold (10TeV – 100TeV)
- Cascade event rates proportional to volume
⇒ a factor of 8 in Gen2

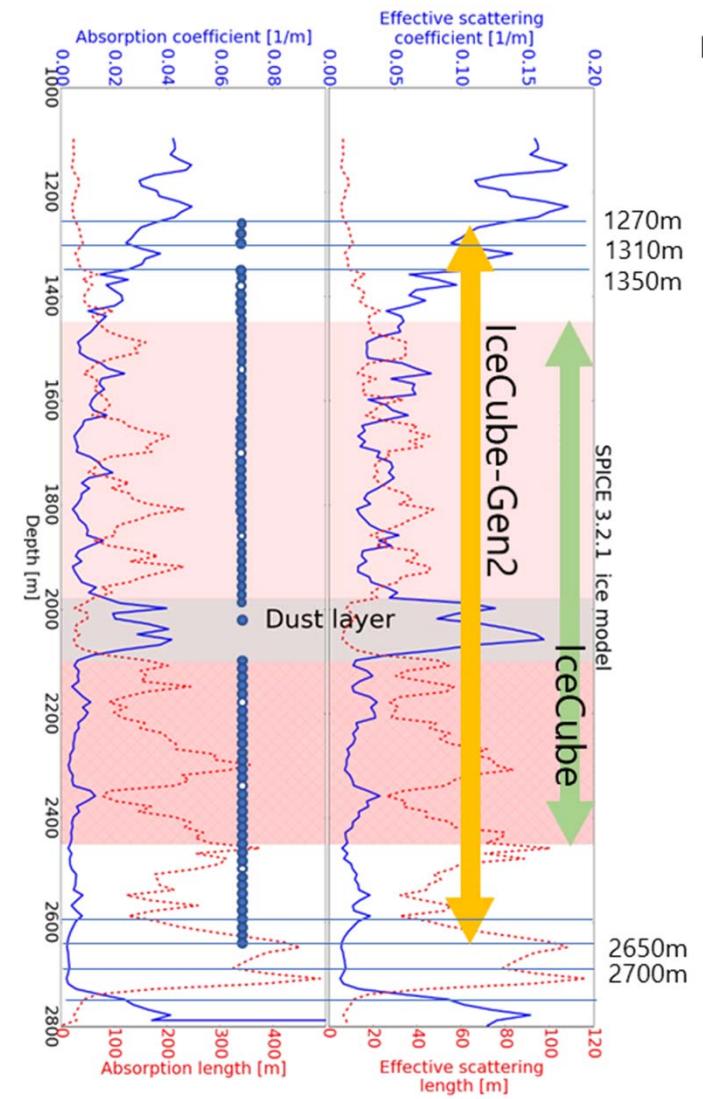
However, currently directional resolution is $\sim 10^\circ$ dominated by uncertainty associated with optical properties of ice

- Improvements on the reconstruction of cascade *prior to Gen2* construction give us significant benefit
- Reduce ice induced systematics with 800 densely (3m) instrumented optical modules

👉 Calibration of ice with Gen2-Phase1



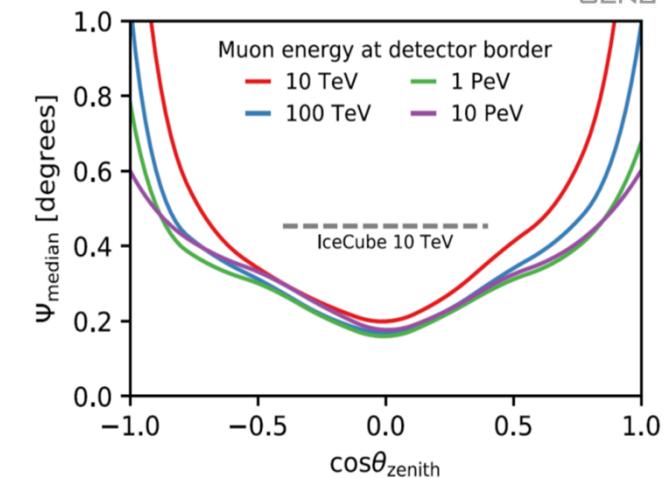
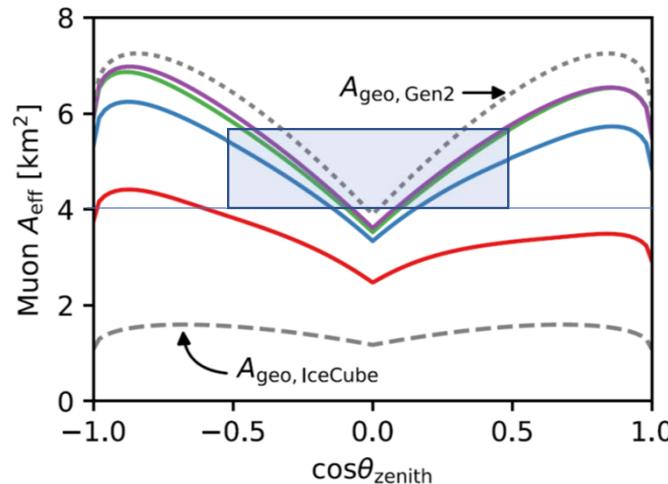
an example – less dust layer
+ more shallow option



Design Principle



- $\propto \text{sqrt}(x)$: Livetime, Detector size
- $\propto 1/x$: Angular resolution
- Signal selection efficiency
- BG rejection efficiency



- **Detector effective muon area** — $\times 4 \sim 5$ (horizontal)
- **Angular resolution** — $\times \sim 0.45$ (horizontal)
- improvement with new optical sensors
- improvement with new calibration

default factor gives a factor of 5 better sensitivity

↓

Additional improvements

HESE 7.5yrs

