



# PeV Explorer 計画 R & D (6)

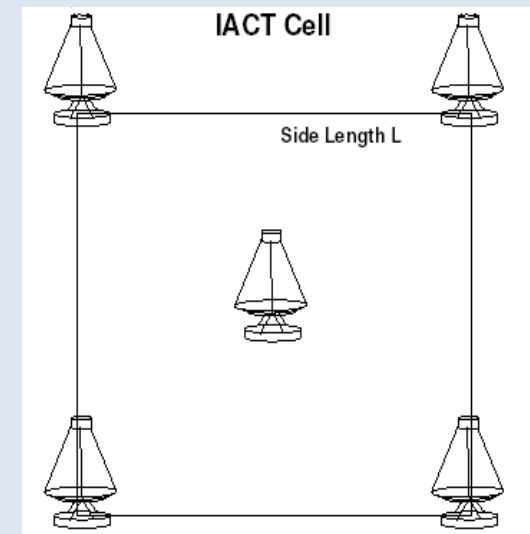
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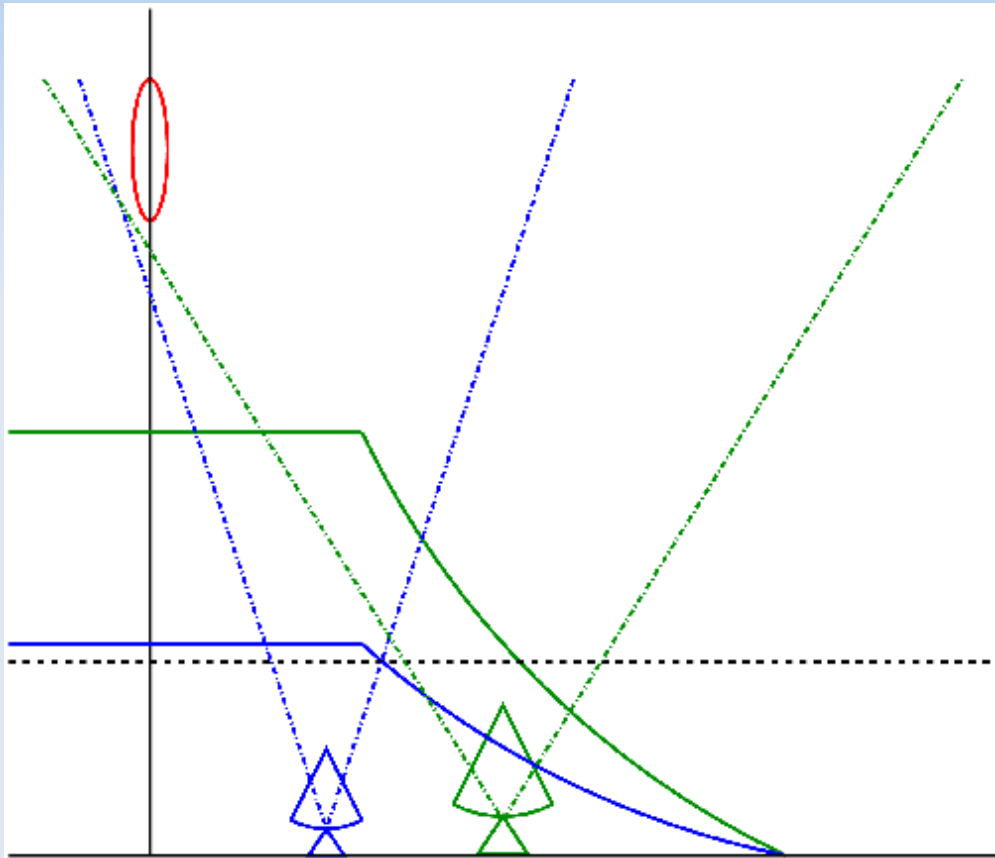
2012 年 9 月 13 日 @ 日本物理学会 2012 年秋季大会 (京産大)

# PeV Explorer (PeX)

- TenTen Project
  - Effective area of **10 km<sup>2</sup>** at energies **> 10 TeV**
  - Stereoscopic array of 30–50 telescopes
- PeX: one cell of TenTen
  - Cost-effective design:
    - Inter-telescope spacing  $> 300$  m
    - Mirror diameter 3–5 m
    - Field of view  $\sim 8^\circ$
  - Long exposure (several 100 hr)  $\rightarrow$  key science
    - Origin of Galactic cosmic rays up to the “knee”, etc.



# PeX Concept



Plyasheshnikov et al. (2000)

- Cherenkov plateau
  - Radius  $\sim 150$  m
- Cherenkov tail observable with larger aperture (or at high E)
  - Expand effective area
- Wider FoV necessary
- Effective area is a function of:
  - Aperture, span, FoV

# Expansion Plan

- “Mobile Telescope Array”
  - Reduce the risk in array optimization
  - Telescopes independent of power line needed

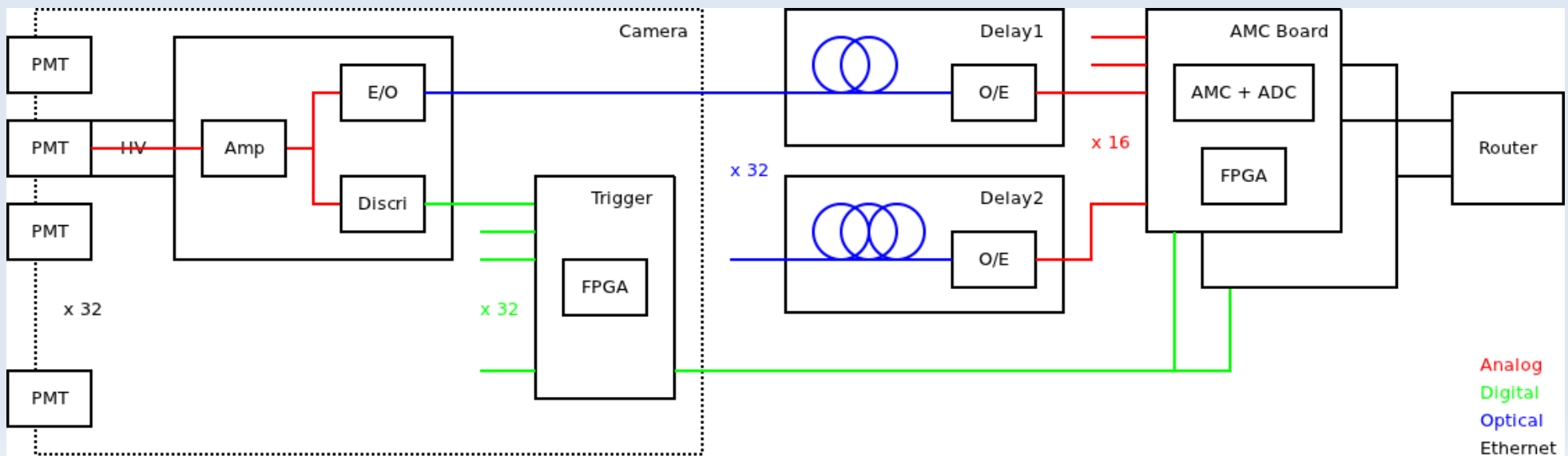


# R & D

- Low power consumption system & high capacity battery
  - Make telescopes independent of the power line
  - Analog Memory Cell (AMC) ASIC
  - Compact analog delays
- Simulation study
  - Cherenkov image time gradient, etc.
- Test observations at Akeno
  - Reuse a secondhand Cherenkov telescope

# R & D System Plan

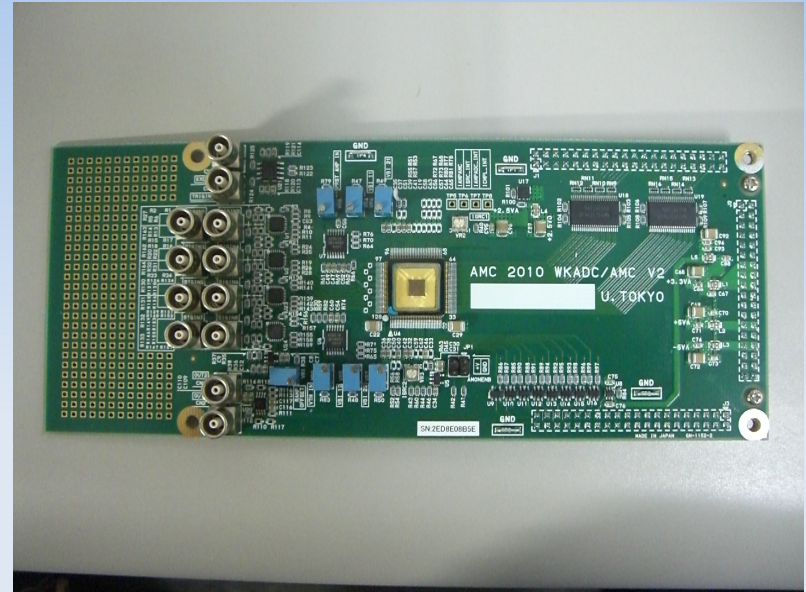
- 32 pixel (PMT) camera (FoV ~ 3°)
  - Hamamatsu R11265-100 (SBA photocathode)
- AMC ASIC with Wilkinson ADCs incorporated (OpenIt)
  - 1 GS/s, analog bandwidth > 200 MHz
  - Minimize sampling depth / pixel (64 ns)
  - Utilize differential optical delays
- FPGA trigger board just behind the camera
  - Simple trigger logic (adjacent 2)





# Status

- AMC boards
  - 4 boards made and being tested
- E/O and O/E
  - Under production
- Akeno atmospheric Cherenkov telescope
  - All (18) mirrors recoated at OAO (NAOJ)
    - → 大石講演
  - PC control system
    - Spec. Fixed
    - Software under development



# Consideration of Background Light

- Night Sky Background (NSB) light
  - Airglow, zodiacal light, dark stars
  - Almost uniform in the FoV
  - Trigger level must be determined so that the accidental rate is not too high
- Starlight
  - Localize in some pixels
  - Bad effects to PMTs
  - $\zeta$ -Tau ( $m_v = 3.0$ ) in the FoV in Crab observations



# Night Sky Background (NSB)

- Photon flux of NSB light (Jelley 1958):

$$\frac{d^3N}{dSdt d\Omega} = 9.6 \times 10^7 \text{ photons cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1} \text{ sr}^{-1}$$

- Photoelectron rate per pixel:

$$\frac{dN}{dt} = 8.8 \times 10^7 \left( \frac{S}{5.7 \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2} \right) \left( \frac{\epsilon_r}{0.9} \right) \left( \frac{\theta}{0.44^\circ} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\epsilon_q}{0.3} \right) \text{ photoelectrons s}^{-1}$$

- Integration within a pulse width

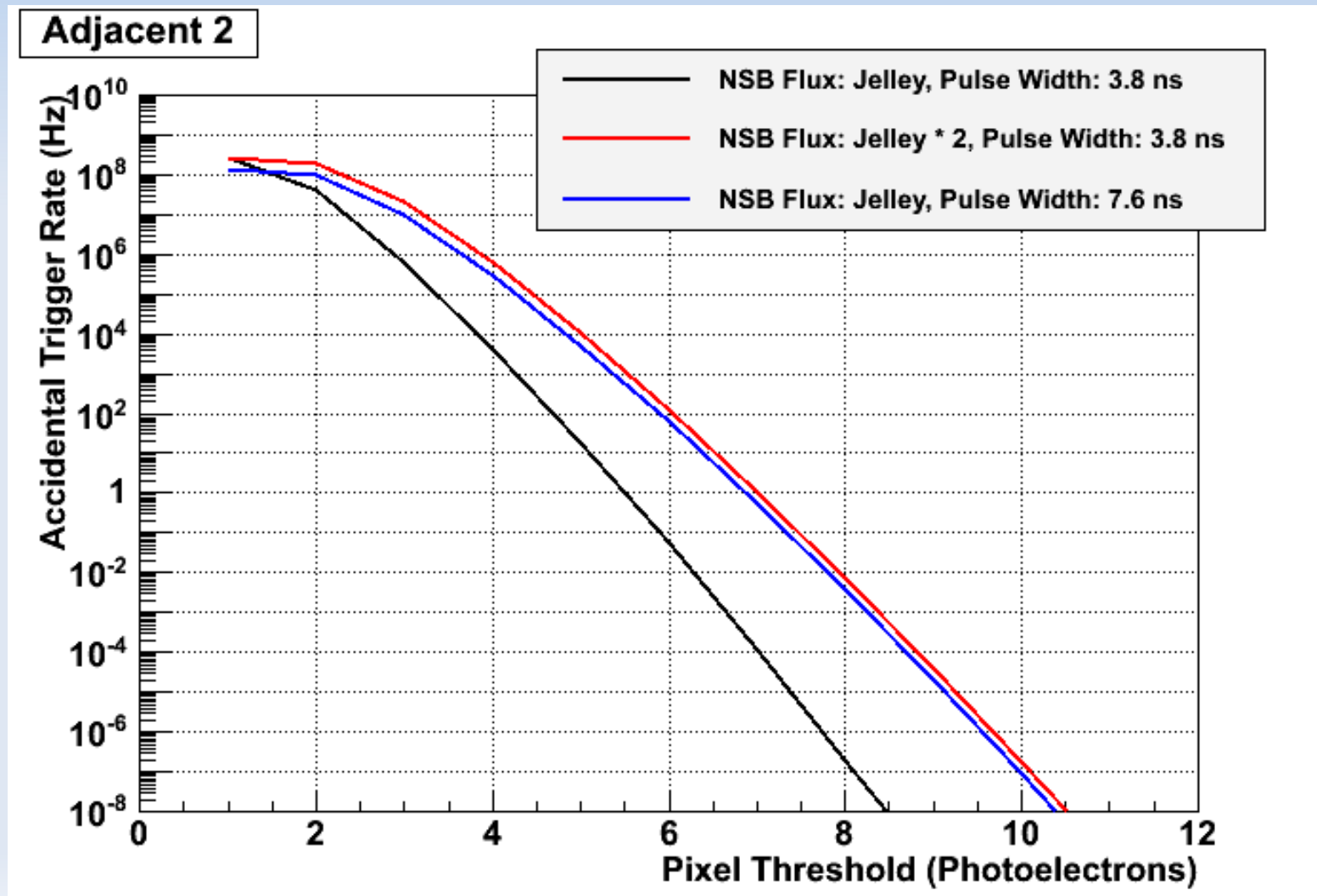
- 3.8 ns (measured)  $\rightarrow$  0.33 p.e.

- Pixel hit rate

- Compare Poisson fluctuation with pixel thresholds
- 1 s / 3.8 ns = 0.26 G trials per second

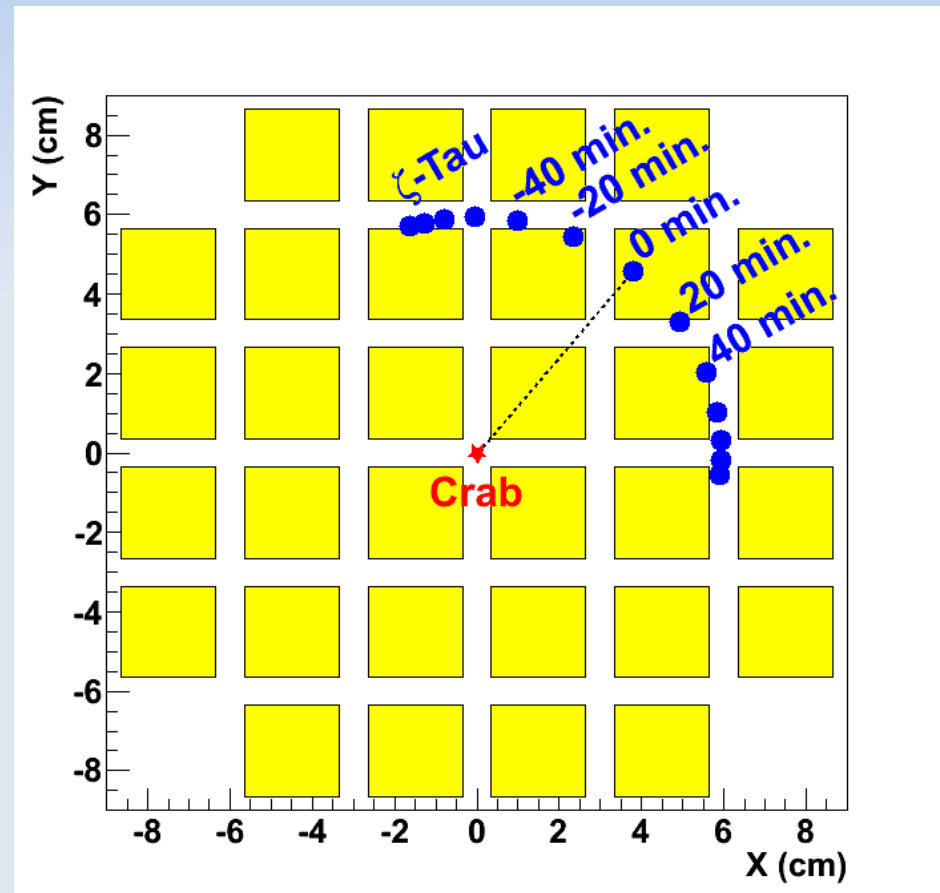
# Expected Accidental Trigger Rate (NSB)

- Pattern trigger: adjacent 2 (32 pixels)



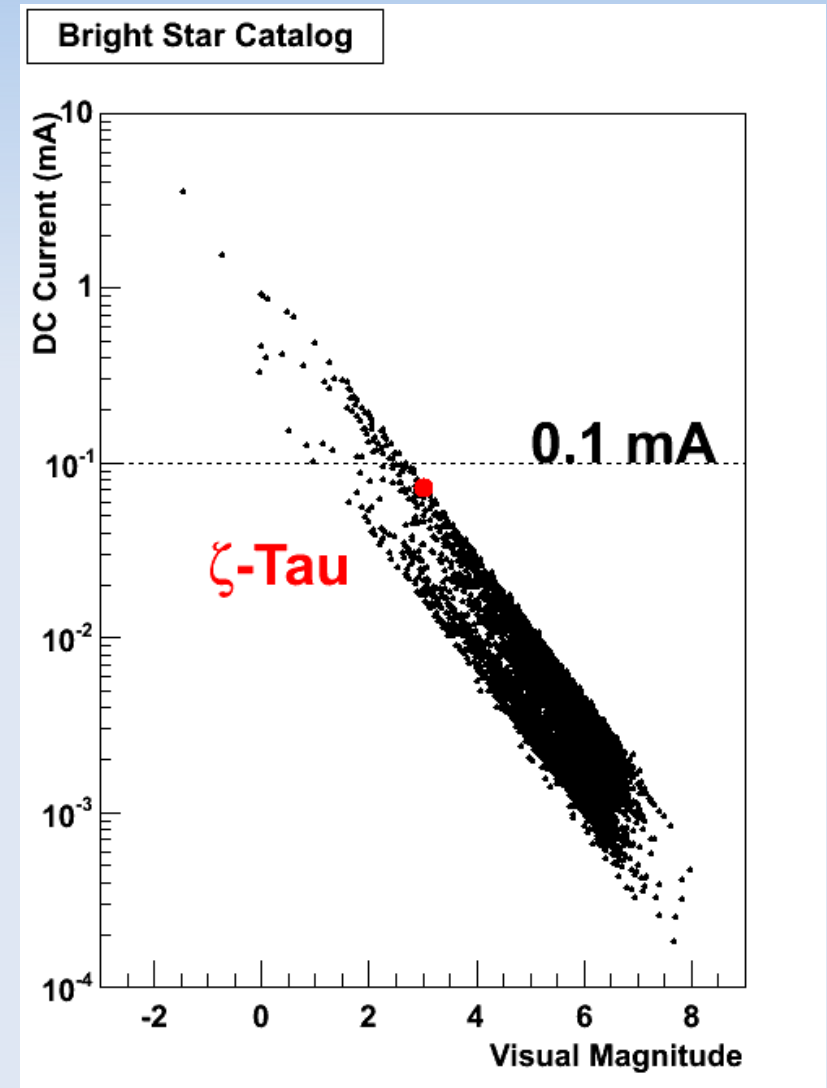
# Effect of Bright Stars

- No HV control system
  - HV **not** turned off when a bright star is within the pixel
- Problem in linearity?
  - Max. average anode current: 0.1 mA
- Crab observations
  - $\zeta$ -Tau ( $m_v = 3.0$ ) in the FoV



# PMT Currents Due to Bright Stars

- Stars from the Bright Star Catalog
- Calculation considering:
  - Starlight: blackbody radiation
    - $T_{\text{eff}}$  obtained from  $B - V$
  - Atmospheric transmissivity
  - Mirror reflectivity: 90 %
  - 100 % contained in a photocathode
  - SBA quantum efficiency
  - PMT gain:  $2 \times 10^5$
- $\zeta$ -Tau is acceptable
  - But the noise level should be checked in real observations





# Summary

- PeV Explorer (PeX) aims to explore:
  - Origin of Galactic cosmic rays up to the “knee”
  - Astrophysics at energies  $> 10$  TeV
- R & D for PeX
  - Production of the system ongoing
  - Effects of background light considered
- Akeno atmospheric Cherenkov telescope
  - Usable for various R & D
  - Test observations with the developed system